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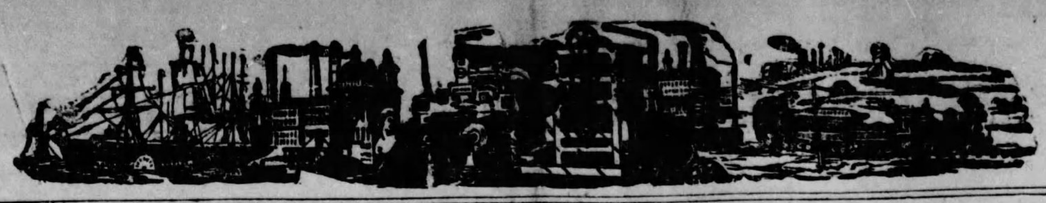
The Bee.



The Senate has Agreed Upon a Redistricting Bill.

Lucas is in a whoop-'em-up republican district;
Denny Donovan is all right;
Wood and Fulton are not in it.
But—read all the news in the Bee.

VOL XVI. NO. 236. TOLEDO, OHIO, THURSDAY EVENING, FEBRUARY 4, 1892. LAST EDITION. TWO CENTS.

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And bring it with you, and we will allow you a cash rebate of 10 per cent. during the month of February on any purchase you may make at our Parlors. This is no ordinary discount either, when you figure that you get Merchant Tailor Made Clothing at just ONE-HALF the original measured price,

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An additional discount of 10 per cent.: why it is virtually buying the goods at 40 cents on the dollar. We still have an elegant variety to select from, consisting of goods made by the finest merchant tailors in the land. Now if you don't need any thing just now, it will pay you to buy

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We have them in all desirable styles, and being manufacturers we can furnish anything you may want from special designs.

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510—Summit St.—512.

IN THE BEE TO-DAY

WEATHER.

U. S. Department of Agriculture, Weather Bureau,
Toledo, O., 8 a. m., Feb. 4, 1892.

The local forecast for to-day is cloudy, with flurries of snow, slight change in temperature.

For Friday—About stationary temperature, cloudy in the afternoon, rain in the evening with higher temperature.

Generally cloudy weather with rain or snow prevails throughout the country except in the south and northwest. The temperature is quite uniform except in the northwest, where it is getting colder; this cold, however, will not reach us soon, as the storm which developed this morning in Kansas will intervene with its warmer southerly wind and rain. Rain is now falling in Nebraska, Kansas, Arkansas, and the Indian territory and will probably fall here Friday evening. Snow is falling in the lake region and will continue to fall at intervals during the remainder of the week.

The lowest temperature this morning was zero at Ft. Buford, Dak. The highest was 58 degrees at Galveston.

The highest in Toledo yesterday was 36 degrees; the lowest this morning was 31 degrees. Total snowfall yesterday, trace.

Stations.	Wind.	Tem.	Vel.
Buffalo, cloudy	W	24	8
Cleveland, snow	NW	30	6
Toledo, cloudy	N	32	6
St. Louis, fair	E	38	8
Kansas City, rain	E	32	6
Indianapolis, clear	SW	34	lt
Des Moines, fair	calm	28	..
Chicago, cloudy	S	32	10
St. Paul, cloudy	N	30	lt
North Platte, snow	NE	26	18
Bismarck, clear	NW	6	6
Moorhead, cloudy	W	22	lt
Minnedosa, missing.			
Alpena, clear	W	12	lt
Sault Ste Marie, cloudy	SE	6	lt

Geo. H. Hagen, Observer.

LOCAL.

St. Hedwig's new church.
Personal and social mention.
Last night's entertainments.
Witness fees awaiting callers.
Postoffice business for January.
O. Y. C. controversy settled up.
Corporation elections going on.
Big sale of Toledo bank stock.
With Toledo clubs and societies.
Police board's session last night.
Jack Kerwin goes back to the works.
An immense enterprise to be engaged in by the Woolsons.
Booth to be general freight agent of the W. & L. E.; other railroad news.

UNITED STATES.

Waco Hampton killed.
Territories pleading for statehood.
Sherman on the Brice resolutions.
Tariff resolutions to flood the house.
The gerrymander bill before the senate.
Mystery of the Waterbury kidnaping explained.
Jealous New York lover murders his sweetheart.
Pittsburg police think Fitzsimmons is none other than Tascott.

FOREIGN.

Work on the wrecked Eider.
English spies sentenced in Paris.

WACO HAMPTON KILLED.

The Boy Outlaw Brought Down by Bullets.

He Made a Desperate Fight to the Last.

Sentenced for Homicide at Fourteen, He Escaped Jail and Headed a Band of Horsethieves and Desperadoes.

Tahlequah, I. T., Feb. 4.—The body of Waco Hampton, a 16-year-old Cherokee desperado, was brought in by a United State marshal from Going Snake District, this nation, where he met his fate.

The body presents a ghastly appearance, showing several bullet holes on legs and breast, and is also marked by many gunshot wounds of previous encounters with the United States officers.

The handsome, innocent countenance of the youth impresses one that there might have been a chance for an intelligent and manly career had his associates been of a law-abiding and elevating class.

From infancy the boy had been taught to regard firearms as a means of adjusting all matters, and to be termed "a bad man" and a crack shot was the height of his ambition. His career is certanly one of the darkest yet recorded in this territory.

When but 14 years old he was implicated in as cold-blooded a murder as was ever perpetrated in the Indian territory, the killing of the man Shannon, three years ago, for which he was sent, with his father, another desperado, to Detroit, Mich., to serve a term of eight years.

Soon afterwards he escaped, and has been at large ever since. He was also the leader in the killing of United States Detective and United States Marshal Poorboy several months ago near this place. It is said that he has also sent four of his own race to the happy hunting grounds.

Besides being a murderer, he has been a robber and horse thief. On Monday night last this youthful criminal broke open the Wanhilla postoffice, 12 miles southeast of this place, and stole all the money and goods he could use, and then taking an ax he destroyed every piece of furniture he could find.

The owner of the property, being an old man, and knowing the reputation of the man, dared not interfere for fear of being killed. The officers in charge of the outlaw's body gave the following account of the killing:

"We left our camp, which was located 10 miles from the place where we were told Hampton could be found, and after walking from 4 o'clock till nearly 7, and reaching the place where we expected to find our victim, good luck was ours.

In about 10 minutes after we reached the place where we were told to await our man, he suddenly appeared on horseback coming in our direction. Secreting ourselves behind the bushes we allowed him to ride up within 40 feet of our crew, when we called to him to halt and throw up his hands, which he refused to do.

"Instead he threw himself on the opposite side of his horse and opened fire. We responded, and 15 or 20 shots were fired by our party before he gave up. Then his body had been perforated with bullets."

Sheriff Paris, of this district, left with a posse to capture the other members of the gang. Another serious fight is expected to take place before the officers succeed in carrying out their purpose, as there are still several of them left equally as bad as Hampton.

HUGH HANNA DEAD.

Belfast, Feb. 4.—Rev. Hugh Hanna, a Presbyterian minister, who through his open air preaching caused the religious riots in this city in 1857, died to-day.

NO RAY OF HOPE.

The Proud Ship Eider Will Never Again

Plow the Stormy Billows of Old Ocean.

Freight From Her Lower Hold Washing Ashore,

Which Shows Her Bottom Has Fallen Out.

The Seven Hundred Thousand Dollars in Precious Metals Safely Ferried to the Shore and Shipped to London.

London, Feb. 4.—Work upon the stranded steamship Eider, ashore off Atherfield, Isle of Wight, was continued this morning. The agents of the company are still hopeful of being able to save her from becoming a total wreck, if the weather continues moderate.

The great maritime experts who have examined the Eider, do not agree with the agents of the North German Lloyd company; they say that the steamship is in a hopeless condition, and that only a miracle will ever float her.

The salvage people are working like beavers to relieve the Eider of her cargo, but as some portions of the freight at the very bottom of her lower hold has already washed ashore, it is feared that there must be a terrible hole in her bottom.

Capt. Heinecke and his body-guard of 25 men are supervising and assisting in the work of unloading the Eider; but now that the specie is all ashore, the agents of the company feel somewhat relieved.

Nothing could exceed the care taken by the government officers in handling the bullion part of the Eider's cargo, the extra attention shown being due to the fact that much of the gold and silver was destined for the Bank of England, eight and a half tons of precious metal being loaded for conveyance to that financial institution.

The work was carried on by a strong detachment of coast guardsmen, who were paid $20 a trip for this extra duty. The treasure upon arrival ashore was turned over to a force of coast guardsmen and police, the latter being under the command of Chief Inspector Gibson, of the Isle of Wight constabulary.

The police and coast guardsmen had a hard job in getting the boxes of bullion up the cliffs, but the task was completed at a late hour last night.

Escorted by armed coast guardsmen, the rescued treasure was then placed in wagons and conveyed to Newport, where it was loaded upon a special train and taken to Cowes.

At that point the bullion was transferred to a special steamer in waiting and was ferried across the Solont to Southampton where another special train was waiting to convey the specie to London.

The exact amount of bullion shipped on board the Eider is variously stated to have been from $300,000 to $700,000.

Among the amounts and names of shippers quoted are J. W. Seligman & Co., New York, 122 bars of silver, valued at $122,000; Heidelbach Ickelheimer & Co., New York, 24 bars of silver, valued at $24,000; James E. Ward & Co., New York, six bags of Mexican dollars, valued at about $36,000; Hardy & Hammond, of New York, 70 bars of silver, valued at about $70,000; a box of gold shipped by Wells, Fargo & Co., valued at about $20,000, and about six hundred bags of mail matter.

There were also a number of dispatch bags intended for the United States consulates in Europe.

As stated in these dispatches yesterday, the queen took so much interest in the fate of the Eider and of her passengers and crew that she caused hourly dispatches to be sent to her, giving details as to the work of rescue. Her majesty also sent a telegram of congratulation to the three lifeboat crews engaged in taking the Eider's passengers and crew ashore.

In addition Queen Victoria three times sent the Marquis of Lorne from Osborn to Atherfield in order that he might give her a full personal account of the state of the steamship and of her endangered passengers and crew.

TO FLOOD THE HOUSE.

Tariff Resolutions to be Put on Tap.

Democrats Preparing to Stir Up a Row Among Themselves in Washington.

Washington, Feb. 4.—It is said a well-defined plan of action has been agreed upon by those democrats in congress who are opposed to Mr. Springer's tariff policy, by which it is intended to embarrass the ways and means committee and compel it to report a sufficient number of tariff bills to make the discussion of that subject a practical assault all along the line.

Resolutions will be offered instructing this committee to report bills putting various articles on the free list.

These resolutions, it is said, have been distributed and that within the next few days the house will be flooded with them, the start to be made by a resolution Mr. Fithian has in his pocket instructing the committee to report a bill putting farming implements upon the free list.

This resolution also cites the statement of Mr. Farquhar, of York, Pa., a manufacturer of this class of goods, that farming implements were made in this country and sold to jobbers for exportation at smaller prices than the same goods bring in this country.

Mr. Fithian denies that there is any concert of action in this matter, but says that he will introduce such resolutions in that direction as he thinks should be presented. Whether they will pass or not he is not prepared to say. The probable result will be that they will be referred to the committee on ways and means and that committee will report its own bills in its own way.

KILLED HIS SWEETHEART.

Brutal Murder in New York Last Night.

Maggie Wiesmuller Shot Dead at the Door of Her Employer's House by Frederick Zeller.

New York, Feb. 4.—At a late hour last night Maggie Weismuller, 20 years of age, a servant employed by Mrs. Rhue, at 24 East One Hundred and Twenty-sixth street, was shot and instantly killed by Frederick Zeller, a young man about her own age.

After the murder Zeller escaped and the police believe he has committed suicide, although they have no evidence to support it.

Zeller and Miss Weismuller were lovers. They had been out together and about 11 o'clock they reached the home of the girl's employer. They stood in the areaway together for some time, and finally Zeller put his arm around the girl's neck. This was seen by another girl employed in the house, who took it for an endearing action.

A moment later, however, she saw her mistake, as Zeller, with his disengaged hand drew a revolver, which he placed against the girl's head and fired.

She dropped to the pavement and the murderer took to his heels. It is stated that Zeller was insanely jealous of the girl, and this was probably the cause of the crime.

THEY CONTINUE TO BATTLE.

The Turner and Parton Factions Are At It Again.

Pineville, Ky., Feb. 4.—The Turner and Parton factions have had another clash, and this time one of the Turner gang was killed. The man killed was George Sharp, a son of Oldkirk Sharp, at whose house Turner and his gang had been making headquarters.

The encounter occurred Sunday night. No further steps have been taken to organize a posse of officers here to capture Berry Turner, since it has been learned that the seat of trouble is in Tennessee.

SHORT OF CASH.

Washington, Feb. 4.—Recent heavy drafts on the treasury have pulled the net balance down to $30,096,391, of which more than $29,000,000 is in subsidiary coin and in national bank depositaries. The pension payments this month already foot up more than $2,000,000.

CALLED ON EGAN.

Minister Pereira Pleased with the Message of Mr. Blaine.

Valparaiso, Feb. 4.—Minister of Foreign Affairs Pereira called at the United States legation yesterday, and personally thanked Mr. Egan for Mr. Blaine's recent dispatch accepting Chile's reply to the ultimatum on the Baltimore affair as satisfactory. The meeting between the two diplomats was apparently of the most friendly character.

BLINDED BY ELECTRIC CURRENT.

Toronto, Ont., Feb. 4.—Frederick W. Martin, electrician of the Toronto Electric Light company, while passing between two large dynamos completed the circuit between them and was rendered unconscious and, possibly, fatally injured by the shock. When he recovered consciousness, it was found that he was blind.

THE APPEAL WAS COSTLY.

John Cooper's Sentence Materially Increased.

The Englishman Who Was Caught Trying to Bribe a French Officer Must Pay the Penalty of His Crime.

Paris, Feb. 4.—John Cooper, who, with Walter Rudnell, another Englishman, was convicted at Lyons of endeavoring to obtain by bribery information concerning the manufacture of French government arms at St. Etienne, upon appeal has had his sentence increased to two years imprisonment.

Cooper made overtures to a foreman named Chazet in the small arms factory at St. Etienne, offering him a considerable sum of money for a specimen of the rifle being manufactured there.

Chazet, instead of accepting the bribe, informed on Cooper who, with his companion, Rudnell, was arrested and convicted of violating the law against foreign spies.

Cooper's original sentence was 15 months' imprisonment and to pay a fine of $600, and be expelled from French territory upon concluding his imprisonment.

Rudnell got off with two months' imprisonment and a fine of $200, and also to be expelled, upon the conclusion of the imprisonment. Cooper appealed his case, with the above result.

WILL BUILD A WIGWAM.

Seats for 15,000 at the Democratic Convention in Chicago.

Chicago, Feb. 4.—The local committee of democrats to provide for the coming national convention has abandoned all hope of securing the exposition building, and this afternoon decided to build a wigwam capable of seating 15,000 people in which the convention will be held.

A site on the lake front on which to erect the building will probably be secured.

MRS. BARNABY'S WILL.

Providence, R. I., Feb. 4.—The will of Mrs. Barnaby, for whose death Dr. Graves was convicted, which was made in Chester, Pa., and known as the "Worrell will," was admitted to probate to-day. There was no contest but the appointment of Dr. Graves as executor according to the terms of the will was deferred until the 23d inst.

FUNERAL INSTEAD OF WEDDING.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., Feb. 4.—Anthony Brown, of Pittston, and Miss Harriet Rutledge, of Duryea, came here last night to get married but arrived too late to obtain a license and went to a hotel. This morning the woman was found dead in bed and Brown died this afternoon. Both deaths were due to the accidental inhaling of illuminating gas.

COULD NOT AGREE.

Bedford, Ind., Feb. 4.—The jury in the case of James Finlay, indicted for the murder of Mrs. Meduffer, reported they were unable to agree and were discharged. Finlay was released on $5,000 bail pending a new trial.

ALL IN THE FAMILY.

Mystery of the Waterbury Kidnaping Explained.

The Boy's Cousin Conceived the Plan in the Hope of Fleecing His People Out of Some Money.

Greenwich Village, Conn., Feb. 4.—The substance of the confession made by one of the two men arrested last night for the kidnaping of young Waterbury is to the effect that the chief conspirator is Chas. E. Waterbury, the nephew of Chas. P. Waterbury, whose child was stolen.

He conceived the plan and induced others to go into it. Yesterday, as soon as he learned the constables were on his track, he disappeared, but it is expected he will be arrested.

Knowing the devoted love of his uncle for his boy, he calculated upon getting the money out of the old man for a ransom and then he would leave the country.

The failure of the father to meet the nephew at the bridge at midnight as requested, caused Waterbury's fellow conspirators to weaken and they returned the boy as already published.

OPTIONS.

Washington, Feb. 4.—The house committee on agriculture has heard arguments on the bill introduced by Mr. Hatch, of Missouri, defining options and futures and imposing special taxes thereon.

AFRAID OF THE TAMMANY TIGER

Two Old Maids Go Insane and Throw Furniture from Their Windows.

Hornellsville, N. Y., Feb. 4.—Pedestrians on Main street were stopped in front of a two-story wooden building by showers of household goods and furniture that were hurled from the upper windows. Two frenzied females then appeared at a window with blood-curdling cries for help. They were maiden sisters, of uncertain age, named Van Winkle.

A crowd soon collected, and the police broke down the door and took the women in charge. They told several stories of desperate attempts at assault made upon them, and said they were afraid of the Tammany tiger, which had sought their lives.

They were taken to police headquarters, and physicians summoned to examine into their sanity. As a result they will be sent to an asylum. Their brother is a prominent druggist here.

ATTACHMENTS.

New York, Feb. 4.—James G. Shaw has obtained an attachment for $5,638 against N. L. Yarnell & Sons, cotton and yarn dealers, of Philadelphia.

H. H. Warner has obtained judgment for $13,320 against the New York Steamship company, of New Jersey, for money advanced.

MOONSHINERS.

Anniston, Ala., Feb. 4.—Several thousand gallons of whisky and beer and illicit stills were destroyed in Clerborne county last night by Deputies Briggs and Colquitt. The officers had a battle with the moonshiners and a dozen shots were exchanged before the "shiners" surrendered. Their names are Lewis Danby, Wm. Ewing and Tom Jones.

ICICLES ON THE MOON.

A Chilling Wind From the National Capital

Has Blasted the Hopes of Some Ohio Republicans.

John Sherman Informs the Buckeye Legislature That It Must Not Expect Him to do Its Dirty Work.

Washington, Feb. 4.—Senator Sherman was asked to-day in regard to the action of the Ohio legislature by which the question of Mr. Brice's right to a seat in the United States senate was referred to the latter body. He said:

"I rather regret that the matter has taken such a form. I would perfer that the legislature had taken more responsibility. In my opinion it would have been better if the legislature, in case it was of the opinion that Mr. Brice was ineligible, had so declared by a joint resolution and proceeded to elect some person to the seat.

"Then such person would have come here with his credentials and appeared as a contestant for the seat of Mr. Brice.

"This would have brought the question squarely before the senate. Testimony would have been taken and the matter would have been decided, I feel free to say, fairly upon its merits.

"As it now stands, I presume the republicans of Ohio, or many of them at least, will expect me to act as a sort of prosecutor.

"This is hardly fair inasmuch as if the case comes before the senate, I will be called upon to vote upon the verdict as one of the jurymen, so to speak.

To be candid, as I said to you some time ago, I have serious doubts whether a good case can be made against Senator Brice.

"Of course, if it could be clearly establishd that he was not a legal inhabitant of Ohio at the time of his election to the senate, I should vote in favor of declaring that he was not entitled to his seat.

"Mr. Brice would claim that although his business interests required his presence most of the time in New York, he had always retained his legal residence in Lima, O. He would show that he has voted there, and that no republican has challanged his right to do so.

"If he should show such a state of facts it would be impossbie to oust him from his seat in the senate. I am of the opinion that he can do this, and that any attempt to drive him from the senate will fail.

"I want the republicans of Ohio to understand that I look at the facts just as they are from a legal point of view. As I have said, I regret that they have put upon me the responsibility of pushing this matter. At this time it is impossible for me to say what, if anything, the committee on privileges and elections will do in the case.

"I am clearly of the opinion that the Ohio legislature should have taken some decisive action provided it thought best to do so and brought the question before the senat in a proper way. As it is, I doubt if anything will be done."

PLEADING FOR STATEHOOD.

Arizona and Oklahoma Present Their Cases.

The Latter Wants Its Boundaries to Include All of the Indian Territory—Other Matters of Interest.

Washington, Feb. 4.—The house committee on territories has heard the argument by Delegate Smith, of Arizona, in favor of the admission of Arizona into the Union. It also heard Delegate Harvey, of Oklahoma territory, asking that the territory be allowed to frame a constitution and come into the union and that the boundary lines include the whole of Indian territory. No action was taken.

The house committee on the election of president, vice president and representatives considered the joint resolution in regard to the election of senators by direct vote. No action was taken and the committee will discuss the matter further on Saturday next.

Linden Kent, of this city, appeared before the senate committee on naval affairs to-day and in behalf of the officers of the navy made an argument, by permission of Secretary Tracy, against favorable action on the bill transferring the revenue marine service from the treasury to the navy department.

A letter from the secretary of state was received by the speaker of the house to-day requesting an appropriation of $13,929 to pay the salaries of the three United States commissioners of the inter-continental railway commission.

The Plumb resolution on the removal of Gen. Grant's remains to Arlington has been taken off the table in the senate and referred to the committee on military affairs. Senator Hawley, chairman of the military committee, in speaking of this action said:

"It is done because since the death of Senator Plumb the resolution has been homeless; it belonged to no one; I don't know of any senator who desires to make a speech on the subject, so it is proper that the committee take charge of the resolution."

A DEAD WARRIOR.

Paris, Feb. 4.—Gen. Schmitz, who saw service in 14 campaigns, died here Tuesday. He was 75 years old. Gen. Schmitz was chief of staff under Gen. Trochu during the siege of Paris.

ARE IN THE TENTH.

The Gerrymander Bill Has Passed the Senate.

Lucas, Fulton and Wood to Pull Together.

First Actual Step Toward a Redistricting Bill.

The House May Tear it to Pieces.

The Legislative Grind Continues—More Bills Introduced and Passed—General News From the State Capital.

Columbus, O., Feb. 4.—The redistricting bill which has the approval of the republican senators was reported back to the senate by the committee on elections at 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon. Senator Parker submitted the report, which was read, and upon motion it was placed on the calendar to be read the first thing this morning. The bill provides fourteen certain republican districts, five equally certain democratic ones, and two it leaves doubtful, with a nominal republican majority in each of them. The bill is the result of labors of republican senators, and is based upon Senator Carpenter's bill, which was introduced as a tentative measure.

The bill was the third on the calendar this morning, and as soon as the same was read Mr. Lampson jumped to his feet and said the bill was all right, except that it might be modified in the other branch of the legislature. He demanded the previous question and the bill was passed, without giving the democrats a chance to discuss its merits, by a vote of 17 to 8.

Although Senator Geyer tried to explain his vote against the bill he was declared out of order.

Senator Abbott of Athens was present but refused to vote.

The bill is as follows:

First district—That so much of the county of Hamilton as is now contained within the limits of the First, Second, Third, Fourth, Fifth, Sixth, Seventh, Eighth, Ninth, Tenth, Eleventh, Eighteenth, Twenty-sixth, and Twenty-seventh wards of the city of Cincinnati as they are now constituted, and the townships of Anderson, Columbia, Spencer, Symmes and Sycamore, and Avondale, and the northeast, southeast, St. Bernard, Bond Hill and Elmwood precincts of Millcreek township shall compose the First district.

Second district—The balance of the county of Hamilton now contained within the limits of the Twelfth, Thirteenth, Fourteenth, Fifteenth, Sixteenth, Seventeenth, Nineteenth, Twentieth, Twenty-first, Twenty-second, Twenty-third, Twenty-fourth, Twenty-fifth, Twenty-eighth, Twenty-ninth, and Thirtieth wards of the city of Cincinnati, as they are now constituted, and the townships of Springfield, Colerain, Greene, Delhi, Storrs, Miami, Whitewater, Harrison, and Crosby, and Clifton, College Hill, Winton Place, and western precincts of Millcreek township shall compose the Second district.

Third district—Preble, Montgomery and Miami shall compose the Third district.

Fourth district—The counties of Darke, Shelby, Mercer, Auglaize and Allen shall compose the Fourth district.

Fifth district—The counties of Erie, Ottawa, Sandusky, Seneca, Marion, Wyandot and Crawford shall compose the Fifth district.

Sixth district—The counties of Williams, Defiance, Henry, Paulding, Putnam and Van Wert shall compose the Sixth district.

Seventh district—The counties of Butler, Warren, Greene, Madison and Clarke shall compose the Seventh district.

Eighth district—The counties of Brown, Highland, Clinton, Clermont, Fayette and Ross shall compose the Eighth district.

Ninth district—The counties of Hancock, Hardin, Logan, Champlain, Marion and Delaware shall compose the Ninth district.

Tenth district—The counties of Lucas, Fulton and Wood shall compose the Tenth district.

Eleventh district—The counties of Tuscarawas, Guernsey, Muskingum, Noble and Washington shall compose the Eleventh district.

Twelfth district—The counties of Lawrence, Jackson, Vinton, Scioto, Pike and Adams shall compose the Twelfth district.

Thirteenth district—The counties of Franklin, Fairfield and Pickaway shall compose the Thirteenth district.

Fourteenth district—The counties of Huron, Lorain, Ashland, Richland and Morrow shall compose the Fourteenth district.

Fifteenth district—The counties of Gallia, Meigs, Athens, Morgan, Perry, and Hocking shall compose the Fifteenth district.

Sixteenth district—The counties of Wayne, Holmes, Coshocton, Knox and Licking shall compose the Sixteenth district.

Seventeenth district—The counties of Carroll, Jefferson, Harrison Belmont and Monroe shall compose the Seventeenth district.

Eighteenth district—The counties of Stark, Columbiana and Mahoning shall compose the Eighteenth district.

Nineteenth district—The counties of Ashtabula, Geauga, Portage, Summit and Trumbull shall compose the Nineteenth district.

Twentieth district—The county of Lake, with the Fifth, Sixth, Seventh, Eighth, Ninth, Fifteenth, Sixteenth, Seventeenth, Eighteenth, Nineteenth, Twentieth, Twenty-first, Twenty-second, Twenty-third, Twenty-fourth, Twenty-fifth, Twenty-sixth and Twenty-seventh wards of the city of Cleveland, with the townships of East Cleveland, Bedford, Chagrin Falls, Euclid, Independence, Mayfield, Newburg, Orange, Solon, and Warrensville in Cuyahoga, shall compose the Twentieth district.

Twenty-first district—The county of Medina, with the First, Second, Third, Fourth, Tenth, Eleventh, Twelfth, Thirteenth, Fourteenth, Twenty-eighth, Twenty-ninth, Thirtieth, Thirty-first, Thirty-second, Thirty-third, Thirty-fourth, Thirty-fifth, Thirty-sixth, Thirty-seventh, Thirty-eighth, Thirty-ninth and Fortieth wards of the city of Cleveland with the townships of Brecksville, Brooklyn, Dover, Middleburg, Olmsted, Parma, Rockport, Royalton and Strongsville, in Cuyahoga county, shall compose the Twenty-first district.

Bills Introduced in the House.

Mr. Beard—Authorizing the commission-

ers of Licking county and the council of the city of Newark to raise $23,000 to pay for state encampment grounds.

Mr. Boesel—Authorizing the village of St. Mary's, Auglaize county, to issue $15,000 in bonds for the purpose of establishing an electric light plant.

Mr. McCoy—Making appropriations to pay the interest on the public debt.

Mr. Hughey—Authorizing the city of Hillsboro to issue $75,000 in bonds to build a water works.

Mr. Heller—Directing the auditor of Lucas county to transfer to G. B. Handford a tract of land in the government reservation and to relieve a judgment against the same for $1,100.

Mr. Taylor (Champaign)—Enabling the commissioners of Wayne county to withdraw money from the state treasury to pay for buildings for the agricultural experiment station.

Mr. Dewitt—Authorizing Payne village school district, Paulding county, to issue $2,500 in bonds to refund indebtedness. (Passed).

Mr. Dewitt—Dividing Latty township, Paulding county, into two election precincts. (Passed).

Mr. Dewitt—Changing the name of Henry F. Schwartzfager, of Paulding county, to Henry Schwartz.

Mr. Bruck—Providing that no one shall be appointed as administrator of an estate who is not a resident of Ohio, save a husband, widow or next of kin.

Mr. Aldrich—Amending section 1458, requiring township treasurers to settle with boards of education and township trustees on the first Monday in March.

Mr. Reeve—Reducing the legal rate of interest from 8 to 6 per cent. per annum.

Sutphen-Snook Judicial Contest.

The reading of evidence in the Snook-Sutphen contest case was finished in the senate yesterday. The contestee claims to have made a gain of 10 votes in Williams and Defiance counties. He also claims to have produced sufficient evidence to exclude 70 votes cast for the contestant in Defiance county on the independent judicial ticket. The contestee alleges that the nomination was irregular, for the reason that it was not made by any regular convention or caucus or by any call issued through the regular constituted committees of any political party. The further consideration was postponed till next Tuesday afternoon, when the arguments will be made by the counsel for both parties.

Confirmations.

The senate confirmed J. J. Rigsley as trustee of the Boys' Industrial school, vice O. W. H. Wright, resigned; also J. I. Wilson as trustee of Soldiers' Orphans' home at Xenia.

Appointments.

Gov. McKinley has appointed H. A. Minor, of Hamilton county, as a member of the state board of pardons, vice J. R. Malloy, resigned.

Bills Passed the House.

Mr. McGrew—Requiring married women to bring proceedings to vacate or modify a first order within six months.

Mr. Llewllyn—Providing fine and imprisonment for the use of obscene language and disorderly conduct on passenger trains and street cars.

Mr. Allaman—Authorizing the republican clerk of the courts of Montgomery county to appoint a commission to redistrict the city of Dayton into wards.

Bills Introduced in the Senate.

Mr. McConica—To facilitate the consolidation of railroad companies by allowing those whose lines extend outside of the state to issue a greater amount of bonds than they have stock, when such issue is for the purpose of consolidation.

Mr. Burns—Authorizing dehorning of cattle by persons skilled in performing such operations.

Mr. Carpenter, of Fayette—Allowing will cases to be tried before courts instead of juries, and providing for privilege of appeal instead of petitions in error in such actions.

Mr. Rawlings—Allowing owners of cattle to dehorn the same themselves without employing skilled surgeons to perform such operations, and protecting such persons from arrest for cruelty to animals.

Mr. Vandeaf—Repealing the act creating the state board of pardons and giving the governor full power to investigate and pass upon all applications for clemency.

Refunded.

The senate has passed a bill refunding to Wayne county the amount donated to secure the state agricultural experiment station.

Election Bill.

Senator Stuart's bill providing for a division of the election precincts on petition of voters outside of cities of first, second, third and fourth grade, of first and second class, passed the senate this morning.

Notes.

Senator Rorick introduced a bill authorizing board of education of Archbald, Fulton county, to issue $5,000 in bonds for school purposes yesterday afternoon.

Senator McConica introduced a bill yesterday afternoon authorizing Findlay to issue $150,000 in bonds to encourage manufacturing and for improvement purposes.

House committee on municipal affairs recommended the indefinite postponement of Cunningham's bill authorizing Lima to issue $150,000 in bonds to encourage manufacturing.

The governor yesterday sent the name of John S. Wilson, of Guernsey county, to the senate for confirmation as trustee of the Soldiers' and Sailors' Orphans' home for the term of five years, beginning in April, 1892.

Entire board of penitentiary managers tendered their resignations to the governor last evening to take effect at the pleasure of his excellency. Their resignations were hastened by the Dougherty bill to reorganize the penitentiary.

Boxwell's bill providing for the graduation from the common schools to the high schools was considered by the committee on common schools last night and its passage recommended after its provisions were fully explained by its author.

The Cuyahoga delegation in the house will shortly present a bill amending their form of city government, by making the heads of the different departments elective instead of being appointed by the mayor, as was provided in the law introduced last winter by Hodge.

RUSSELL SAGE, JR., DEAD.

He Never Recovered From the Dynamite Shock.

New York, Feb. 4.—Russell Sage, jr., the nephew of the millionare of the same name, died this morning at 11:15 o'clock at the Windsor hotel.

CONFIRMATION.

The Senate Makes the Title Clear to a Number of Offices.

Washington, Feb. 4.—The senate in executive session to-day confirmed the following nominations: J. H. Beatty, United States district judge for Idaho; D. P. Roberts, of Evansville, Ind., recorder of the general land office; W. C. Haskell, United States marshal for the northern district of Ohio; L. S. Howlett, register of the land office at North Yakima, Wash.

To be first lieutenants of infantry:

Second Lieuts. A. H. Brown, fourth infantry, A. L. Farmerter, Twenty-first infantry, F. D. Ramsey, Ninth infantry

To be captain of infantry: First Lieut. W. J. Turner, Second infantry.

Cavalry arm: Lieut. C. H. Carleton, to be colonel Eighth cavalry; Major G. V. Henry to be lieutenant-colonel Seventh cavalry; Capt. C. S. Ilsley, to be major Ninth cavalry; First Lieut. J. W. Wilkinson, to be captain Seventh cavalry; Second Lieut. P. A. Bettens, Jr., to be first lieutenant Seventh cavalry.

Assistant Surgeon G. T. Vaughn, of Virginia, to be passed assistant surgeon in the marine hospital service.

Taken in time, even Consumption yields to the wonderful effects of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It won't make new lungs—but it will make diseased ones healthy when nothing else will. There's reason for it, too. Consumption is Lung-scrofula. For every form of scrofula, and all blood-taints, the "Discovery" is a positive cure. It's the most potent strength-restorer, blood-cleanser, and flesh-builder known to medical science. For Weak Lungs, Spitting of Blood, Bronchitis, Asthma, Catarrh, and all lingering Coughs, it's an unequaled remedy. It's a *guaranteed* one.

If it doesn't benefit or cure, you have your money back. You've everything to gain from it—nothing to lose.

It's especially potent in curing Tetter, Salt-rheum, Eczema, Erysipelas, Boils, Carbuncles, Sore Eyes, Goitre, or Thick Neck, and Enlarged Glands, Tumors and Swellings. Great Eating Ulcers rapidly heal under its benign influence.

AN IMMENSE ENTERPRISE

The Woolson Spice Company Branch Out Big.

Purchase of Twenty Acres on Monroe Street,

Upon Which a Plant of a Dozen Fine Buildings Will be Erected—The Deal Consummated.

Yesterday The Woolson Spice company consummated a transaction which means a great deal for Toledo. The company has purchased the 20-acre Bishop tract located on the corner of Monroe street and Detroit avenue, the consideration being $32,500. The abstracts of title were perfected yesterday and turned over to the company to-day.

Plans are being arranged for practically covering the tract with some 14 or 15 fine brick buildings. Facing Monroe street will be two large buildings, 200 feet long and 3 or 4 stories high. Located between them will be what will be known as the administration building, a structure that will be occupied as general offices, and in the fourth and fifth stories of which will be located the advertising department.

Between these buildings and the street will be a lawn with flowers, evergreens, etc., 50 feet running the full length of all three buildings.

Back of the main buildings will be a large storage structure, to be used for green coffees only. This will be an immense building 500x80, and like all the others of brick and fire-proof.

Running back to a frontage of 1,500 feet on the Michigan Central railroad track will be some 14 or 15 buildings devoted to the roasting of coffee. These will be two stories and of brick.

There will be other buildings, adjuncts to those named, that will bring the total number of structures up to 25.

The plans are so arranged that the buildings will be isolated one from the other, and at such distances so as to afford almost complete fire protection. If one building should burn down the nearest will be too far distant to be affected.

The grounds will be woven with switches so that every storage and roasting structure shall have a separate railroad switch.

Manager Woolson and his genial assistant, Mr. Brigham, have spent many weeks in perfecting the plans, and their sound judgment and good taste promises to give Toledo an industry to which the city can point with pride, and one to which visiting strangers can be invited as one of the greatest institutions of the kind in the world.

SOME SPICY CURRENT TOPICS

Of Local and Neighborhood Interest.

Notes and Comments on Incidents Occurring Daily—Prepared for Readers Who are Hustled for Time.

BOUGHT A MADISON STREET LOT.

M. G. Bloch to-day purchased the Baldy lot on the corner of Twentieth and Madison streets, paying $5,500 for it.

HASKELL FOUND GUILTY.

The jury in the case of the State against George Haskell, returned a verdict of guilty as charged in the indictment, which was forgery.

BROKE INTO A SCHOOL HOUSE.

A man named Frank Weinschenck was found in a school house in Adams township this morning and was brought to the city by one of the farmers. He is locked up in the police station, but as yet no charge has been placed against him.

THE REFUNDING ORDINANCE.

Mayor Emmick received the ordinance to refund the gas trustees' certificates of indebtedness into bonds on Tuesday last, but as yet has not signed it. He says, however, that he will "stand by the people" in the matter, whatever that may mean.

CUT THE WRONG MAN.

Albert Martin last night engaged in an altercation with a barber named Schrader, at the latter's shop on the corner of Ewing street and Nebraska avenue. He attempted to make an assault on the barber, but in doing so slightly cut John Bartel, who was standing near by. In police court this morning Martin was tried, but Judge Sala reserved his decision until to-morrow.

BOUND OVER FOR FORGERY.

Charles Miller, arrested for forging an order on Gus Frick, proprietor of the Wabash restaurant, had a hearing in police court this morning and was bound over to the common pleas court with bail fixed at $500. Miller is only 18 years of age and confessed to having forged the order, but said that he was out of work, had no money or friends, and took this means of securing a room for a week, thinking that he could pay the money before being discovered.

THE O. Y. C. WAR IS OVER.

There is smooth sailing in O. Y. C. affairs once more. The indebtedness of the club, to Mr. Ketcham, has been arranged satisfactorily to all concerned. The civil suit brought by Mr. Ketcham in common pleas court and the forcible detainer suit in Justice Merrill's court, have been withdrawn. The O. Y. C. has also withdrawn the injunction suit in common pleas court, and the cruel war is over, and the O. Y. C. bids fair to prosper as it never prospered before.

TOLEDO ONE OF THE CENTERS.

The University of Chicago announces that the first session of preliminary examinations will be held on the 14th and 15th of April; the second on the 27th and 28th of June. The first term of the university will begin October 1, 1892. Toledo will be made one of the places of examination, providing that a sufficient number of candidates in this part of the state apply for admission. Our city ought to show an educational spirit sufficient to entitle it to participate in this new enterprise. Students who think of entering any department of the university will receive application blanks by writing to Frank F. Abbot, University of Chicago, Chicago, Ill.

WILLIAM TELL'S OFFIECRS.

The following officers were elected at the last night meeting held by William Tell Division, No. 16, U. R., K. of P.:

Sir Knight Captain—Gedfried Fleischman.

Sir Knight Lieutenant—Godfried Hofer.
Sir Knight Herald—Fred. Hofer.
Sir Knight Recorder—Fred. H. A. Hahn.
Sir Knight Treasurer—Joe Wahl.
Sir Knight Chaplain—Gustav Krueger.
Sir Knight Quartermaster—John Stahl.
Trustees—P. Whal, H. Goetz, F. Rudzinsky.

NOMINATIONS.

Washington, Feb. 4.—The president sent to the senate to-day the following nominations: Frank W. Oakley, of Wisconsin, to be United States Marshal for the western district of Wisconsin; Peter Paquet, receiver of public moneys at Oregon City, Ore.

A. S. Baldwin, of Nebraska, register of the land office at North Platt, Neb.

Postmasters—Ohio: H. J. Haldeman, Salem; W. W. Patton, Kent; J. H. Datchler, Franklin.

WHITING ORGAN RECITAL.

The fifteen hundred or more music lovers who were comfortably seated in the First Congregational church last evening were not disappointed in the treat they had anticipated. The magnificent instrument was like a sentient and intelligent thing under the hands of the master, Prof. Geo. E. Whiting. The program was not long and was selected with excellent discrimination. Mr. Whiting plays with the most refined taste as well as with great power. In the overture to William Tell (arranged by himself) the various shades of expression were wonderfully brought out. The Thomas orchestra, with its many instruments can make more volume, but could scarcely give more satisfactory expression than did the single instrument through the skill of the player. Applause for every number was quick and hearty.

Miss Bessie Doolittle, a favorite with Toledo audiences, gave with animation and in beautiful voice "Salve Regina" (Dana), and in response to a recall sang "Give Me Back But Yesterday" with exquisite taste. Especially is her clear enunciation to be commended, and the ease with which she renders high-keyed and difficult passages is eminently satisfying to the listener. In the absence of Mrs. Currier she gave the second vocal number on the program—"Nita Gitana, Awake from Thy Sleeping." The Whiting quartet, Messrs. Garn, Stahl, Richmond and Buckout, gave two selections, which were well received. The affair was invitational and the favored ones are under great obligations to the society.

IN TRADING CIRCLES

Both at Our Home and Abroad.

Wheat Quotations for the Day—Price Current for Produce and Other Articles.

The Markets.

London wheat market 6@9d lower; corn quiet. Liverpool wheat dull and 1-2d lower. Corn steady.

The receipts of wheat at seven principal western points to-day are 331,299 bu, compared with 223,618 bu on the same day last year.

The New York Commercial Bulletin says: The official statement of receipts and expenditures of the United States for January deserves more than passing notice. No comment is necessary, as the figures speak for themselves:

Receipts.

Source—	Jan., 1892.	Jan., 1891
Customs	$17,459,285.74	$23,897,953.06
Int. rev.	11,439,956.70	11,253,863.80
Nat. bank deposit fund.	159,250.00	245,740.00
Miscel	1,484,236.16	1,658,416.39
Total	$30,542,728.60	$37,055,973.25

Expenditures.

Civil and miscel.	$9,473,708.04	$9,747,655.06
War	4,067,179.34	4,450,327.50
Navy	2,489,355.26	2,386,295 82
Indians	950,365.05	963,690.10
Pensions	10,521,941.40	1,080,570.56
N. bank fund red. acct.	1,488,172.50	2,461,760.00
Interest	6,672,801.01	2,851,428.66
Premium		39,581.37
Total	$35,663,522.60	$23,981,309.07

Chicago Tribune—It is said that there are private cables indicating that Berlin is being affected by reports that Russia is preparing to import grain largely in the near future. The price of wheat at Berlin advanced yesterday when it was quoted lower everywhere else.

The local stock of flaxseed at Chicago was last week increased 75,658 bu to 3,820,383 bu, including some 200,000 bu afloat in the harbor. The stock one year ago was 1,864,063 bu, and cash seed $1 24, against 93@49c yesterday. On the corresponding date last year May flax sold at $1 27 1-2@1 29 1-2.

The receipts of wheat to-day at seven principal western points are near 100,000 less than yesterday.

The export clearances yesterday at four Atlantic ports were, wheat 481,443 bus, and flour to an aggregate of 600,000 bus. The exports of corn were 651,852 bus., and of oats 91,605 bus.

English markets as reported herein are dull and lower for wheat and steady for corn.

The Malthusian Theory of Starvation and Its Apostle, C. Woods Davis, Who Opposes Trading in Futures.

Mr. C. Woods Davis, of Wichita, Ks., has been before the house committee on agriculture, advocating the bill to suppress trading in grain for future delivery. This gentleman is the author of a pamphlet which proves beyond a doubt, in his mind, that the time has now arrived when the Malthusian theory that population has increased, and is increasing at a ratio so disproportionate to the increase of food production as to render starvation imminent. Applying his theory to this country, he proves—again to his satisfaction apparently—that we shall become importers of breadstuffs in the near future.

Mr. Davis has devoted a great dealof time to these topics and it seems to us badly misspent time. For the past year, it is supposed he has represented the Farmers' alliance, and the "hold your wheat" theorists. He made an argument against future trading before the National Board of Trade, and on the call there was one vote against it, and that we believe was his. We suppose his expenses in roaming about Washington are paid by the farmers. As a theorist he is all right, but in no respect is he equipped by experience, or knowledge of business affairs, and the effect of trading in grain futures, to command the respect of the gentlemen who listen to him. It is such men as Mr. Davis and our own Brigham who influence farmers to believe that speculative grain dealing tends to depress the price of their products. They know nothing of it themselves, and "the blind lead the blind." They both want to be lifted on the little ripple they are creating, into congress, and it is a matter of deep regret that farmers are influenced by these charlatans in commerce. It will be a cold day for farmers when trading for future delivery is suppressed. Of course there are features in the method that could well be reformed, but at least 80 per cent. of the business is one that adds to the income of the producer. These adroit theorists seize upon some one feature of the system, in operation some one day, and base an argument upon it, which is simply and wholly exparte and unfair. In respect to all these conditions that have grown upon business because of the great volume of increase in the last two decades, such men as we have quoted cannot see their necessity, and would sidetrack commerce if listened to. The farmers must be more fully informed and when the are, they will as readily support future trading as those who are engaged in it. Congress will make a grave mistake when they attempt to regulate trading and commercial transactions by statutory provisions, except to enforce honesty and fair dealing.

Mr. Davis' starvation theory has no basis. For one example. Every state west and south of Lake Erie can double its production on all lines, if the price will justify. Fertilizers, better husbandry, irrigation, all promising factors of a refutation.

The Markets To-Day.

At last we have signs of a resting place in the decline of wheat. Notwithstanding the sharp decline noted in our opening English markets, and the fact that the closing prices on that side are no better, prices on this side improved from the start and if our upward turn should be reflected abroad to-morrow, it will start up a good deal of confidence and increased trading.

Corn has also been strong and shows a proportionate advance to wheat, east and west. In New York February wheat closed 1c and May 5-8c higher. February and May corn 5-8c and February oats 5-8c higher.

In Chicago February and May wheat closed 3-4c higher. February and May corn 1-2c and February oats 1-2c higher.

In Toledo we have had quite a good business in wheat futures, with much more spirit and hope in the dealings. Prices have been better all day. May closes 7-8c higher. On the call May sold at 93c to 92 7-8c and July at 88 3-4c. After the call May sold at 93 1-8c and closed at 94 1-8c. April sold at 93c to 93 1-4c.

Cash wheat was not in very sharp request, and the sales were confined to car lots. No. 2 soft sold at 90@91c, a gain of 3-4c; No. 3 soft at 88 1-2c; nothing done in other grades.

Corn—No. 2 at 39 1-2c; May at 43c; No. 2 yellow at 40c; No. 3 yellow at 39c. Nothing done in rye. No. 2 about 82 1-2c.

Oats—No sales. No. 2 about 32c.

Clover seed—Less doing to-day, closing at a slight concession in prices. Prime for February at $5.70, closing at $5.67 1-2; March at $5.70.

Markets by Telegraph.

New York, Feb. 4.—Flour quiet and lower; city mill extra, $4 90@5 10 for West Indies; Minnesota extra, $3 25@$ 35; superfine, $2 85@3 35; fine, $2 40@3 15. Wheat opened weak and declined 3-8c in the first hour but subsequently rallied and advanced 5-8c. At noon the market was steady; No. 2 red winter, $1 01 1-2 cash; March, $1 00 1-2; April, $1 00 1-2; April, $1 00 1-2; May, 99 3-8c. Corn strong and 1-2c higher; No. 2 mixed cash, 50 1-2c; February, 49 5-8c; March, 49 1-2c; April, 49 1-2c; May, 48 7-8c. Oats dull but steady; No. 2 mixed, cash, 35 1-4c; February, 35 1-2c; May, 37c. Rye dull and easy; 88@91 1-2c for whole range. Barley dull and unchanged. Molasses quiet; Cuba, 50 test, 12 1-2@13c. Sugar, refined, steady; cut-loaf and crushed, 5 1-8c; granulated, 4@4 1-4c; mould A, 4 1-8@4 1-4c. Coffee quiet; fair rio cargoes, 16 1-4c. Rice nominal. Pork steady; mess, $9 75@10 50. Lard quiet; March, $6 75; May, $6 91. Butter dull; western extra, 31@31 1-2c. Cheese firm; state factory fancy, 12c. Eggs strong; state fresh, 27 1-2@28c; western do, 27 1-2c. Turpentine steady; 35@35 1-2c. Rosin dull; strained to good, $1 35@1 40. Tallow dull; prime city, 4 11-16c. Petroleum nominal. Freights quiet; grain to Rotterdam, 5d.

New York, Feb. 4.—Money easy at 1 1-2@2 per cent. Exchange steady; posted rates, $4.85 1-2@4.87 1-2; actual rates, $4.84 1-4@4.84 1-2 for 60 days and $4.86 1-4@4.86 1-2 for demand.

Governments steady; currency 6s, 109 bid; 4s coupons, 116 3-4 bid; extended 2s, registered, 100 bid.

Received.

	Wheat.	Corn.	Oats.
New York	33,000	135,625	61,500
Baltimore	41,825	255,978	4,000
Philadelphia	4,409	165,207	17,529
Boston	16,077	22,661	24,685
Toledo	8,240	16,700	700
Chicago	53,156	157,410	170,515
Milwaukee	22,600	5,220	11,000
St. Louis	37,000	202,000	42,000
Detroit	11,014	1,969	9,424
Duluth	41,789	.....	.....
Minneapolis	157,500	.....	.....

Shipped.

	Wheat.	Corn.	Oats
New York	354,464	169,538	84,658
Baltimore	48,000	398,277	.....
Philadelphia	1,129	17,050	6,947
Boston	77,850	66,987	.....
Toledo	7,295	60,600	.....
Chicago	26,566	189,742	249,247
Milwaukee	1,650	.....	9,000
St. Louis	127,000	119,000	22,000
Detroit	30,102	1,516	958
Duluth	582	.....	.....
Minneapolis	44,100	.....	.....

ONE HUNDRED SHARES

Of the Second National Bank Stock Sold at 302 1-2.

The Buyers Are Toledoans, the Sellers Outsiders—Another Sale of Bank Stock Yesterday.

To-day one hundred shares of the stock of the Second National bank was sold at the great price of $302.50.

The sellers were Mrs. Barnes, of Brooklyn, N. Y., and Mr. L. A. Barber, Hartford, Conn. The purchasers were a number of Toledo capitalists, none of whom desire their names mentioned just now.

The sale was completed to-day, and the transfer on the books will probably be made to-morrow. The price is the largest yet paid for the Second National stock, although if it was on the market at that price it would be readily picked up.

The fact that Toledo men have got hold of this block held on the outside shows that Toledo capitalists know a good thing when they see it. The dividends will now go to Toledoans, who will spend it at home.

Yesterday Robinson Locke sold 10 shares of the Ketcham National bank stock at 136. For a comparatively new bank this is a great price.

AMONG THE PEOPLE.

Jottings of Personal Mention About the City.

Gleaned by Members of the Bee Staff—Social and Small Parties at Different Homes.

L. K. Parks is on the sick list.

T. H. Walbridge is in Cleveland.

Mrs. Maurice Baldwin is dangerously ill.

Mr. Frank Olin is expected home Saturday.

Miss Bessie Cummings has returned from Baltimore.

Mr. George Ketcham has returned from Lexington, Ky.

Mrs. Prue, of 1512 Broadway, will entertain next Saturday.

Miss Rogers, of Twelfth street, has returned from Utica, N. Y.

Mrs. Dyer entertains the Whist club at the Jefferson, Saturday evening.

The Pythian club gives a masquerade Saturday evening at Pythian castle.

Mr. E. W. Tolerton is in Salem, where he was called by the illness of his father

Mr. Judd Richardson has moved into his new house in the Walton Bros.' addition.

Mrs. D. Wallace, of Twenty-second street, will be among the entertainers to-night.

Miss Bessie Thomas, of Huron street, s entertaining a party of her young friends this afternoon.

M. G. Bloch left for Boston this afternoon, where he will remain for two weeks on legal business.

Mr. and Mrs. Thos. H. Harper entertained a number of their friends last night in a pleasant manner.

Mr. Horace Suydam is getting along nicely after several weeks of painful duration caused by a broken limb.

Mrs. A. Gandrau and daughter, of Portersville, Cal., are spending a few weeks with Mrs. F. T. West, 1019 Ontario street.

Mr. Arthur A. Graham, of Ravenna, is in Toledo to-day. He improved the occasion to hunt up some of his old Tiffin friends.

The Mathias orchestra went to Monroe, Mich., last night, where they gave an enjoyable entertainment, appreciated by those in attendance. They arrived home this morning.

The society gentlemen of the city will return the compliment bestowed upon them by the ladies giving the leap year party and will, after Lent, return the honor by giving a dancing party.

Miss Nellie Burge gave a delightful progressive pedro party last evening. Late in the evening a dainty lunch was served. Among the guests were the Misses Nellie Wilson, Ina Oblinger, Potter Caddie and Minnie Barks and Messrs. Sam Heller, McCandish, Frank Butts, Percy Ober, John Snyder and Skinner and Mr. and Mrs. Smith.

The funeral of Mrs. Jane Geddes, wife of Judge Geddes, of Adrain, Mich., was held Tuesday in that city. Mr. and Mrs. Fred Geddes, of Toledo attended. Mrs. Geddes was a woman of fine and strong character, prominent in many good works of reform throughout the state. She had exceptional ability in public affairs and her aid and counsel will be greatly missed. She was second mother to Mr. Fred Geddes, his own mother having died when he was a child. Judge Geddes is a man, pre-eminent in his profession, and the sympathy of many sincere friends and attached associates will extend to him in his great bereavement.

Toledo may add to her list of successful social events the leap year party given at Pythian Castle last evening, by the young society ladies of the city. The gentlemen proved themselves to be popular, there being but few, if any, "wall flowers" present. Wolf's orchestra discoursed enchanting music and 'twas early this morning before the last strain of the "Home, Sweet Home" waltz died away. An elaborate supper, furnished by the ladies, was served at midnight. The tables were prettily appointed and decorated with pink and green. The ladies who had charge of this pleasant occasion were appointed on committees as follows: Supper committee—Mrs. Bond Lloyd, Misses Franklin, Alice Baker, West, and Mrs. Dowling. Floor committee—The Misses Gosline, Berdan and Lorenz. Many of the ladies were beautifully attired last evening, prominent among whom were Miss Franklin, in a dainty white costume; Mrs. Bond Lloyd in green; Miss Kittie Baker in a yellow gown; Miss Gosline, a charming white dress trimmed in flowers; Miss Bessie Cummings, a becoming pink costume, and Miss Alice Baker, a stylish blue gown. Many of the ladies presented their escorts with bunches of paper roses tied with long ribbon. There were present about ninety couples, which included the prominent young society people of the city.

212 Summit STREET Up Stairs. | THE HYMAN CO. | WHOLESALE SIDE.

CLOAKS!
CLOTHING
DRESS GOODS.

Just four months ago we opened our doors to the people of Toledo, to do business in a manner never before attempted in this locality. That is, selling wearing apparel on easy payments. Our success was assured from the start; but, like nine out of every ten merchants beginning in a strange locality, we were led to expect too much, and now in consequence thereof we find ourselves greatly overstocked. We have been troubled some time, thinking what to do with this large surplus. Our experience in other places has taught us to never carry over a dollar's worth of goods from one season to the Next. There is no time like the present. We must sell the goods now, sacrifice profit, sacrifice cost, but sell them we must. With this end in view we will inaugurate the greatest Reduction Sale in Clothing, Cloaks and Dress Goods ever known to the citizens of this city. During this sale we will sell

CHOICE OF ANY GARMENT IN OUR HOUSE FOR $15.00

This includes all our $28, $25, $22.50 and $20 Garments.

FOR $12 We will sell Choice of any $18.00, $16.50, $15.00 Garment in the Store. All our $13.50 and $12.00 Garments go during this Sale FOR $10

Not alone do we make this great reduction in prices, but during this sale we will give special terms of credit to all responsible parties. If you are in need of a suit or overcoat, or your wife needs a dress or a cloak, and you have any regard for the contents of your pocket-book, you cannot fail to take advantage of this sale.

212 Summit STREET Up Stairs. | THE HYMAN CO. | WHOLESALE SIDE.

THE POSTOFFICE.

Figures on the Business Done at the Big Building on the Corner.

Through the kindness of the postmaster and his accommodating assistant, the following facts are given relative to the business at the postoffice for January, with some comparisons:

The receipts of the Toledo postoffice and sources of same for the months of January, 1891, and 1892, were as follows:

	1891.	1892.
From sale of stamped envelopes	$ 3,632 40	$ 3,696 90
From sale of newspaper and periodical stamps	1,084 63	1,145 30
From sale of postage due stamps	50 00	75 00
From sale of postal cards	2,100 00	2,800 00
From sale of postage stamps	7,830 00	9,225 00
	$14,697 03	$16,942 20
		$14,697 00
Gain of '92 over 91		$2,245 20

Gain of 1892 over 1891 being 15.21 per cent.

The receipts as above stated for January, 1892, were $16,942.20, of which there was expended for salaries of office clerks and letter carriers $6,423.34, leaving a surplus of $10,518.86. Disposed of as follows: Paid on account railway postal clerks salaries, $6,607.81; remitted government, $3,911.05. Total, $10,518.86.

The total amount of mail handled at the Toledo, Ohio, postoffice during the month of January, 1892, was 2,316,740 pieces, of which 1,232,520 pieces were first-class, and 1,084,220 pieces were of all other classes. The number of errors made in handling the above mail was 88, of which 69 errors were made in the first-class matter and 19 errors in all other classes, making the number of pieces of mail handled correctly to each error made (in matter of the first class) one to every 17,862 pieces, and in all other classes of mail handled one to every 57,064 pieces. The per centage correct of all classes of mail handled during the month of January, 1892, is 99.99.

There were seven case examinations made by the clerks in the distribution department, in which there were 6,985 cards handled and 31 errors made, making the total number of cards handled correctly 6,954. The per centage is 99.55 correct.

The total number of errors made by the patrons of this office during the month named were 2,191 pieces, and was disposed of as follows: Returned to sender, 1,023; corrected and forwarded, 218; wrong address sent to dead letter office, 4; insufficiently addressed sent to dead letter office, 11; illegible address sent to dead letter office, 6; held for postage, first-class, 395; third-class, 421; fourth-class, 113; making the total number of pieces held for postage, 928. Average number of errors made by the patrons of this office each day was 73.

MUSLIN UNDERWEAR | An exquisite line on view. We are sole agents for the famous Simon Sterns make. LASALLE & KOCH.

LOCAL HAPPENINGS.

The Thiede suit was settled in court this afternoon.

Hugh Baily, a vagrant, was fined $10, costs and 15 days, in police court this morning for begging.

John Skeahan and Michael Collins were fined $15, costs and 20 days, in police court this morning for stealing railroad brass.

An error was made in the Bee last evening in stating that arrests of disorderly persons were made in Schwab's saloon. This was not the case.

Insure in the Phoenix Insurance company, of Hartford. John D. Irving & Co., agents, 409 Madison street, Boody house block.

Insure in the Phoenix Insurance company, of Hartford. John D. Irving & Co., agents, 409 Madison street, Boody house block.

In police court this morning the case against William Kent for obtaining money under false pretense was continued until to-morrow.

The regular monthly parlor meeting of First Union will be entertained by Mrs. Bobst, 229 Sixteenth street, from 3 to 5 o'clock to-morrow afternoon.

The vocal class under the direction of Prof. Amos Whiting will meet to-night in Association hall. This class usually meets on Wednesday evenings, but was postponed this week to to-night.

Insure in the Phoenix Insurance company, of Hartford. John D. Irving & Co., agents, 409 Madison street, Boody house block.

The case of Willis Bacon versus W. I. Squire, for services rendered in forming republican clubs, has been settled. Bacon received substantially what he asked, and each paid his share of the costs.

The junior members of the Y. M. C. A. are to be royally entertained to-morrow evening in the way of a concert. The program will be given us to-morrow evening for publication; but we can safely say the entertainment will be a good one, as the Fachutar Brothers with mandolin and guitar, and little Sadie Wortheim, the entertaining elocutionist and violinist, are to be present. The boys have the privilege of bringing other boy friends and parents free of charge.

DROPPED DEAD.

Fostoria, Feb. 4.—Word was received here to-day that A. E. Richards, a former prominent citizen and well known in this part of the state, had dropped dead at his home in Brooklyn.

NEW SILKS | Handsome India Silks. All the new shades and combinations. LASALLE & KOCH.

COVERED AT HIGH TIDE.

London, Feb. 4.—The ship reported ashore at Broad Haven is the River Nith, from Portland, Ore., for Sligo. She is entirely covered at high water.

RAOUL-DUVAL DEAD.

Paris, Feb. 3.—Egard Raoul-Duval, the well-known statesman economist, died to-day, aged 68 years.

NEW HANDKERCHIEFS | Always a complete assortment. LASALLE & KOCH.

OCEAN MARINE.

New York, Feb. 4.—The steamship Arizona, of the Guion line, from Liverpool January 24, arrived off New Jersey Highlands at 10:30 this morning. She is three days behind her usual time.

New York, Feb. 4.—Arrived—Steamship Ems from Bremen.

PIONEER DEAD.

Tiffin, O., Feb. 4.—(Special)—Isaac Wanamaker, a pioneer of Seneca township, died yesterday of the grip, aged 81.

NEW LINENS | Everything new in White Goods. LASALLE & KOCH.

ANOTHER CAR LOAD.

We have just received a car load of fine Pianos in a great variety of finish, encased in the richest mahogany, rosewood and other foreign woods. Your inspection is invited.

J. W. GREENE & CO.,
Pythian Castle.

DR. T. FELIX GOURAUD'S ORIENTAL CREAM, OR MAGICAL BEAUTIFIER

PURIFIES AS WELL AS Beautifies THE SKIN. Removes Tan, Pimples Freckles, Moth Patches Rash and Skin diseases, and every blemish on beauty, and defies detection. It has stood the test of forty years, and is so harmless we taste it to be sure it is properly made. Accept no counterfeit of similar name. Dr. L. A. Sayer said to a lady of the haut-ton (a patient): "As you ladies will use them, I recommend 'Gouraud's Cream' as the least harmful of all the Skin preparations." For sale by alldruggists and fancy goods dealers in the U. S., Canadas and Europe. FERD T. HOPKINS, P., 37 Great Jones St., N. Y.

LATE ADVERTISEMENTS.

WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL AS cook; good wages paid; references required. Apply between 10 and 12 a. m., 1835 Collingwood avenue. 35

WANTED—COOK STOVE. MUST BE cheap, for cash. Address Stove, Bee office. p

LOST, STRAYED OR STOLEN—A BLACK cocker spaniel pup. A suitable reward will be paid for his return or information that will lead to his recovery. R. Waite, 737 Ontario street. p

MONEY TO LOAN ON REAL ESTATE security. Sums to suit. Arlon E. Wilson, Yeager Block, Madison street, near Superior. 4febtm-p

WANTED—A GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework in a small family, at 111 13th street. 4feb2

FOR SALE—GOOD NEWS AND STATIONERY business; 2 years' lease; fine location; good reason for selling; cheap for cash if taken at once. Also cigars and tobacco. Address F. 89, Bee office. 4feb3p

WANTED—IMMEDIATELY, A GOOD girl for general housework. Apply at 325 Eighteenth street.

FOR SALE—HORSE, WAGON AND HARness, $40. Apply at 1035 Prouty avenue. p

HOUSEWORK—WANTED, A GOOD girl; German preferred; good wages to the right party. Apply 1045 Grand avenue. 34

LOST—ON ASHLAND AVENUE CAR, Wednesday, Feb. 3, between 5:30 and 6:00 p. m., a black Llama muff. Suitable reward will be given if returned to 1013 Huron street. 4feb2p

WANTED—SITUATION AS SECOND girl or assistant. Address M. H., 218 Fitch, corner Bacon. 34

WANTED—A GOOD MACHINE HAND; one that understands cutting up stock, at W. I. Wilbur & Co.'s, 412-416 South St. Clair street.

CITY TEACHERS' EXAMINATION.

The City Board of Examiners will hold an examination at the High School building, Toledo, Ohio, Feb. 6th, 1892, at 9 a. m.

BOARD OF EXAMINERS.

WANTED—A MAN TO WASH CARriages H. H. Birkenkam

A COLUMN OF SMILES

Where She Had the Advantage.

She was anxious to go to the reception and she knew that he was not, so she set to work to cajole him into it. She sat down on a little stool at the side of his chair and looked up into his face in her most bewitching way as she asked:

"Are you tired to-night, dear?"

"O, no," he replied as he smiled down at her. "I'm lazy rather than tired."

"But you're not too lazy to do something for me, are you?"

"Certainly not, little woman," he returned. "What is it?"

"Well, you know," she said as she took one of his hands and affectionately stroked it, "the Van Duzens—"

"George! that is to-night, isn't it?" he exclaimed.

"Everyone will be there, Alfred," she pleaded.

"Yes, but hang it all! Mabel, think of my dress suit!"

"It will do, Alfred," she protested.

"Do!" he exclaimed. "It doesn't fit me now and there are spots on it."

"O, well," she said, "it isn't exactly a full dress affair anyway. Something else—"

"Something else! Mabel, you know as well as I do that outside of that I haven't a thing to wear."

"Well, I have almost nothing to wear myself," she argued.

"Of course, but you can appear that way and I can't. Most women do."

He reached for his cigar box, and she felt so insulted that she didn't speak to him for ten minutes.—Chicago Tribune.

While Willie Was Asleep.

Willie was asleep and Dan was lonely. Willie is the minister's son, and Dan is his dog. It was Sunday morning, and every one was at church but these two friends. It was warm and sunny, and they could hear the preaching, for their house was next door to the church. "Dan," said Willie, "it is better here than in church, for you can hear every word." In some way while Willie was listening he fell to sleep. Dan kissed him on the nose, but when Willie went to sleep he went to sleep to stay and did not mind trifles. So Dan sat down with the funniest look of care on his wise, black face, and one ear ready for outside noise. Now the minister had for his subject "Daniel." This was the name he always gave Dan when he was teaching him to sit up and beg and other tricks. While the dog sat thinking, the name "Daniel" fell on his ready ear. Dan at once ran into the church through the vestry door. He stood on his hind legs with his fore paws close beside the minister, who did not see him, but the congregation did. When the minister shouted "Daniel" again the sharp bark said "Yes, sir," as plainly as Dan could answer. The minister started back, looked around, and saw the funny picture. Then he wondered what he should do next, but just then through the vestry came Willie. His face was rosy from sleep, and he looked a little frightened. He walked straight toward his father, took Dan up in his arms and said: "Please 'scuse Dan, papa. I went asleep and he runned away." Then he walked out with Dan looking back on the smiling congregation. The preacher ended his sermon on Daniel as best he could, but then he made a resolve if he ever preached again on the prophet Daniel he would tie up that dog.—Our Little Ones.

Not Lost, but Gone Before.

The Baltimore & Ohio limited was just beginning to move out of the station the other afternoon, when a lame man in a stove pipe hat and a furious haste came skipping frantically along over the neighboring tracks, followed by a man carrying valises.

He had come into the station by a side entrance, and his short cut across the tracks was necessitated by his anxiety to catch the train. But when he reached the platform and could have got aboard he stopped and looked fiercely back past the gates and yelled despairingly:

"Addie! Come on, Addie!"

But no Addie came. And the train glided by and out toward the south.

The lame man's face was a picture that would have delighted Dore's heart. He ground his teeth and flashed his eyes. His lame foot beat a tarantella on the platform. And every few seconds he shrieked "Oh, Addie!" in frantic hoarseness. When you come to think of it it is rather annoying to just catch a train yourself and have to let it go by because your wife has missed it.

By this time the little group of people who had been seeing passengers off were taking great interest in the thing. The railway officials had signalled to hold the train, and it was coming to a stop just outside the grand arch of the station.

Then, while the lame man shrieked, and the people behind the gates looked around to wonder which of them he meant when he yelled "Addie!" in that insane way, a railroad man rushed through the gates on the platform and shouted:

"Your wife's on the train!"

The lame man gasped. Then he spoke. Only this and nothing more:

"The —— she is!" and limped off to the train, while every one on the platform went into convulsions.

Again, when you come to think of it, when you have made an imbecile exhibition of yourself because you thought your wife had missed, and made you miss, the train, and then find that she has been on hand ahead of you—I say, when you think of it, could that lame man have said anything more appropriate?—Chicago Times.

Polite Johnny.

Johnnie Twitchell belonged to a very large family, and although Mamma Twitchell meant to make things come out even at meals, sometimes the children's big appetites would quite exhaust one dish before everybody had as much as he wanted.

So Johnnie was used to hearing his mamma say, "There is no more chocolate, Johnnie, you will have to take milk," or, "The steak is all gone, let me give you some ham."

One evening he was taking tea with a lady, who asked him if he would have milk or water to drink.

"Thank you," said Johnnie, "I will take whichever you have the most of."—Youth's Companion.

Unaccountable Delay.

In the days when the stage was still the prevailing mode of travel in the west, a traveler one day grew incensed at the slow progress made by the vehicle in which he was a passenger. Remonstrating with the stage driver, he said:

"What's the matter with the team this trip? We're going as slow as a New England prayer meeting. I was over this route ten years ago, and we went fast enough then."

"We do seem to be gittin' a little less hump on ourse'f than we did then, fur a fac', pard," said the driver; "but the why of it beats me. These here's the identical broncos we had then."—Harper's.

Quick-Witted.

An actor now famous made his first appearance on the stage in a provincial city where theater-goers were accustomed to make their disapproval felt when an entertainer did not succeed in pleasing them. He was young and nervous, and failed dismally in the part he was endeavoring to present, and soon found himself the target for an assortment of objectionable bric-a-brac. When the uproar was at its highest, one of his disgusted auditors flung a cabbage-head at him. As it fell on the stage the actor picked it up and stepped forward to the foot-lights. He raised his hand to command silence, and when his tormentors paused to hear what he had to say, exclaimed, pointing to the cabbage-head:

"Ladies and gentlemen, I expected to please you with my acting, but I confess I did not expect that any one in the audience would lose his head over it."

He was allowed to proceed without further molestation.—Harper's.

No Mr. Smith.

A writer for the Boston Globe says that he lately met an old acquaintance who rejoiced in the name of John Smith, a name so peculiar that it naturally affords its possessor some amusing experiences.

"Some years ago," said he, "when I was teaching school in Leadville, Col., I was the only Mr. Smith in that city. Don't laugh—hear me out. And when I had been there a month, there wasn't a Mr. Smith in Leadville."

The Boston man looked mystified, and began to intimate that this couldn't be quite true.

"Not so fast," answered Mr. Smith. "I will explain. There were Colonel Smiths, Judge Smiths and General Smiths in Leadville, to be sure, but not one Mr. Smith until I came. I was a school teacher, as I said, and within a month Mr. Smith became Professor Smith.

MR. H. J. BOOTH

To be General Freight Agent of the Wheeling.

Toledo Lines Receive a Communication Regarding the Alton and Commissions That is Interesting—Railroad Earnings.

The promotion of A. G. Blair, of the Wheeling & Lake Erie from traffic manager to general manager also means that another good man will also go up the ladder and that man is H. J. Booth, the present assistant general freight agent of the road. He will be made general freight agent, a position that he can fill with credit to himself and to the company. His appointment will probably be announced officially in a few days. Mr. Booth is one of the best railroad men in this part of the country. He has the business at his tongue and finger tips. His memory in the matter of rates and even the most trivial things in the management of a railroad is wonderful and the man who tries to slip up H. J. Booth generally runs against a snag. His friends will congratulate him on his promotion.

The Grand Finale.

Ticket agents are glad, or rather will be glad, to hear of the following communication received by the officials of Toledo lines this morning relative to commissions and the Chicago & Alton boycott that has fizzled out.

All Toledo lines are ticketing passengers over the Alton with the exception of the Lake Shore which has as yet given no sign of the change in its policy that will doubtless soon be made.

The communication comes from G. R. Blanchard, F. C. Donald, L. P. Farmer and J. F. Goddard and is as follows:

"The circular of this committee, dated April 8, 1891, has been superseded by the following resolutions unanimously adopted at a joint conference of the presidents of the Trunk lines and their immediate western connections.

"Resolved, That the plan of refusing to sell tickets over the lines of the Chicago & Alton in order to prevent that company from subsidizing our agents by the payment of commissions or otherwise has not proved effectual and while this association does not recede from its resolution not to pay commissions or other forms of rebates, etc., or permit other companies to pay our agents commissions or rebates, yet each company member of this association be permitted to resume the sale of tickets to or from points on the Chicago & Alton lines.

Resolved, That if the committee of the joint committee, known as the board of rulings, decide that in their judgment, if any action should be taken by the companies in this association or any one of them in reference to their relations to other companies, their decision shall not become operative upon any member of this association until the same has been reported to this board and approved by it."

This rather lets up on the agents and they will probably go on receiving commissions as of yore. The communication don't say as much, but it cannot result in anything much different.

Rates in Ohio Refused.

The lines in this territory have refused to reduce rates to the following meetings:

Undertakers' association of Northwestern district of Ohio at Tiffin, February 3 and 4.

The Ohio Farmers' Insurance company at Columbus February 29.

Ohio State Bee Keepers' association convention at Cincinnati February 10.

Ohio Central Lines.

The earnings of the Toledo & Ohio Central railroad for the week and month past were as follows:

Fourth week in Jan. 1892	$39,024
Fourth week in Jan., 1891	29,900
Increase	9,124
January, 1892	$116,061
January, 1891	103,035
Increase	13,026

The Toledo, Columbus & Cincinnati earnings were as follows:

Fourth week in Jan. 1891	$8,703
Fourth week in Jan. 1892	7,256
Decrease	1,447
January, 1891	$23,420
January, 1892	22,321
Decrease	1,099

C., M. & St. P. Officials in Town.

A number of Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railroad officials are in Toledo to-day looking after business in this locality. They are J. G. Everest, of Chicago, general traveling passenger agent; D. C. Brady, of Louisville, southern agent, and Harry Mercer, Michigan passenger agent.

The Freight Committee.

A meeting of the freight committee of the Central association will be held at Chicago Tuesday next. Toledo will be well represented. Among other matters to be considered will be that of reducing the milage on refrigerator cars from one cent to three-fourths of a cent per mile.

Cinders Here and There.

Wm. Grogan, manager of the Toledo Car Service association, is home ill today.

General Freight Agent Hudson Fitch, of the Ohio Central lines, is out of town this week.

General Manager J. M. Ferris, of the Ohio Central lines, is down the T. & O. C. and the K. & M.

President C. C. Waite, of the C., H. V. & T., dropped into Toledo for a short time yesterday afternoon and dropped out again.

Chas. F. Wood, traveling passenger agent of the B. & O., was in the city yesterday afternoon.

General Passenger Agent James M. Hall, of the Wheeling & Lake Erie, has been called to Chicago by the serious illness of his sister.

A meeting of the Detroit and Toledo Superintendents' association will be held in this city Wednesday afternoon next at the Boody House at 1 o'clock.

The Wheeling & Lake Erie trains from Toledo to Wheeling are being well patronized. The business thus far fully comes up to the expectation of the company.

A rate of one and one-third fares for the round trip has been authorized to Akron, O., February 10-12, on the occasion of the state Y. M. C. A. convention. Toledo will send a number of delegates.

President Lawrance, Vice-President Greenough and Directors Dillon and Sibley of the Wheeling & Lake Erie departed for New York last evening. They were accompanied part way by General Manager A. G. Blair who returned this morning.

Division Freight Agent J. M. Osborn and George Osborn of the Wabash at Toledo are at Fort Wayne to-day attending a meeting of the Fort Wayne freight committee. The former is presiding over the meeting and the latter is secretary.

Coughs and colds kept off by Simmons Liver Regulator to regulate the system.

INFANTS' WEAR | All the new things. LASALLE & KOCH.

I have sold my stock of millinery and fancy goods to Mrs. Dryfus, of Memphis, Tenn., who will continue the business in the same store, corner Adams and Huron streets. Thanking the public for the generous patronage I have enjoyed, I take this occasion to bespeak for my successor a continuation of the same liberal treatment. Respectfully, MRS. R. WERTHEIM.

FATALLY SHOT.

Covington, Ky., Feb. 4.—Steve Brogan, aged 28, a Kentucky Central engineer, was shot and fatally injured this morning by Richard Gray, an ex-letter carrier. The two men met in the city treasurer's office and got into an altercation when Gray drew a revolver and fired, the bullet penetrating Brogan's abdomen.

Simmons Liver Regulator is the roe of malaria, as it throws off the bile and prevents it accumulating.

The President's Chair at the Toledo Bazar.

Bright lads! Why don't you get that Brown, Eager & Hull offer for solving the President's Chair puzzle?

ENTERTAINMENTS.

Splendid Production of "The Charity Ball"—The Howard Specialty Company.

Daniel Frohman's splendid company in "The Charity Ball" drew a house at Wheeler's that left but little standing room in the theater. The play is a strong one with a good plot, and the company presenting it was of a very high order, without a single poor member. The leading parts were taken by Boyd Putnam as John Van Buren, D. Herbert Leonard as Dick Van Buren, W. A. Sands as Judge Knox, Merrian Bruce as Alex. Robinson, Edythe Chapman as Ann Cruger, Alice Elton as Phyllis Lee, Jeanette Lowrie as Bess, Ethel Greybrooke as Mrs Van Peyston, and Eliza Logan as Mrs. Van Buren. Every one was exactly suited to the part, and the performance was one of the most satisfactory of the season.

At the People's.

Notwithstanding the immense house at Wheeler's last evening, the People's theater was packed and the Boston Howard Athenaeum Specialty company seems to be doing the heaviest business of the season. The performance is of a high order and contains nothing that is in the least objectionable to the most refined lady. Every number is a star performance and there is the secret of this company's great success.

FOUND ANOTHER TASCOTT.

Police Officers in Pittsburg Have an Idea.

They Think That Murderer Fitzsimmons Knows Much About the Killing of Banker Snell.

Pittsburg, Feb. 4.—Police officials here think that Fred C. Fitzsimmons, the murded of Detective Gilkinson of this city, is either Tascott or had a hand in the Snell murder. Fitzsimmons broke jail here several months ago and is now under arrest in New Orleans. Officers are on their way to bring him back.

While detectives were trailing the fugitive murderer it was discovered that Fitzsimmons was in Chicago when the Snell murder was committed and left there about that time.

Since then he would never go near Chicago and has told his friends many times that that was the only city in the United States that he would not visit. This leads to the belief that if he is not Tascott he was concerned in the Snell murder.

A special from New Orleans last night says Fitzsimmons, although talking freely about the murder of Gilkinson and his escape from jail was greatly startled and grew silent when his possible identity as Tascott was mentioned.

He Cut His Throat.

Pittsburg, Feb. 4.—A telegram from the Leader's special correspondent at New Orleans states that Murderer Fitzsimmons, who recently killed detective Gilkinson and made a remarkable escape from the Allegheny county jail, cut his throat in the Parish prison at New Orleans this morning and will die.

Detectives were to start with Fitzsimmons for Pitsburg to-night.

CLUBS AND SOCIETIES.

Monthly Meeting of the Suffrage Association—Some Announcements.

The February meeting of the Toledo Suffrage association was held in Fort Industry block yesterday afternoon, President Rosa L. Segur, presiding. There was a large attendance of members, and a number of visitors were present.

The corresponding secretary, Mrs. Sarah E. Bissell, reported that she had, as instructed by the society, written Gov.-elect McKinley before the inauguration, asking him to refer favorably to school suffrage in his inaugural address. No reply to the letter had been received, and as the ladies knew, no reference to the extension of suffrage to women was embodied in the address.

Samples were submitted to the society of the literature which has been used with so much effect by the Massachusetts School Suffrage association, and on motion Mrs. Bissell was instructed to order a supply for Toledo, to be distributed to members of our school board, teachers and others interested in educational matters.

Mrs. Louise Eck reported that the Cleveland school board has taken action heartily indorsing the movement demanding school suffrage for the women of Ohio.

Miss Anna C. Mott and Mrs. Louise Eck reported on the monthly visit to the police matron, and Mesdames Cravens and Peck were appointed the visiting committee for February.

A full and interesting report on the late national suffrage convention at Washington was given by Mrs. C. Q. Murphy, the report on the progress of the suffrage movement in the United States by Mrs. Williams, and on the progress of the movement in other countries by Mrs. Fray.

The March meeting, which will be on Wednesday afternoon, the 2d, will be the twenty-third annual meeting of this veteran society.

Announcements.

Monthly meeting of the Ys to-morrow afternoon, First Congregational church.

The Union of Unions is in session this afternoon in the Third Presbyterian church.

The Theosophical Reading club will meet this evening with Mrs. Fisk, 1901 Collingwood avenue.

The Catholic club meets to-night in Friendship hall, corner Summit and Jefferson streets. An interesting program has been prepared for the entertainment of the club members and their guests.

NEW EMBROIDERIES AND LACES | Continued arrivals. Many new Veilings. LASALLE & KOCH.

ANNUAL ELECTIONS.

Toledo Savings Bank—Result of Yesterday's Elections.

Yesterday afternoon the Toledo Savings Bank and Trust company elected the following officers and directors: Charles F. Curtis, president; Charles L. Reynolds, vice president; John J. Barker, cashier; directors—Chas. F. Curtis, Richard Waite, Thos. Vanstone, Chas. I Reynolds, O. A. Bostwick, Wm. W. Williams, John J. Barker, Isaac N. Poe, Peter B. Franklin.

The annual election of the Toledo Moulding company has been postponed.

At the meeting of the directors of the Toledo Cotton Mills company held yesterday afternoon, L. S. Baumgardner was elected president, G. G. Hadley vice president, and F. B. Dodge secretary and treasurer.

At the meeting of the Libbey Glass company's directors yesterday the old officers were re-elected, Mr. E. D. Libbey being president.

SHELL PINS POCKETBOOKS | Many new ones. LASALLE & KOCH.

President's Chair, 15c, at Nicholas & Buchanan's.

NEW DRESS GOODS | Early spring suitings. Cheviots, alligator weaves, Scotch and English mixtures. New colorings. LASALLE & KOCH.

PUT-IN-BAY MONUMENT BILL.

Washington, Feb. 4.—(Special)—In the senate to-day Mr. Brice introduced a bill for a monument at Put-in-Bay to Commodore Perry and those who took part in the battle of Lake Erie. Referred to library committee.

MAVERICK BANK.

Washington, Feb. 4.—The attorney general has appointed George G. Robinson, of Massachusetts, special assistant attorney in the prosecution of the cases against the officers of the Maverick bank of Boston; also Robert G. Evans, of Minnesota, special assistant attorney in the prosecution of suits against the Northern Pacific railroad company.

The Throat.—"Brown's Bronchial Troches" act directly on the organs of the voice. They have an extraordinary effect in all disorders of the throat.

HERE, YOU WITNESSES,

Call at the County Clerk's Office

And Get Your Fees for the Truths Told in Various Cases Heard in Common Pleas Court.

From year to year hundreds of people are summoned to appear as witnesses in the common pleas court of this county. Each day in attendance they report to the clerk in the court room, and when their presence is no longer required, a voucher is tendered for the amount. This voucher, except in criminal cases, is not payable until the costs in the case on which it was issued have been paid, which may be one month, six months, one year, or never. A great many men appear as witnesses, and when they are through put the voucher in their pocket and never think of it again. In this way, quite a sum accumulates each year, and is held by the clerk for the many owners. The following list shows the names of witnesses who have an interest in this surplus and just what it amounts to:

Mrs. Arndorf	$1.00
Adda Abbott	2.00
Konslanty Asbail	3.00
Edna Andrews	1.00
J. A. Alkin	.95
Lillie Allen	1.00
A. H. Andrews	1.00
C. M. Adams	1.00
Fred Allen	1.00
A. Brenningstall	1.70
G. Burns	1.00
Chas. M. Berry	.75
Calvin Bragg	.25
J. M. Brown	1.00
Wm. Brown	1.00
W. E. Brigham	1.00
Susan Beanthon	1.50
M. N. Brenthsen	1.70
Victoria Buehall	1.00
Victoria Bell	1.00
Ben Meister	3.00
Mrs. Borden	3.00
Mrs. Geo. Brogan	1.00
Radford Burge	1.00
Mr. Brown	2.00
Wm. Backus	2.00
Wm. Beatty	2.00
G. B. Boone	1.00
W. M. Batcheider	5.00
D. C. Baxter	2.00
R. H. Bell	2.00
M. Boos	1.00
John Bladon	1.30
Frank Burnett	1.30
Geo. Bauser	1.30
Christ Browgel	1.30
W. Carl	2.60
A. Carl	1.00
Geo. Clark	1.00
H. J. Carlton	1.00
C. A. Cole	.75
Thos. Casterer	4.20
Mrs. Colburn	1.00
W. D. Canterberry	1.00
M. P. Clark	2.00
J. H. Comer	1.00
W. A. Clark	2.00
L. S. Churchhill	1.00
B. M. Campbell	2.00
J. G. Colony	1.00
J. Colony	2.00
Frank Christleb	1.30
Alonzo Christleb	1.30
John Courts	1.30
Chas. S. Cusson	1.30
Edward Casey	1.30
Dr. Cherry	1.00
B. F. Cook	1.00
—— Daily	2.00
A. Demuth	1.75
Phoebe Dixon	.75
C. Dodge	1.00
L. H. Deal	2.00
J. P. Devlin	2.00
L. F. Darling	2.00
R. G. Dawkins	1.00
Chas. Drolland	1.00
E. Daville	1.00
Burt Dixon	1.30
Phoebe Dixon	1.30
Dr. Devilbus	1.30
T. Dixon	1.30
R. M. Elliott	2.00
B. W. Evits	.75
Geo. E. Eigler	1.00
Thos. Edwards	1.00
Wm. J. Frederick	.75
A. P. Tray	1.00
J. Fischer	1.00
H. D. Fallis	3.00
P. Francomy	3.00
H. Fetter	2.00
H. Fyfield	1.00
John Forkes	1.00
H. Googenheimer	2.00
D. W. Gibbs	1.00
Arthur Greiner	1.00
Simmon Gerschotte	1.00
Gergie Griffin	1.00
Jacob Gross	2.60
Adam Gross	2.00
Charles Gable	4.00
Chas. Gross	1.00
M. Geroe	1.00
—— Glowezwski	1.00
M. Hugik	1.00
Mr. Haage	1.00
B. Henderson	1.50
J. R. Hiett	4.20
John Herbert	3.00
E. Herman	2.00
F. Havland	2.60
T. B. Hanks	2.00
Jos. Hahn	1.00
Kittie Hilsenbeck	4.00
Dr. Hathaway	1.00
Arthur Hull	1.00
Samuel Houston	4.00
F. Hubbard	2.00
C. A. Howe	1.00
I. W. Heydrick	1.00
T. Higgins	2.00
F. Harmon	1.00
C. Herrick	1.00
Chas. Harnes	1.30
F. Holmes	1.30
Mrs. Irvin	2.00
John P. Jones	1.00
W. M. Johnson	1.00
S. H. Johns	1.00
John Jenkins	3.00
W. P. Jackson	2.00
Geo. Johnson	1.00
A. Kreise	1.00
J. B. Ketcham	1.00
Otto Kosler	1.00
Katharine Kirschner	1.50
Mrs. D. M. Kurch	1.00
J. Kackmeister	1.00
Mr. C. C. Keysor	3.85
C. C. Keysor	.75
Henry Kobb	1.00
C. J. Keen	2.00
Thos. Keen	1.00
M. Kean	3.00
L. B. Kles	1.30
G. P. Lester	1.70
F. B. Losee	1.00
D. W. Locke	1.00
Geo. Leid	1.75
Jerome Lewis	1.00
P. C. Lewis	.95
Patrick Lane	1.00
Chas. Lal	1.00
Mrs. M. I. Lacy	1.00
W. Lyon	1.00
C. T. Lewis	1.00
Frank Leroux	1.00
F. B. Losee	2.00
Albert Loaker	1.30
Mike Linder	1.00
John Lenner	1.00
B. Mickens	2.70
B. F. Miller	2.00
Henry Myers	1.75
C. W. Mannahan	1.00
Ezra Mann	1.65
T. McCarthy	1.00
Anna Malone	1.00
Mrs. T. Munday	1.00
Herman Miller	1.00
Wm. Maher	2.00
Herman Meyer	1.00
Christ Martin	1.00
J. M. Mitchell	4.00
Homer Mecham	2.00
W. Mace	1.00
W. Mohr	2.00
Mrs. A. Martin	1.30
E. W. Miller	1.30
Ed. McDonald	1.30
S. B. Milton	1.30
Mr. Merrill	1.00
Mrs. A. Newton	.75
Dr. Newton	1.30
Prof. E. Orton	1.30
Alice O'Brien	1.00
Dan O'Brien	1.00
S. Pool	2.60
J. M. Pemberthy	2.00
John Pickett	1.00
M. W. Pease	2.25
Lewis Pilliod	4.00
C. C. Packard	1.00
D. Perrin	1.00
John Pratt	1.00
H. Remerly	2.00
John Ryan	1.85
Michael Riley	1.00
Charles Rubily	1.00
J. Reynolds	5.00
J. C. Rike	1.00
Geo. Remley	1.00
Sanford Rushlong	1.30
Clark Reed	1.30
Carrie Reynolds	1.30
Paul Raymond	1.00
E. P. Raymond	1.00
G. N. Skinner	1.00
L. C. Snyder	3.00
W. N. Smith	1.70
Mrs. A. Schaffer	2.00
Miss J. Shaw	2.00
B. F. Stevens	1.00
James Statts	2.60
Thos. Schoeker	2.00
James Strub	1.00
W. W. Scolls	1.00
Mrs. M. Spear	5.00
Jessie Sedgwick	3.00
Mr. St. John	2.00
Frank Snider	2.00
Fred Seins	2.70
J. H. Sharkey	2.00
J. H. Southard	1.00
Wm St. John	1.00
A. St. John	2.00
George Shanks	3.00
George Simmons	1.30
W. S. Stells	1.30
B. S. Stein	1.30
David Shrines	2.00
Loys Ten Eyck	2.70
Nell Tible	1.00
C. Torman	1.00
Mrs. Tipping	3.00
F. Thomas	1.00
Herbert Thayer	1.00
R. C. Tagert	1.00
Elmer Tompkins	4.50
John G. Tucker	1.00
A. Taylor	2.00
Dr. Towers	1.30
Edward Thomas	1.30
Edward Upton	1.30
Mrs. Valentine	1.00
Mrs. Van Tassel	1.00
C. A. Voeltriede	3.00
J. W. Vance	1.30
C. Van Wormer	1.30
A. Vermass	1.30
C. G. Vermass	1.30
C. Wunegocht	1.00
Gus Weitz	1.00
Samuel Woods	2.00
Norah Williams	1.00
Mrs. Wells	1.00
Wm. Wood	3.00
G. W. Wood	1.00
Cora B. Winn	1.00
J. R. Winfield	1.00
P. Watson	1.00
P. M. Wilkinson	1.00
John Woods	2.00
Mrs. M. A. Young	1.00
Geo. Young	1.30

COAL RATES TO TOLEDO.

An Official Speaks About the Discrimination.

Regarding the Hocking Valley and Ohio Central railroad's discrimination against Toledo in the matter of rates on coal to Toledo, in which they, in connection with other lines, carry coal into Cleveland at 85 cents per ton, while to this city the rate is $1.10 per ton, a prominent official of an uninterested coal road, this morning said:

"The statement in the Bee last evening regarding the unjust discrimination against Toledo in coal rates was correct. It is certainly not treating Toledo fairly, but it is not at all probable that the wrong will be righted. You see the low rate into Cleveland is partially controlled by the roads centering there and as there is coal nearer Cleveland than the fields from which the Hocking or Ohio Central draw from, the lines from this near-by coal district can make a low rate and do. Consequently the lines with longer hauls must meet this lower rate or stop doing the business. No such condition exists in the case of Toledo.

"While the rate on coal for local use is greater than to Cleveland, on coal that is reshipped by vessel it is the same.

"Still this is a discrimination against Toledo."

TEXAS STOCKMEN.

Annual Meeting, Address, and Election of Officers.

Austin, Tex., Feb. 4.—At the Texas stockmen's convention every one of the members were present.

After an address of welcome by Mayor McDonald, the convention listened to an address by Gov. Hogg.

The governor reviewed the stock interests of the state, quarantine regulations and the transportation question. The following were reported for permanent officers:

President, Hon. J. B. Rector; secretary, George H. Lovegin. Some of the topics for discussion are: Railroad rates on live stock; Texas cattle fever and quarantine regulations; needed legislation on live stock interests in Texas; reckless handling and unnecessary delay of railroads in handling live stock, and exorbitant charges on live stock by commission merchants and feed yards.

Resolutions were offered proposing experiments and investigation to clear Texas cattle of ticks, so northern cattle will not be affected by them, the investigation to be made at the Texas Agricultural and Mechanical college.

OLD HURON COUNTY CITIZEN.

Charles Sidney Brown Dead at the Age of 83.

Norwalk, O., Feb. 4.—(Special)—Charles Sidney Brown, one of the most prominent and best know farmers in this county, died at his home this morning on his farm in Ridgefield township, two miles west of this city, aged 83 years.

His brother, Henry, aged 81, lives in this city.

Another brother, William P., aged 92, still lives at Freeport, Ill.

The latter built the old American house in this city 57 years ago.

CRANK AFTER GOULD.

New York, Feb. 4.—A crank giving the name of Ephraim Pine, of Millville, N. J., has been hanging around the building in which Jay Gould's office is situated for two days, saying that he must have a million and a half dollars to carry out some schemes of his. He carries a mysterious black bag and asks every one to tell him when Mr. Gould comes in.

Under the direction of the Legislature of Ohio, the State Food and Dairy Commissioner Gen. S. H. HURST, examined the leading brands of baking powder (30 in all) and the following is Gen. HURST's verdict:

"Cleveland's Superior is absolutely the best baking powder manufactured."

S. H. Hurst

Late Ohio Food Commissioner.

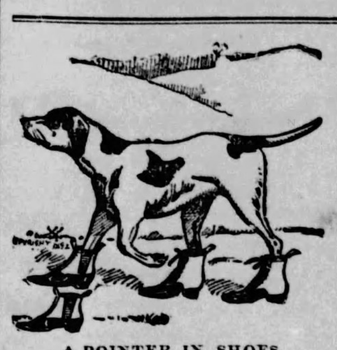
LOOK OUT!!!

for these imitations and substitutes, they are poor stuff at the best and increase your misery. Take Simmons Liver Regulator only. You will know it by the large red Z on the face of every package and by the relief it gives when taken for Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Constipation, Biliousness and Sick Headache.

TAKE SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR ONLY

DR. MARSTON'S TREATMENT FOR THE CURE OF Nervous Debility, Lost Manhood, Impotence, Lack of Development, Kidney and Bladder Disorders, Night Sweats, Varicocele and all diseases brought on by imprudence or neglect. Without Stomach Medicine. Has never failed in ten years. Illustrative Treatise free, sent sealed. Address, MARSTON REMEDY CO. 19 PARK PLACE, NEW YORK, N.Y.

ROBERT LEIBIUS IS NOW IN THE EAST FOR NOVELTIES —IN— DRAPERIES, ETC.



A POINTER IN SHOES.

We've a Lot of Broken Lots —OF— Cork-Soled Shoes! That We're Selling Cheap!

You Know what that Means—Cheaper than any one else.

Reinhart & Murphy, 443 Summit Street, near Oak.

20 PER CENT. OFF!

Now is the time to buy an OVERCOAT, ULSTER, OR BOYS' CAPE OVERCOAT!

We are selling all Winter Overcoats 20 per cent. off the regular price. Great bargains and splendid values for the money.

FRED EVERSMAN & CO.

$5.00 FOR 30 DAYS!

PROF. CHAMBERS & CO.

Will issue tickets good for one month's treatment. Don't fail to take advantage of this offer and see what we can do for you, no matter what ails you. Come and try it one month and be convinced that we can do more for you than any other institution in the United States.

Dr. C. Storz, who speaks both German and English, will have charge of the Medical Department, his services being procured as Medical Director. All who call will receive Consultation, Examination and One Treatment Free. Those living at a distance can send for question blank and receive a diagnosis Free by mail. Address or call at

PROF. CHAMBERS & CO., SATITARIUM AND INSTITUTE, Office hours daily 8 a. m. to 9 p. m. Sundays 9 a. m. to 1 p. m. 702 MADISON ST. - - TOLEDO, OHIO

BEE DIRECTORY

TOLEDO'S ENTERPRISING MANUFACTURERS AND WHOLESALE ESTABLISHMENTS.

TO THE PUBLIC—The firms represented in this Department are reliable in every way. Their goods are the best made and they are recommended to the readers of the BEE in cities and towns everywhere as proper persons with whom to deal. Letters addressed to any of them will receive courteous attention and orders will be promptly filled. These firms do much toward making business of this section brisk at all times, and are worthy of your patronage.

MACHINERY.	MACHINERY.	MACHINERY.	FURNACES
TOLEDO MACHINE & TOOL CO. Mnfrs. of Presses, Dies and Special Machinery, Elevators, Shafting and Pulleys. Cor. Superior and Oak Sts.	Baker Bros. Planers, Moulders, Saw Benches, Tenoners, etc. Shafting Hangers and Pulleys. 369 and 371 ERIE ST.	Enterprise Machine Co. Foundry and Machine Shop 608 Short st. Repairing Promptly Attended to; castings of all kinds.	Hoffman & Harpst, PRACTICAL TINNERS And dealers in the "Floral City Furnace" 220 CHERRY ST.
SAWS.	**PAINTS.**	**HEATING.**	**MILLERS.**
The Standard SAW takes the lead. Manufactured by H. BARTLEY, Toledo, O.	BUCKEYE PAINT & VARNISH CO. Prepared Paints, White and Colored Leads.	Isaac D. Smead & Co. Warming and Ventilating Engineers, manufacturers of Warming and Ventilating Apparatus.	Bechtol, Carney & Co., CENTRIFUGAL MILLS Mfrs. FLOUR, 229 to 233 Lynn Street
CONTRACTOR.	**BRIDGES.**	**BRIDGES.**	**SEED MERCHANTS.**
T. H. HAMILTON, BRIDGE BUILDER, Pile Driver and General Contractor, HARTFORD BLOCK.	THE SMITH BRIDGE CO TOLEDO, - - OHIO	THE MASSILON BRIDGE CO., Massillon, Ohio. TOLEDO OFFICE NOS. 1 & 2 Darst Block, Adams St.	CHAS. STAGER & SON CLOVER AND TIMOTHY, 123 & 125 N. ERIE ST.
PORK PACKERS.	**CRACKER MFRS.**	**CARRIAGES.**	**FILTERS.**
JACOB FOLGER, PORK PACKER AND SAUSAGE MANUFACTURER, Dealer in Meats. 87 and 89 St. Clair Street.	M. SEYFANG & Co., Wholesale CRACKER, BREAD and CAKE BAKERS, 17—Market Space—19	FRED. KOCH Manft. Carriages and Wagons Repairs and Painting, 215 Locust St., bet. Summit and Water St.	Stevens Filter Co. MFR. OF UPWARD, SELF-CLEANSING FILTERS 222 and 224 Water
BRASS AND IRON.	**IRON WORKS.**	**BRASS FOUNDER.**	**WIRE & IRON WKS**
SHAW, KENDALL & CO. Mfrs and Dealers in BRASS & IRON GOODS for water, gas and steam wr

The Bee

THE TOLEDO BEE COMPANY. | Elmer White, F. P. Chapin, G. G. Hadley.

THE LEADING EVENING DAILY OF OHIO

THE DAILY BEE, Five Dollars a year, ten cents a week. Eight pages every day.

THE WEEKLY BEE, One Dollar a year, eight pages, eight columns each.

Home Office in New Bee Building, 326 St. Clair Street; New York Office, room 206, Potter building, opposite postoffice.

Telephones, Editorial 353; Counting Room 102

TOLEDO, OHIO, FEBRUARY 4, 1892.

Major Overman's trial is in progress in Cleveland. His many Toledo friends hope he will be able to clear himself of the grave charges against his fair reputation.

Grover Cleveland will address the students of the Michigan university on the 22d of this month. The occasion will call a great crowd to Ann Arbor. Grover's talks are always entertaining and the people are ever ready to accord a generous welcom to the foremost citizen of the United States.

The brothers and sisters of Riggin have filed their claim for indemnity for the killing of William Riggin by the Valparaiso mob. Considering the swiftness with which the United States government deals with individual claims, they have done well to be prompt. If the usual course is followed, their great-grandchildren may get the benefit.

Toledo is asking too much of Gov. McKinley. There's Emmick for oil inspector; Kirkby for railroad commissioner; George Fields for penitentiary manager, and a candidate for labor commissioner. As Mr. Fields is a highly respectable American citizen of African descent the able-bodied white office seekers ought to step aside and give George a chance. That would make precept and pratice harmonious twins.

The Louisiana lottery is doomed by the decision of the supreme court, that congress has full power over the mails. And the opinion covers the ground so entirely, the practice of publishing circulars and advertisements in Canadian papers and transmitting them through United States mails is also prohibited. If the express and telegraph companies are resorted to, congress can very soon meet that evasion through its power to regulate inter-state traffic of every description. In short, as said, the disgrace is doomed.

Looks now as if a scapegoat had been discovered in the Keystone bank investigation. His name is Henry H. Yard. One wonders why this back-yard prime mover in the conspiracy has not been brought prominently in before. The mystery surrounded him seems not to be deep or impenetrable. The books appear to tell the whole story. It is a case of false certificates issued with no deposits made, and a dispatch says the revelation "promises to unravel the mystery of the disappearance of the bank's entire capital."

The Chicago University which is richly endowed by John D. Rockefeller, gives promise of quickly taking a leading position among the educational institutions of the world. What other universities and colleges have accomplished by patient trudging Chicago expects to grasp at a jump. With a prodigal salary fund the broad-minded president and the liberal regents are able to command a faculty at once recognized as the leading instructors on both sides of the ocean. Such measures are certain to insure success and Chicago, as an educational center will, as in all other things, be cosmopolitan and metropolitan.

The Vermont maple-sap-boilers get a round $100,000 in bounties as the first instalment under the new law. And thus does the farmer who was too sensible to cut down his maple groves get his reward. The farmer who raises corn and cabbage alongside his lucky neighbor, will remind himself that he is helping make up the sugar fund which goes to favored ones via the United States treasury. There is no tax on sauer kraut, to protect us from competition with the pauper labor of Germany. It is hoped the farmers and laborers generally who voted for this law which grants bonus-to-some-out-of-the-pockets-of-others, will eventually understand its full significance.

"Wool is the keystone of the arch of protection," says Henry Watterson. And New England is hammering at the keystone. The plea of the Wool Consumers' Association to be presented to congress, makes an honest tariff reformer smile. "You may retain the tax (modified somewhat) on the manufactured product, in the interest of protection to labor!" The confessed selfishness and favoritism of the whole system is wrapped up in this little plea for free raw wools. Every individual and every corporation would like to arrange protective taxation to suit their business profits without regard to the rest of the country. Of course, when everybody is equally favored, nobody is benefited. It takes a long time for some of those who "get left" to understand this foundation fact in the ethics of tariff protection.

The Boston Herald sorts out the free-trade benefit of the Blaine amendment to the McKinley bill and compares the commerce covered by it to that under the prohibitive sections:

So far as the McKinley law acted in the direction of enlarging the free list, it has been of unqualified advantage. Our importations of sugar have increased tremendously, and have led to immense enlargements in the refining industry. Still more significant—because it has afforded larger opportunities for labor—have been the increases in the importation of jute, manilla and sisal grass, which were all transferred to the free list. The importations from the East Indies, from India and Yucatan of these different species of vegetable fibre have been unparalleled in magnitude, and the various cordage factories and jute mills have had all they could do in the work of converting these raw materials into various commodities fit for use. But in the other trades, the trades that were carefully protected by the tariff, both as to their raw materials and their manufactured article, these happy results have not been achieved. There has been hesitancy and uncertainty on the part of the buyers and disappointment and loss on the part of the manufacturers and sellers.

The Ohio senate has agreed upon a congressional redistricting bill which gives the democrats five districts. We must say that the Ohio republicans do not belie their grasping disposition when they take two-thirds of a congressional delegation in a state where the majority averages less than 15,000 in a total vote of 800,000. In the new arrangement Northwestern Ohio is given three democratic districts, the fourth, comprising Allen, Auglaize, Darke, Mercer and Shelby; the fifth—Crawford, Erie, Marion, Ottawa, Sandusky, Seneca and Wyandot; and the sixth—Defiance, Henry, Paulding, Putnam, Van Wert and Williams. The tenth district, comprising Lucas, Fulton and Wood, is everlastingly republican. Just what ambitious statesmen are responsible for this senate bill is not revealed, though Senator McConica, of Hancock, succeeded in placing his county in a strong republican district. If the tenth district is established as proposed, Lucas republicans will have a merry row and neither Fulton nor Wood will have a thing to say in the convention. They will be political nothings though their republican vote in November will be expected to help swell the majority. Col. Brigham, of Fulton, is still ambitious to go to congress, but, though a big man of brains, he will have to stand back for such manipulators as Griffin and Emmick. Toledo ward politics will boss the whole job. The only redeeming feature of the senate bill is the separation of Lucas and Erie. Not that either party desires political separation, but two congressmen from this lake section will be able to acomplish much more than one representative for the marine interests. The house republicans may not take kindly to the senate bill and several changes hereabout may be made before the arrangement is perfected to suit all the statesmen.

THE FAMINE IN RUSSIA.

Fourteen millions people suffering for food in the largest empire in the world, an empire embracing one-sixth of the land of the globe. The population of all the Russias is 100,372,553; of European Russia, 85,058,415, spread over an area of 2,088,419 square miles. One hundred different nationalities make up this population and forty languages are spoken. European Russia is divided into fifty states or provinces, for administrative purposes, and in thirteen of these the famine prevails in a greater or less degree. United States Minister Smith, at St. Petersburg, writes that it is the general opinion of well-informed persons in the capitals of the country that, from an economic point of view, the emancipation of the serfs has been the curse of the country. Count Tolstoi says "the railways have ruined the provinces," having made the inequalities of life greater, ruining the peasant and not benefiting the gentleman. The wealthy have robbed the estates and peasantry and squandered their fortunes in Paris and Monte Carlo, making a slow process of exhaustion of the provinces, which has now, through failure of crops, precipitated the present disaster.

The thirteen provinces included in the official report, and where the famine is general, cover an area equal to the New England states, middle states and eight contiguous southern states. The population, all told, is about 17,000,000. The peasant farmers are not able to make any savings and three years of short crops, with other reasons aforesaid, have brought them to starvation. Minister Smith, who is in communication with the Tolstois and other relief companies, says, in a cable dispatch to the New York Herald:

Through February and March the roads will be good, and all energies should be directed to pouring provisions into the suffering provinces. The rivers are frozen. Two or three railroads run into the famine-stricken region, but there are no branches of these railroads, and all provisions must be carried for long distances on sledges. The problem is how to carry enough during the next three months, not only for immediate use but also to tide over the period until the next harvest shall be realized, which should be in July. In the middle of March or 1st of April the winter will break up and the roads will become heavy or difficult. The horses now available for transportation will be needed for spring farming.

This vast section is agricultural and the richest and ordinarily the most fruitful soil of Russia.

The destitution is not universal, as there are those whose accumulations have saved them from want, and there are some spots preserved from blight by irrigation where a good harvest was reaped, but at the best estimate the proportion of suffering is enormous.

From this will be seen that what is to be done must needs be done promptly. The famine will cost the government a billion roubles (five hundred millions dollars). It is said the emperor's ministers make grateful mentions of the interest manifested in the United States, but as yet little aid has been received from outside the empire.

The Boston Globe enthusiastically commends the University Extension courses; it says: "The colleges seem to have started out in the art of condensation. A whole volume of philosophy can easily be put into a single lecture and lodged in the heads of 50,000 people, with the professor on the spot to clear up points that do not appear plain. In this way the essentials of a whole college course can be distributed among the people and save the labor of wading through tons of circumlocution.

"The boiling-down process applied to education is a most promising move. It means the digging out of essential knowledge from the accumulated rubbish of words and its distribution on business principles where it will do the most good."

If our society editors want to keep up, they must catch the English form of speech and denominate balls, dinners and like events, "functions." Mrs. Astor's annual ball was said to be "a function which pulled society together"—not a remarkably graceful bit of description.

New York may have an exposition after all. Some Mexican traders are planning to open a permanent exhibition of Mexican wares, in that city, after the close of the Chicago fair. New York can have fairs and monuments and lots o' things if outsiders will pay the bills.

The splendid silver set presented the cruiser San Francisco by the city for which it was named cost $7,500, and the amount was raised by the citizens inside forty-eight hours. That beats the New York way.

An exchange has big head-lines "The whisky trust in deep water." This will suit the W. C. T. U.

Staid old Connecticut is about the worst behaved state in the Union just now.

BISHOP HORSTMANN.

Archbishop Elder Will Officiate at the Consecration.

Philadelphia, Feb. 4.—Invitations have been sent by Bishop-elect Horstmann to the clergy of the archdiocese to be present at the ceremonial of his consecration as bishop of the diocese of Cleveland, O. Archbishop Elder, of Cincinnati, will perform the ceremony at the cathedral on the morning of February 25. Archbishop Ryan will preach the sermon.

In the afternoon Bishop Horstmann will have the clergy as his guests at a farewell dinner in the foyer of the academy.

Dr. Horstmann is president of the American Catholic Historical society, and that body has sent its congratulations to him. Dr. Horstmann will not resign the presidency of that body as contemplated.

ABOUT PEOPLE.

The Grand Duchess Sergius of Russia is so strikingly beautiful that she is known as "The Crowned Ophelia."

George Moore, the novelist and essayist, is a red-headed man, who looks very much, it is said, like Emile Zola. Another notable red-headed man is Swinburne, the poet.

Julien Gordon, otherwise known as Mrs. Van Rensselaer Cruger, weeps profusely and refuses to be comforted when her books are unfavorably criticised by the newspapers.

William Lloyd Garrison told the Massachusetts Woman's Suffrage association, a few days ago, that he hoped that his children might live to see a woman president of Harvard college.

Walter Besant, the author, is a man who looks as if he was a vigorous representative of late middle life and, though he is gray-haired and wears a grizzled beard, he has the voice and manners of a younger man.

Dr. Wesley Newcomb, who died at Ithaca recently, aged 84, was a great conchologist and was a correspondent of the conchologists of Europe. His collection of shells was one of the largest in the world and took 22 years to collect. It is now owned by Cornell university.

Dan Rice, who was a circus man before Barnum and the greatest clown of the century, is engaged in the real estate business in New York and has been making money at it. He is devoting his time outside of his business to writing his memoirs.

MENTIONED ON THE STREETS.

That bell straps on the Dorr street car line are in need of repairs.

That it is not considered that the winter of 1892 has closed by any means.

That this year's charity ball will be more brilliant than those of the past.

That oil circles have not been ruffled by the flurry in the Manhattan company.

That the Ketcham stock farm is proving a good advertising medium for the city.

That new time schedules are in effect on the Pennsylvania and W. & L. E. lines.

That there is still considerable sickness among the members of the fire department.

That the natural gas enterprise is not proving the bonanza it was cracked up to be.

That Charley Hirssig will be a candidate for street commissioner against Henry Bower.

That the Builders' exchange, properly managed, will be beneficial to all connected with it.

That the Ys will give their national superintendent a rousing reception on her visit to Toledo.

That many city merchants are up to their ears in business taking their annual inventory of stock.

That Capt. Dowling is authority for the statement that Hill stock is above par in New York city.

That all but three or four of the junior class in the High school are in their seats after attacks of the grip.

That the Ohio men cannot be kept down, as is again shown in the case of Governor Boyd, of Nebraska.

That the Saturday afternoon Sunday school teachers' meeting at the First Congregational church is growing in members and interest.

That the new armory building is looming up in great shape. The military will soon have a chance to hold a reception within its walls.

That J. Cooper Price still has a kindly interest in the Adams Street Mission, notwithstanding his retirement from the superintendency.

That L. G. Richardson would willingly drop the honor of secretary of the Humane society, but the members will not have it that way.

That infractions of the revenue laws are becoming less frequent, as they prove too costly, Uncle Sam being an exacting customer to deal with.

That George Lebbius will take a hand in politics this spring as an applicant for the police clerkship at the hands of the democratic convention.

That great arrangements are being made outside of Toledo for a ball club, but there does not appear to be much of a rush within the city limits.

That Manager Heston is back once more from the gas field, and several wells, more or less, have been turned into the city line.

That Ralph Holbrook is willing to drop the title of captain to assume that of alderman, if the republican voters of the Seventh ward are satisfied.

That Mayor Emmick can easily explain the opposition to his candidacy for oil inspectorship. It would not be so great if Doc Smith were promised the Toledo deputyship.

That the retirement of M. D. Woodford from the presidency of the Wheeling & Lake Erie road is much regretted by Toledoans, but he can do a good turn for the city in his position with the C., H. & D.

It Is Not a Jingo Document.

"Let us labor for the abolition of war as a last resort in case of differences between nations"—such is the appeal of a circular addressed to the Society of the Sons of the Revolution. It is signed, among others, by the two ex-presidents, Hayes and Cleveland, and by Vice-President Morton, but neither the name of President Harrison nor that of Secretary Blaine is in the list.—Springfield (Mass.) Republican.

Not a Bit.

Discoursing of his proposed investigation of the methods of the pension office Representative Enloe says: "I don't suppose it makes much difference with President Harrison what Raum has been doing outside the office." Nor inside the office, either.—Chicago Times.

Small Wonder It Hitches.

The Cullom presidential boom is still run by the old-fashioned overhead trolley system.—Washington Post.

MOMMSEN IS DEAD.

The Celebrated German Historian Has Ended His Life Work.

New York, Feb. 4.—The Staats Zeitung announces the death at Kiel, Germany, of Prof. Theodore Mommsen, the eminent historian. Mommsen was born at Gerding, Holstein, November 30, 1817. When only 25 years of age he wrote a historical work which gained him distinction, and from that time his fame increased until he was recognized as Germany's greatest scholar and antiquarian.

His principal work was the history of Rome, by which the previous modern conception of Roman life and politics was greatly modified.

SENT BACK.

Jack Kerwin, the Pugilist, Arrested for Violating a Workhouse Parole.

Jack Kerwin, the light-weight pugilist, was yesterday arrested and sent to the workhouse for violating his parole. Last summer Kerwin was arrested for engaging in a prize fight and given a heavy fine and workhouse sentence. Soon after he was paroled on a promise to pay his fine and to quit fighting. Lately he has not come to the front with the money, and as the authorities were dissatisfied with the character of Kerwin's club rooms, he was taken in by the police and will serve out his term.

CLEVELAND AT HOME.

He Dodges the Reporters and Refuses to Talk Politics.

New York, Feb. 4.—Ex-President Cleveland returned last night from his pleasure trip to the south. A number of reporters attempted to interview him on politics, but the subject was always cleverly evaded.

On all other subjects, however, he was voluble enough. He finally escaped from the reporters and left for his home at Lakewood, N. J.

DYNAMITE ON THE TRACK.

Pittsburg, Feb. 4.—Pittsburg, Allegheny and Manchester electric car No. 102 ran over a dynamite cartridge on Beaver avenue, Allegheny. The car was thrown from the track and nearly all the windows in it broken. The windows in the houses near by were also shattered. There were 12 men, employes of the company, on the car, but no one was badly hurt.

ROBBED THE MAIL VANS.

New York, Feb. 4.—Seven pouches of mail matter, mostly letters, were stolen from two mail vans while on the ferry-boat from New York to Hoboken. The mail was mostly for New York state points. Apparently the doors of the vans had been opened by skeleton keys, but as yet there is no clue to the mystery.

THE NEW YORK LIFE.

There is no stronger life insurance association in the world than the New York Mutual Life Insurance company, and there is not an insurance manager anywhere who is the superior of Mr. W. J. Beers, its president. Perhaps for these very reasons persons of a jealous disposition attack Mr. Beers and his company. With a spirit of devilish vindictiveness the New York Times lent its columns to the assailants. The power of the insurance department was also brought to the assistance of the maligners, but Mr. Beers is able, single-handed and alone, to put his assailants to rout. The splendid letter which he publishes on the fifth page of the Bee to-day is proof of the strength of the New York Life, and of the wise and conservative management of the company. Its business is the greatest, and its methods are approved by sound insurance men. The letter of Mr. Beers is worthy of careful study and the document should be filed away for future reference. A man makes a mistake when he attacks such an institution. Here in Toledo the New York Life is a leading factor in business circles. Its office is in the new Bee building, and its manager, Mr. James A. Young, is a great pusher for business.

POLICE BOARD

Opened Up and Discussed the Garbage Question.

Some Points on the City's Health—Granting Special Police Powers—Other Business.

The board of police commissioners met last evening and spent considerable time in talk, but accomplished very little. The garbage question, however, was opened up, and some interesting points were brought out in this matter.

Members present were Mayor Emmick and Messrs. Potter, Stager and Waring.

Health Officer Fisher made his report for the month, from which the following figures are taken: Visits by city physicians, 340; office calls, 172; cases of diphtheria reported, 16; scarlet fever, 10; deaths from diphtheria, 3; total deaths for the month, 142; death rate, 18.93 per thousand of population.

Dr. Fisher also presented an interesting table showing that since 1884 there had been 1,775 cases of diphtheria in Toledo, of which 515 had resulted fatally. In the same time there were 1,508 cases of scarlet fever, of which 60 resulted in death.

The report of the chief of police was read, showing that the month had been very quiet in police circles.

The committee on claims reported bills as follows: Police, $289.84; sanitary, $93.75; corporation prison, $41.33; police pay roll, $5,965.33; police court, $719.14; health department, $1,869.94.

Mayor Emmick inquired if the last amount included the cost of collecting garbage. When informed that it did, he said that there was some question whether the police board should approve this or not, as the contract with Mr. O'Hara expired on the 1st of January, and the mayor thought perhaps the matter should be referred to the council.

Dr. Fisher stated that there had been some complaints during the past months as to the manner in which the garbage had been collected.

Mr. O'Hara explained that these complaints all came from one route where he had put on a new man.

After a short discussion the bills were approved. Later in the evening Dr. Fisher again brought up the matter of garbage and night soil and claimed that it should be cremated instead of being taken into the country and plowed under the ground as it is being disposed of at present. He thought that this method was detrimental to the health of the city. He then presented a catalogue from a crematory firm and read extracts as to what they claimed to be doing in the way of cremating garbage and night soil.

In answer to this Mr. O'Hara addressed the board at some length, the substance of his remarks being the same as a communication from Mr. O'Hara printed in another column. He claimed that it is impracticable to burn garbage or night soil in large quantities, and said that it is only being attempted in small places. He told of the tests he had made all of which proved failures. Besides the garbage should be returned to the earth from whence it came.

With this the subject was dropped, but enough was brought out to show that there will be some lively times before the next garbage contract is let.

On request of the gas trustees Reuben S. Blanchard, a night watchman, was granted special police powers.

Mr. James D. Bowers made an application for special police powers, but they were not granted.

On motion of Mr. Stager the chief was instructed to have the sergeants get new uniform overcoats at once.

Mayor Emmick brought up the matter of giving the firemen special police powers, and this was discussed briefly.

Chief O'Dwyer was opposed to the measure, as he did not think the two forces would work well together.

The matter was referred to the committee on discipline to confer with the fire commissioners.

The project of putting into service a single horse patrol wagon as well as the double one was discussed, but no action taken.

A JUST KING.

How Humbert Acknowledged His Mistake in a Dispute.

The good nature of Italy's king is well illustrated by an anecdote from the days of the last royal hunts at Monza. King Humbert is accustomed to take his sport with the gun in pretty much the same clothes as other persons, and without attendants, thereby distinguishing himself from his imperial German ally, who has insignia of his high office all over his hunting costume, and is accompanied usually on the chase by noblemen and flunkeys.

Shortly before the end of his last season the king's hound started a hare about two miles from Monza, and the king fired. At the same instant another shot was heard, and an Italian peasant with an old-fashioned gun and a mongrel dog, hurried up from the opposite direction.

The peasant mistook the simply yet elegantly clad sportsman who disputed his possession of the hare for a Roman dude, and caught up the royal arm stretched ward the dead game. There was a hot discussion, which ended in the triumph of the king's superior logic and his taking off the hare.

At the royal castle the king gave the hare to his servants that they might prepare it for his supper, and stood by as they dressed it for the pan. When the entrails were removed the bullet that caused the animal's death was found.

It was of the old style for a gun of the pattern of 50 years ago. The king looked at it, and at once sent out a messenger to summon to the castle the peasant who had disputed the possession of the hare. When the old man was led into the king's presence the latter stretched to him both hands and said:

"My dear man, I have just discovered my mistake. The hare belongs to you. As it is already roasting, however, I can do no more than to ask you to help me eat it."

The peasant sat at the king's right hand at dinner that evening and, although high society spoiled his appetite, he jingled his wine glass against that of his sovereign, and rode home, considerably exhilarated in the royal carriage.

The tallest trees in the world are the gum trees of Victoria Australia. In some districts they average 300 feet high. The longest prostrated one measured 470 feet and was 80 feet in girth near the roots.

FOLLY AS IT FLIES.

She—Have you Spencer's Essay on Style? He—No; but we have Demorest's, the Ladies' Journal, and many others in the same line.—Brooklyn Life.

Inspector (to candidate for promotion)—"What is the area of New York?" Candidate for promotion—"The place where the cook sets up lunch."—Puck.

Yabsley—"Well, Tommy, do you know where was Moses when the light went out?" Tommy—"He didn't ketch hold of the wire, did he?"—Indianapolis Journal.

An orange and lemon trust has been formed. A whisky and sugar trust already exists. There seems to be nothing left but to take water straight.—Indianapolis News.

Society reporter—"Mrs. Skihigh complains that the picture we printed does not look a bit like her." Editor—"That's lucky. We can use it for some one else then."—New York Weekly.

"I think of you full often," wrote Miss Posey to unregenerate Bungly the other day. "I wonder how she knew?" mused Bungly, just returned from a protracted spree.—Harvard Lampoon.

After the Play: He—"These dramatists have such a monotonous method of making their lovers propose." She—"Yes; but they do propose, and that is the main thing."—Boston Beacon.

"You say you are a good washer and ironer. How do you tell when the irons are too hot?" "How? By smelling the burning linen, mum, of course. What's my nose for?"—Philadelphia Times.

Mrs. Hicks—"There is one thing about a man I never could understand." Hicks—"What is that?" Mrs. Hicks—"Why he chains up his watch and spectacles and gives his collar-button the freedom of the whole house."—New York Herald.

A Sacrifice to Art; Pepperby—Mawson, how can you eat lobster and cream? It's suicide. Mawson—I know it is, Pep; but I can't help it.—I've got a hero in my novel that does the same thing, and I've got to know just what the sensations are.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

GENERAL SUWARROW.

His Rooster Alarm Clock and His Temperance Pledge.

Gen. Suwarrow's mode of life was simple in the extreme. He slept on a heap of fresh hay with a sheet spread over it. In the coldest weather he insisted on an abundance of fresh air, and, if the windows did not open readily, he would break all the panes.

He slept in his military accoutrements, though he was occasionally known to woo Morpheus by unfastening his spurs.

He always shared his bedroom with a favorite rooster, whose early morning clarion served him as an alarm clock.

"I hate idleness," he would say; "and that bird is very punctual in waking me."

When awakened he would jump up, and rushing to the door of his tent, would sing out an imitative cock-a-doodle-doo at the top of his voice as a signal for his camp to arouse.

He went without furs in the depth of winter, and in summer would often ride in front of the army on a barebacked horse with no other clothing than his shirt.

Breakfast and dinner consisted of little more than coarse black bread, washed down with copious draughts of brandy. Yet even in his cups he would guard against gross indiscretion. An officer stationed behind him would order the bottle to be removed when he deemed that his commander had drunk enough. Suwarrow would feign indignation.

"By whose orders dare you interfere with me?" he would cry.

"By the orders of Gen. Suwarrow."

"Well, then, he must be obeyed."—Illustrated American.

"IF I WERE A MAN."

A Woman Recites Some of the Noble Things She Might Then Do.

Now, if I were a man, and I am grateful that I am a woman, except when it rains, and I have a muff, a couple of books, an umbrella, and a skirt to take care of, and the umbrella won't stay straight, and the books will slide afterward, and you have to let your skirts down in the mud to straighten things out, then I think that to be a woman is "middling well as far as it goes," but I would like to be a man and wear—jackets.

But if I were a man, I would get rich; or no, not so very mercenary, but fully appreciative of the value of money.

Then I would not talk about woman's wagging tongue, and then tell the latest piece of gossip.

Then, just because I was trying to get rich, I would not be mean and stingy.

Then if I were married, I would have a home; not at the newest and most fashionable apartment-house, not at a boarding house, not with my mother or my mother-in-law, but a real home, which I would try to make brighter every day for the little woman who took care of it.

I would tell my wife I would not wear darned stockings before she wasted a whole morning darning them.

I would take her to the theater every week and buy her flowers and candy for Sunday.

I would not call her extravagant just because she wanted a new hat and gown every season when she had plenty that looked just as good as new to you.

I would not be the kind of a man known as a "dude," who spends his time standing on corners, ogling and making disrespectful remarks about woman, a miserable individual who has no faith in woman or belief in goodness.—Music and Drama.

A POOR JOB OF IT.

Lincoln's Apt Reply to Mrs. Jessie Benton Fremont.

It is told of Mrs. Jessie Benton Fremont, widow of the first republican candidate for the presidency and daughter of Thomas H. Benton, of Missouri, that she once went to Mr. Lincoln to seek the restoration of her husband to the military command of which he had been deprived. Being refused, the lady, whose loyalty to the most precious ties has become an heirloom to every American daughter, wife, and mother, exclaimed: "Beware, Mr. Lincoln, we make presidents."

Thereupon, the president, without raising his eyes from the historic table on which he was writing, answered: "And very poor jobs you have turned out for the most part."

Lincoln never made a more apt repartee; no one ever left his presence more flurried by his rare gift of saying the right thing in the proper way at the opportune time than did Mrs. Jessie Benton Fremont on that occasion, as she many years afterward found occasion to publicly admit.

Many American women of beauty and brain have had notable careers, few have traveled farther from the commonplace than the now silver-haired lady who is passing the afternoon hours of her life in that pleasantness of the California climate which never seems to have an end.—Chicago Inter-Ocean.

BEFORE BREAKFAST

Always use SOZODONT and rub it in well. It gives such pleasant relief from parched tongue resulting from sleep, promotes the healthful secretions of the mouth. It will cost more for meat and such things, but don't begrudge it.

The complete census of Newfoundland shows the population of that island and Labrador to be 202,000, an increase of only 4,100 during the last seven years.

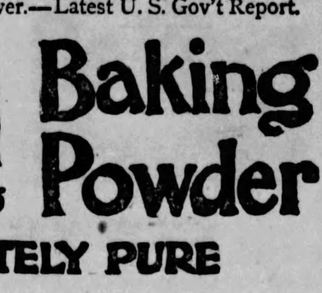
WHITE'S SONGS.

The late C. A. White, the song writer, had no theoretical knowledge of music, and studiously avoided going to the opera and like performances, lest his originality should be impaired. His song, "Put Me In My Little Bed," was suggested to his mind one night as he was going home, by seeing a picture of the Prophet Samuel in the window of a Boston shop. Samuel was kneeling by a bedside with his hands clasped in prayer. Mr. White wrote the melody and the first verse in about 15 minutes. When he composed "Marguerite," he decided to attempt a love song, and then thought out a story. With this in mind he picked up his violin, tuned it, and the melody seemed to come of itself, without coaxing.

A WASHINGTON CEDAR TREE.

There is a cedar tree near Arlington, Snohomish county, Wash., measuring 68 feet in circumference. Around the knotty roots the tree measures 99 feet. About 75 feet from the ground it forks into four immense branches, and just below the forks is a big knot-hole. Five men climbed into the hole and explored the interior of the tree. It was found to be a mere shell, and about 45 feet down it would afford standing room for 40 men. The tree is still green, and a remarkable feature is said to be that it is barked on the inside and outside alike.—San Francisco Call.

SYRUP of FIGS



ONE ENJOYS

Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50c and $1 bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any substitute.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK N.Y.

Before the cause of consumption was known (that was only a few years ago) we did not know how Scott's Emulsion of cod-liver oil did so much good in consumption and in the conditions that lead to consumption.

The explanation is interesting. We send it free in a book on CAREFUL LIVING.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, 132 South 5th Avenue, New York.
Your druggist keeps Scott's Emulsion of cod-liver oil—all druggists everywhere do. $1.

29

The 4th of July is Coming!
SO IS CHRISTMAS.
LION COFFEE IS ALREADY HERE

And is composed of Mocho, Java and Rio, put up in 1-lb. packages, roasted, but never ground, with a handsome picture card in every package. The following is what one customer thinks of it:

"We use no other coffee at our home except the LION, and all join in saying it is the best."—J. H. Armstrong, Knox, Ind.

PROF. WILLIAMS' DANCING ACADEMY
318 and 320 Summit St.

Second Term begins in January as follows: Ladies' and Children's Class, Mondays; Gentlemen's Class, Tuesdays; Regular Class, Thursdays. Rates, $6.00 per term of 12 lessons and $4 advance. We guarantee all to be dancing to their entire satisfaction in less than 12 lessons. Private lessons Wednesdays and Saturdays; classes open from 8 to 10 p. m. Advance class, Fridays. Dancing from 8:15 to 11 p. m. 50 cents per couple; extra ladies, 25 cents. Office hours, 10 to 11 a. m., 3 to 5 p. m. and 7:00 to 8:00 p. m., daily.

"A woman best understands a woman's ills."

"The normal life, well-being, and happiness of mankind depend upon the physical health and perfection of woman."

"AN INVALUABLE MEDICINE."

DEAR MADAM:

You speak of using my recent letter as a testimonial—you are perfectly welcome to do so—would that I could influence all suffering women to give your compound a fair trial. I must say to you that it is *an invaluable medicine*, and, if used according to directions, will prove a certain cure for the diseases it is recommended for. It has been very, very beneficial to myself and daughter.

Sincerely Yours,
MRS. S. BLAIR, cor. Church and Park Sts.,
Roanoke City, Va.

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND
Is the only Positive Cure and Legitimate Remedy for the peculiar weaknesses and ailments of women.
All Druggists sell it as a standard article, or sent by mail, in form of Pills or Lozenges, on receipt of $1.00. LYDIA E. PINKHAM MED. CO., LYNN, MASS.

An Illustrated book, entitled "Guide to Health and Etiquette," by Lydia E. Pinkham, is of great value to ladies. We will present a copy to any one addressing us with two 2-cent stamps.

HOMESTEAD QUARRY
LIME CITY, OHIO.

Dimension Stone, Bridge Stone Building Stone, Rip Rap Stone, Preble Stone.

The finest Lime Stone in Northern Ohio. Stone of any dimension cut to measure. Address the

Michigan Stone & Supply Co.
AT LIME CITY, OHIO,
33 Congress St., West,
DETROIT, MICH.

GUS F. SMITH,
Pres't and Gen'l Manager.

Notice to Contractors.

Garbage.

Sealed proposals will be received by the undersigned, up to 12 o'clock at noon of Monday,

THE 8TH DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1892,

for collecting all garbage, dead animals and rubbish in the City of Toledo, and for the disposal of the same for a period of two, three and five years in accordance with the specifications on file in the office of the city clerk.

All bids must be written with ink and the price of each item shall be written out in full as well as in figures. Each bid must contain the full name of every person interested in the same. All parties filing bids for the matter specified in this notice, must deposit with the city clerk on each bid the sum of one hundred dollars. All deposits to be in cash or certified check on a bank doing a regular banking business in the city of Toledo, and accompanied by an agreement signed by the bidder and two disinterested persons, guaranteeing that, if the bid is accepted, a contract will be entered into—otherwise the amount deposited to be forfeited to the city; and in case a contract is entered into, said deposit to remain until the first estimate of work done, (or double the amount of deposit,) is reported to the common council.

Bidders will be required to indorse their names on the outside of the envelope containing their proposal, and what the bid is for, the same to be filed with the city clerk. Bids not filed in accordance with the above requirements will be rejected.

Blank bids and envelopes can be obtained of the undersigned or of the city civil engineer.

Bidders must specify the time within which they will commence and complete the work after the acceptance of their bid.

Plans and specifications can be seen at the office of the city civil engineer.

The council reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

By order of the council.

C. H. DURIAN,
City Clerk.

2-feb-e-o-d-2-w

Notice to Contractors.

Printing Annual Reports of the City of Toledo.

Sealed proposals will be received by the undersigned, up to 12 o'clock at noon of Monday,

THE 15TH DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1892,

for printing and binding the annual reports of the City of Toledo, Ohio, together with such special reports as may be required by the different officers.

All bids must be written with ink and the price of each item shall be written out in full as well as in figures. Each bid must contain the full name of every person interested in the same. All parties filing bids for the matters specified in this notice, must deposit with the city clerk on each bid the sum of one hundred dollars. All deposits to be in cash or certified check on a bank doing a regular banking business in the city of Toledo, and accompanied by an agreement signed by the bidder and two disinterested persons, guaranteeing that, if the bid is accepted, a contract will be entered into—otherwise the amount deposited to be forfeited to the city; and in case a contract is entered into, said deposit to remain until the first estimate of work done, (or double the amount of deposit,) is reported to the common council.

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By order of the council.

C. H. DURIAN,
City Clerk.

2-feb-e-o-d-2-w

City Auditor's Office.

Toledo, O., Jan. 6th, 1892.

The committee on ways and means of the common council of the City of Toledo, Ohio, and the undersigned, invite sealed proposals at this office to

MONDAY, FEBRUARY 8TH, 1892,

at 7 o'clock p. m. for the purchase of Street Improvement Bonds to the amount of Eleven Thousand Six Hundred and Fifty-eight 68-100 ($11,658 68-100) Dollars, bearing date January 11, 1892, and payable as follows: Thirteen Hundred and Eight 68-100 ($1,308 68-100) Dollars on Jan. 11, 1893, and Eleven Hundred and Fifty Dollars at the expiration of every six months thereafter, to and including July 11, 1897, at the office of the city treasurer, with interest at the rate of five (5) per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually at the same place as evidenced by coupons to be attached to said bonds.

Said Improvement Bonds are issued pursuant to Section 2704 to 2707 of the Revised Statutes of the State of Ohio, and also under an ordinance of the common council of the City of Toledo, Ohio, "To provide for the issue of improvement bonds to pay the cost and expense of the improvement of Erie street, from Adams street to Orange street."—Passed Dec. 14th, 1891.

The denomination of these bonds; first payment one of $708.68 and one of $600; each payment thereafter one of $600 and one of $550.

The said bonds will be sold at not less than par and accrued interest, to the highest bidder.

Bidders will be required to state the gross amount they will pay for the bonds besides the accrued interest to date of delivery at Toledo, Ohio. They will also be required to deposit with each bid an amount of money or a certified check on some responsible bank equal to at least five (5) per centum of the par value of the bonds, no bid for, as a guarantee of good faith, and that the bid so made (if successful) will be fulfilled in accordance with the terms thereof, and the requirements of the law and ordinances. When the bids have been examined, and the award made according to law, all monies or checks deposited as guarantees shall be returned to the depositor, or held by the city auditor subject to his call except that of the successful bidder, which shall be held and considered, and accepted as part payment of the bonds so awarded or sold, but should there be any repudiation of the contract or agreement, or refusal to accept and pay for the bonds so sold, then and in that case the deposit shall be forfeited to the city of Toledo, and shall become the property of said city, in compensation for loss and expenses attending the sale of said bonds and as liquidated damages for repudiation of bid. And no bid will be received if not accompanied by money or check aforesaid.

The right is reserved to reject any or all bid.

Proposals should be addressed to the Auditor of the city of Toledo, Ohio, and be indorsed "Proposals for improvement bonds."

W. T. WALKER, City Auditor.

first pub thurs jan-7-14-21-28-feb-4

LEGAL NOTICE.

It's a cold day for the housekeeper when *Pearline* gets left. Take *Pearline* from washing and cleaning and nothing remains but hard work. It shows in the things that are washed; it tells on the woman who washes. *Pearline* saves work, and works safely. It leaves nothing undone that you want done well; what it leaves undone, it ought not to do.

Beware of imitations. 963 JAMES PYLE, N.Y.

Ladies'

STATIONERY.

A Fine Line

NEW!

E. P. LELAND,

327 SUPERIOR ST.

None Such CONDENSED Mince Meat

Makes an every-day convenience of an old-time luxury. Pure and wholesome. Prepared with scrupulous care. Highest award at all Pure Food Expositions. Each package makes two large pies. Avoid imitations—and insist on having the NONE SUCH brand.

MERRELL & SOULE, Syracuse, N.Y.

AMMUNITION

Guns Fishing Tackle.

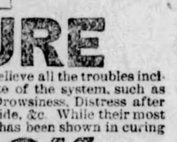
LAWN MOWERS SHARPENED KEY MAKING AND GENERAL REPAIRING.

H. C. RUSHMORE

311 MONROE STREET.

NEAR SUMMIT

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.



CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

Sura Cura

ROBINSON'S SURE CURE

—FOR—

Rheumatism and Neuralgia

And remedy for diseases arising from an impure state of the blood. An antidote for MALARIA. Price 50c and $1. Sent by mail on receipt of price. Send for circular.

R. W. ROBINSON & SON,

324 GREENWICH ST., NEW YORK.

Bergen's Asthma Cure Did It.

Evansville, Ind., Dec. 20, 1889.

Dr. J. W. Bergen, Petersburg, Ind.:

Dear Sir—It is with pleasure that I testify to the virtue of your Asthma Cure. I had been a sufferer for years, and had almost come to the conclusion that there was no cure for asthma; but your remedy was recommended and I commenced taking it last June, and have not had an attack since, and I feel that the cure is permanent and complete. I hope that all asthmatics will give it a trial, as I firmly believe it is a specific. Truly yours,

S. B. LEWIS, Dentist.

FOR SALE BY

THOS. VANSTONE

PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS

THE LAST SHALL BE FIRST.

Who would not haste to do some mighty thing,
If safe occasion gave it to his hand,
Knowing that, at its close, his name would ring,
Coupled with praises, through a grateful land?
Who would not hear with joy some great command,
Bidding him to earn a glorious name?
The task is easy that secures us fame.

But ah! how seldom comes the trumpet call
That stirs the pulse and fills the veins with flame,
When victory asks fierce effort, once for all,
And smiling fortune points away to fame
Along some path of honor, free from blame.
To one, the call to do great deeds speaks loud,
To one, amid a vast unhonored crowd.

Far otherwise the common lot of man.
Our hourly toil but seeks the means to live;
Our dull, monotonous labor knows no plan,
Save that which stern necessity doth give.
Our earnings fill an ever-leaking sieve;
Our task fulfilled, another still succeeds,
And brief neglect brings overgrowth of weeds.

What wonder, then, if suffering men repine,
And hopelessness gives way to mad despair?
Some murmur at, yea, curse the scheme divine
That placed them where the saws of fretting care
Across their brows a deepening channel wear.
For them, no springtide speaks of hope renewed,
But changeless wintry skies above them brood.

Oh, fools and blind! This world is not the goal,
But shapes us for a larger world unknown;
The vilest slave, that keeps a patient soul,
Shall yet rank higher than the sensual drone
Who seeks to please his worthless self alone.
If humblest toil be hardest, yet be sure,
He most shall merit who can most endure.

—Walter W. Skeat in the Academy.

REESWAX.

The oil mills of a firm in Pettah, Bangalore, India, were recently fitted up with electric lights at a cost amounting to two-thirds of the annual expenditures for candles and oil for the same purpose.

Dr. Kate Mitchell, the English temperance worker, who is now visiting America, says she thinks the time is not far distant when the women of England will be granted the right of suffrage.

A newspaper printed in the Sioux language, to be called the Lina Sappa Wocekiye Taeyaupaha, and to be edited by Father Jerome, the Indian missionary, of Ft. Totten, is to be published in Devil's Lake, N. D.

The Spanish government has undertaken a considerable extension of the telegraph system by the construction of several new lines and the establishment of 350 new stations. The telephone system is also to be greatly extended.

Three hundred women in the United States own establishments for the raising of flowers and plants. So remunerative is this healthful, interesting and feminine industry that the wonder is more women do not engage in it.

The new elevated railway which is being constructed in Liverpool, along the water front, will use electricity for motor power and separate motors will be used for each car, this being one of the first roads on which the subdivision power will have been followed.

A company was formed in Glasgow, Scotland, for the purpose of supplying hydraulic power through mains laid in the streets. The privileges have not been granted, says the Philadelphia Record, and the opposition is based on the ground that the city desires to undertake a similar scheme itself.

Efforts are being made in Japan to supply the street railways with cars of home construction instead of importing them from the United States. Some elaborate cars have been built in Mita at a cost said to be less than one third the price of American cars.

Some samples of fibres from plants indigenous to some parts of the Windward Islands have recently been submitted to experts in this country. They report that some of the fibres are superior in some ways to Mauritius hemp, and are worth in London about £25 a ton, or nearly the price of Sisal hemp.

Dr. Cyrus Adler, a special commissioner of the world's fair, who has just returned from the Orient, says that plans will be immediately formed for showing how the people of Turkey, Egypt, Persia, Tunis, Algiers, Morocco, and Bukhara live. The natives will come and live upon the grounds as they do at home.

Francis Darwin has proved by experiment that insect or meat plants bear heavier and more seeds than those unfed. He grew two lots under similar conditions, feeding one with roast meat and the other with nothing. The pampered plants bore 240 seeds to the others' 100, with a superiority in weight of seeds.

A new coupling recently brought out by an English engineering firm is intended to take the place of a friction clutch and is operated by an electric current. The principle is that of an electro-magnet, the application of an electric current giving the clutch firm adhesion to a shaft, pulley, disc, or other surface.

Lady Brooke—she of baccarat notoriety in which was conspicuous the Prince of Wales—started a fund to get 2,000 bottles of brandy to relieve the influenza-ridden people of the Essex district, England. But the British Medical Journal sat down upon the plan, and its declaration has interfered materially with the scheme to establish the fund.

M. Guillot, the French scientist who discovered the method of whitening Cape diamonds, says that more than $5,000,000 worth of the doctored stones have been sold in Belgium alone. The test is a very simple one. Dipping a suspected stone into alcohol will suffice. If it has been analine dyed the alcohol will restore it to its original color.

It has been found that half-burned arc carbons will cut glass. Containing, as they do, many of the characteristics of the diamond, this is not surprising. Unfortunately, the street arab has discovered this fact, and now amuses himself by scratching plate-glass windows and doing other destructive work. The remedy is for the lamp trimmer to leave no fragments of the candles in the streets.

The old Mansion house that is being torn down at Beaver Falls, Pa., was in its day the finest edifice in Western Pennsylvania, and many wandering whites and Indians visited it out of curiosity. It was built by Isaac Wilson in 1775, and was occupied by him for many years as a dwelling and at times as a fortress, for the country was full of hostile Indians in those days.

Edward Blanchet, of Lewiston, Me., is 44 years old, and his wife is two years younger. They have been married 23 years, and in that time they have had 18 children, 10 of whom are alive now. In Canada, where Mr. Blanchet lived formerly, the authorities give a section of land to the father of 12 living children, but in losing eight children by death he lost the prize.

V-shaped contrivances, to be placed on the front of engines of fast express trains, are the latest scheme to get more speed, by overcoming much of the natural resistance of the air to the front of the locomotive. The plow extends from a few inches above the track to the top of the smokestack, the sharp edge, of course, in fron. "Shoveling fog" is a common expression among railroad men, but plowing wind is a new thing in railroad agriculture.

Ex-Governor Lee, of Virginia, has recently been presented with a cup beautifully fashioned out of a cocoanut shell, to which an interesting history is attached. The cup was made by a confederate soldier during his imprisonment at Ft. Delaware, and was given to Gen. Stonewall Jackson, who kept it until his death, when it passed into the hands of the man who made it, to be sent by him to Gen. Lee.

The heavy snowfalls in the west afford an interesting modern instance to fit an old saw. The snow is impeding traffic, destroying hundreds of sheep and cattle, and causing the loss of some human lives. It is especially hard on stockmen. But the farmers are looking on with a broad smile of satisfaction. The filling up of the mountains with snow means plenty of water for irrigating purposes next year, and is almost a sure guarantee of an abundant harvest.

Myron Reed, the celebrated Denver clergyman, related one evening, while at an exhibition given by Gov. Cooper, that in one of his sermons on Emma Abbott he had incidentally mentioned that the old song "Lorena" had been a favorite of his, and expressed a wish that he could get a copy of it. Now, it happened that this very sermon was printed in that somewhat remarkable Colorado monthly, the Great Divide. The result was that within a short time Mr. Reed received through the mail from different sources 47 copies of the song.

PRESIDENT BEERS' REPLY

To the Criticisms of the Insurance Commissioner

Of New York—An Open Letter of Great Interest to the Policy-Holders of the New York Life Insurance Company.

New York, Feb. 2, 1892.

To the Policy-holders of the New York Life Insurance Company:

On the 16th day of June, 1891, the following communication was transmitted to the insurance department of the state of New York:

New York, June 16, 1891.

Hon. J. F. Pierce, Superintendent Insurance Department, Albany, N. Y.—Dear Sir: The charges that have been made against the company and its management in the public press, growing out of matters connected with its Spanish-American department, having been cabled to our president in London, we are in receipt of a cablegram from him in response, suggesting that the insurance department be invited, in the public interests, to make an examination of the company for the satisfaction of any policy-holders who might be disturbed by these charges and criticisms; and, in accordance with his suggestion, the finance committee of the company, at its regular meeting held this date, adopted the following preamble and resolution:

At a meeting of the finance committee of the New York Life Insurance company, held this date, the following proceedings were had:

Whereas, Certain charges and criticisms have been made against this company in the public press, growing out of certain matters connected with the Spanish-American department; and,

Whereas, The finance committee of the board of trustees is satisfied, from the statements of the officers, that there will be no loss to this company by reason of the matters referred to, yet it is desirous that the public should be equally satisfied; therefore

Resolved, That to that end the superintendent of insurance of this state be invited to make a

Thorough Examination of This Company.

In accordance with the foregoing the company will be pleased to have this examination made at your earliest convenience. Yours truly,

A. H. WELCH, Second Vice President.

On the 22nd day of June, 1891, the insurance department was placed in charge of the books, records, etc., of this company, and remained in charge until the 4th day of January, 1892. There are many reasons why it seems not only proper, but necessary to review with you the insurance department's findings.

1. No corresponding test has ever been applied to the life insurance business, and the results ought to be presented to you, not only without prejudice, but from the company's point of view, and to me it seems to be clear that the only way to achieve this is by a personal statement. I do not mean by this to reflect in any way on your sources of information hitherto. I say that

No Corresponding Test

has ever been applied to the business of life insurance. By this I mean no investigation by a state insurance department has ever been made of a company whose assets and general business reached corresponding proportions. Since any test has been applied to the conduct of this business, results have been achieved which, a few years ago, seemed impossible. The horizon has expanded, and duties and responsibilities have fallen upon me and the executive officers of this company and of nearly all other life insurance companies, which, if not new in kind, are so much greater in degree as to constitute almost a new world of experience in our business. The investigation just closed has, therefore, been remarkable for this as well as for other reasons, and beyond question, in addition to its proportions, has been the most searching and merciless inquiry ever made of the executive officers of a life insurance company. The central fact in any such investigation is, and must be, the integrity of the assets of the company.

The figures of the inquiry were brought down to June 30, 1891, and the insurance department's general statement is as follows:

Assets	$120,710,690 64
Liabilities	106,002,014 81
Gross surplus on policy holders' account	14,708,675 83

The superintendent of insurance well said, in commenting on the above: "Those interested may be assured that this conclusion is correct and trustworthy." These words will bear reading a second time. They mean something different from a casual statement of financial responsibility in the business world. They could be used only after our assets had been subjected to a test which might seem from many points of view unnecessarily severe, but which, from the nature of our business and the sacred character of its trust, is unquestionably wise. The superintendent therefore, means that all doubtful items were eliminated; that our opinions were necessarily ignored; that disinterested opinion was the standard, and that we were obliged to plead before a bar where mitigating circumstances were ruled out of evidence. After such a test I may be allowed to offer

My Congratulations to Our Membership

on the result, and to state that the other executive officers of the company, as well as myself, share with you in the satisfaction of so great an achievement. I desire personally to emphasize my congratulations on this particular and most important view of the report. It would have been unnatural, I think, if the ideas of myself and associates of the aggregate value of the assets of this company, as expressed in our last annual statement, had differed to a considerable degree from the ideas of the gentlemen who fixed the values expressed in the insurance department's statement. Differences could arise only in certain classes of investments. A large portion of the assets of such an institution as this is of such a character that there could be no variety of opinion as to its value on any given date, but it is equally true that a considerable portion of the assets of this, as of every similar company, is of such a nature that its value at any given time must necessarily be expressed in different totals by equally capable and responsible men. The variation would express no actual fluctuation in value, but simply a difference in opinion. Which opinion might be for your purpose most nearly correct is again a matter of opinion, and, while I concede the wisdom in such investigations of a conservative view, and under the peculiar circumstances surrounding our request for this examination the wisdom and necessity for an ultra-conservative view, I cannot avoid the conclusion that in these particular items the opinions of the men who have planned and directed the erection of this great company, while they may be accepted as the utterances of special pleaders, are worthy, at least of consideration by you. I accept the aggregate financial findings of the insurance department as constituting an

Indorsement of the Management,

Of this company at once satisfactory to you and creditable to me and my associates. It is possible that in spite of the peculiar character of this investigation you would not have expected any word from me had the matter rested there; but the Superintendent of Insurance has seen fit, after announcing not only the solvency but the great prosperity of the company, as evidenced in its gross surplus of nearly $15,000,000, to take up and discuss certain items, and, in doing so, has criticised the management of the company in these details very severely. This constitutes an added, and, by itself a sufficient reason, why I should go with you over the ground traversed by the Insurance department in order that your attention may be called to many related facts which do not appear in the report. The department's criticism covers several phases of management,

Especially Investments in Real Estate

And agency work. The criticism of real estate matters calls attention to losses which may be divided into losses actual, which I admit, and losses theoretical, which arise from the differences of opinion. I admit certain losses which I will point out specifically with the attendant circumstances, and I raise the question of difference of opinion as to the remainder. Before entering on the discussion of any of these matters, it is due to all parties to say that investments are made only with the approval of the finance committee, consisting of five members, and of which I am a member ex-officio.

Plaza Hotel.

The report alleges a loss on this property of $283,994. The superiatendent of insurance uses this language in connection on property of this character and of such great value. The opinions of real estate experts of equal ability and integrity often differ, and other able and conscientious appraisers might value this property at higher figures, and even beyond its cost. The gentleman who, by direction of the suprintendent of insurance valued this property at $2,500,000, is a man eminently qualified to give an opinion on such a question. But it is also a fact that another gentleman of equal ability and character within a few weeks testified before the supreme court of the state of New York that in his judgment the property at the present time is

Worth Three Million Dollars.

From your point of view, then, is it not fair to conclude that the alleged loss may, after all, exist only as a matter of opinion? But the case will bear one more comment. This property is as finely located as any on Manhattan Island for hotel purposes in the United States. It is in the line of increasing values, and, in my judgment, will ultimately yield the company a large return on the original investment.

Home Office Building.

The report alleges a loss on this property of $364,295. Its book value is $1,914,295, and it enters the superintendent's report at $1,550,000.

To illustrate again how opinions vary as to the value of real estate, let us make a parallel between this and property of a similar character in New York, and draw a conclusion. Take the value placed upon our home office building for the purposes of taxation, and place it beside the same value of the Equitable Life Insurance society's home office building. The official valuation for purposes of taxation of our home office building is $1,050,000; of the Equitable home office building $3,800,000. A statement of the figures at which each property was entered in the assets of its respective company December 31, 1890, is as follows:

The home office building of the New York Life	$ 1,914,000
Home office of the Equitable,	15,140,000

The department's estimate of the value of our property is approximately eighty per cent., while the assessor's figures for the purposes of taxation are little more than fifty per cent. of its book value. As the gentleman who appraised our home office building has never made an appraisal of the value of the Equitable home office building, we can hardly draw a conclusion from that basis, but figuring from the value placed on it by the assessor, its total value would be approximately

Seven Million, Six Hundred Thousand Dollars,

If the book value of our home office was accepted at par.

I cite these figures as strongly bringing out the truth of my suggestion concerning opinions as to real estate values. Every one is familiar with the eminent success of the Equitable Life Assurance Society, and no one would be so absurdly unjust to that company as to allege a loss on this one parcel of real estate of $7,500,000, or, indeed, any loss at all, from the policyholders' view. Therefore, is it not worthy of your consideration that in this case as in the matter of the Plaza Hotel, the loss alleged is, after all, perhaps a matter of opinion? In fact, I could cite you

Good Authority on Real Estate Value.

In New York, who will place on our home office building to-day a valuation in excess of its cost. There are many reasons why this estimate would be conservative. In the first place, the real estate was purchased in 1869, and is exceptionally well located. Any one who knows anything about the history of real estate values in New York for the twenty years will agree that there has been during that period a heavy advance in this and all propery similarly situated. The building has not been allowed to deteriorate in any particular, and it would seem that our statement of actual cost, $1,914,000, was a very conservative figure.

Three—Holbrook Hall, Now Called the Yosemite.

On this item a loss has been made. Briefly, the facts are these. In 1882 we made a loan on this property, when in course of construction, and after the man to whom the loan had been made had spent not only his own means (a considerable sum), but the money loaned him as well, he failed, and we were obliged to foreclose. The cost of the property to us, after foreclosing, was very little more than the amount of the loan. The work of completing the structure was then placed in the hands of an eminent constructing engineer. He supplemented his knowledge by employing an architect, and the building was finished. It was filled with a desirable class of tenants, and would have paid a fair return on its costs but for errors which

Could Not Have Been Foreseen.

And which do not justly subject the finaance committee to the charge of making a bad investment of money. In carrying out the theory of fire-proof construction, the architect made the same error precisely that the architect of Vice-President Morton's hotel, "The Shoreham," at Washington, made, and both buildings had to be reconstructed for substantially the same reason. The mistake of the architect in each case was in creating such a condition that dry-rot speedily destroyed the timbers, and the buildings had to be vacated at once. It was then discovered that in addition the foundations of Holbrook Hall, put in by men who first obtained the loan, were insecure, and, as a final result, the whole structure had to come down. It was then rebuilt under the supervision of McKim, Mead & White.

On the Most Approved Lines,

And there is not a finer structure of its class in this country to-day. The absolute loss to us, therefore, was approximately the cost of the first building. This was charged off, and entered the property in our annual statement at the cost of the present building and ground. The figures $720,066 the appraiser of the insurance department refused to accept; $480,000 was named instead, and entered in the insurance department's findings. It is proper to add that on our present basis of rental this property will yield, when fully rented, a net income of six and one-half per cent. on the value placed upon it by the insurance department, and would yield a little more than four per cent. on our valuation (729,066).

I do not desire to evade full responsibility for myself and the finance committee in this matter. The claim of infallibility in the investment and the reinvestment of hundreds of millions of dollars is one I have never set up.

Four—The Paris Property.

This property was purchased some years ago under the supervision of the chairman of our finance committee, who was on the ground at the time. His investigation as to the value of the property was most searching, and the purchase was made with all due care. That the rental value of the property has since depreciated is true, and that there is an apparent loss is true, but if the superintendent had not only secured an appraisal of the value of the property as it now stands, but also

Had Investigated the Value

Of the property when it was purchased, he could have fully satisfied his duty as an examiner, and at the same time could have given you satisfactory reason for the original price paid. But no such investigation was made, and as his findings seem to do us injustice, not only as above cited, but also in the value placed upon the property now, the matter will bear a word more in explanation. It was brought to my notice during the superintendent's investigation that the figures supplied by the department of taxation of the French government on his request represented values fixed solely for its particular purposes.

Our manager at Paris, with a great deal of difficulty, succeeded in getting the Credit Foncier, the largest institution of its kind in France, and a society the reputation of which is well known throughout Europe, to have a valuation made of our property. This valuation was made with the greatest care by two of its most competent and experienced inspectors. The estimate of the inspectors exceeds the figures of the French government by $163,000, and their estimate of its prospective value, based on improvements certain to be made by the city of Paris, exceeds the figures adopted by the superintendent by $393,000. As I understand it,

The Variation in the Superintendent's Figures

From the probable actual value of this property is similar to the loss which would appear if the home office building of the Equitable Life Insurance society should be entered in a schedule of its assets at $3,800,000, its value for purposes of taxation, and not at $15,000,000, its book value. To place the property of the Equitable in a schedule of its assets at such a total as to show a loss of $11,340,000, would be so unjust as to become absurd, yet an exactly similar thing seems to have been done in this case.

Five—Our Western Buildings.

The report of the superintendent of insurance values the office buildings recently erected by us in Minneapolis, St. Paul, Kansas City and Omaha at their cost to the company, but as his opinion of the wisdom of the investment seems to be uncertain, as this language indicates: "There is no immediate prospect that they (the buildings) will prove as profitable as the investment of life insurance companies should," I desire to offer a word in that connection. There are two reasons why the immediate income from these properties is smaller than we may fairly expect to receive in the future. First, the buildings were begun under normal conditions, but were completed in the midst of a period of business depression in the four cities mentioned, and accordingly we have had fewer tenants and lower rents than we may reasonably expect hereafter; second, the buildings were located with a view to future development of their respective cities. Any one who has observed the rapid growth of the west will appreciate the necessity of considering the future even more than the present in the location of an office building. Present revenue was, therefore, not so much of a consideration as that the building should be so located that the future may tend constantly to increase and not to decrease the rent-producing power and value of the properties. You will understand, of course, that investments of this character are valuable because the element of risk in reinvestment is practically eliminated. The money expended in this way is

A Fixed Item,

For a very long period of years. The full wisdom or folly of such a transaction is developed only by time. You will be interested to know, however, that one of these buildings is already yielding us a fair return on the money invested, and I am further advised by competent authority that since the date of our purchase of the real estate on which these buildings is situated there has been a net appreciation in its selling value of $500,000, as shown by appraisals made at the close of 1890 and by purchase of adjoining property since made by other people.

In entering these properties on our books, and in submitting our estimate of their value to the superintendent, which he accepted, we did not take this evident increase into account. As evidence that the erection of this chain of western buildings was well considered, I point you to the fact that the investment was entered upon after discussion and approval by the board of trustees. It is my theory that it is

Only Fair to the Members of a Company

Like this, the nature of whose business makes large accumulations of money necessary, that the money to be invested should go as far as is practicable to those sections of the country whence it emanates. In this case a part of the money received was invested among the people who paid it. The only theory on which these buildings can be rated as bad, or even doubtful investments is one which discredits the future growth of the western states. The report notices that, "as advertisements of the company, they (the buildings) no doubt have a considerable value."

This is eminently true. The territory in which these buildings serve especially to advertise the company includes the states of Minnesota, North and South Dakota, Montana, Iowa, Nebraska, Kansas, Missouri, Texas and Indian Territory. The people of these states have constant business and social intercourse with one or more of the cities in which the buildings have been placed. The buildings have, therefore, become widely known, for, as the superintendent's report says, "each of them forms one of the attractons of the city in which it is located." Their influence upon the company's business is

Extremely Important.

In 1886, the year before the buildings were begun, the aggregate insurance written by the company on the territory in question was $8,470,200. This aggregate has steadily increased until for the year 1891 it amounted to $28,869,950, which is the largest business that was secured in that field during that year by any life insurance company. And, not only was the quantity of business remarkable, but its quality was such as to make it most desirable in every way. Without the buildings it is safe to say such results could not have been obtained.

I may add, by way of general comment on real estate matters, that while the superintendent notices that the company owns 147 parcels of real estate and has 900 other parcels under mortgage, and the further fact that these properties are scattered not only through many states of this country, but over two continents, the nature of his duties made it necessary, perhaps, to omit comment on the real estate transaction in which profits have been realized, and to confine himself practically to the four parcels which he discusses.

But Your Interests Reach Further,

And you will naturally be pleased to learn in this way not only the relation of the items criticised to the company's total holdings, but also the circumstances surrounding each case.

If these related facts tell you anything it is the probable existence to-day of a surplus largely in excess of $15,000,000. We all accept the superintendent's figures, yet as you and I are peculiarly interested in the whole case we are permitted between ourselves to view the possible effect of these facts. Suppose, for example, that the superintendent had accepted the well known opinion of one of the heaviest holders of New York real estate as to the value of the Plaza hotel—$2,750,000—and that he had accepted the value of our home office building on a rental basis of 5 per cent. net, and that he had accepted the inside figures of the inspectors of the Credit Foncier as to the value of the Paris property, his net deductions on real estate, including his heavy deductions on Holbrook hall, would have been only $422,309.25. This alone would increase our surplus $800,000.

Agency Managements.

Under the head of agency management, the superintendent of insurance says that "funds of the company to the extent of hundreds of thousands of dollars have been advanced to these agents, without interest, and upon insufficient security." To persons unfamiliar with the life insurance business this statement would seem to indicate the worst possible management of an agency department. The facts ought, therefore, to be fully explained. The general system upon which advances have been made to agents by this company and by other life companies may be illustrated as follows (the figures used being merely illustrations and not the terms of any actual existing contract): The company, we will say, enters into a contract with Brown, who is general agent for a state, that he shall receive a commission of 25 per cent. of the first year's premium on all policies placed by him, and a renewal commission of 5 per cent. on each renewal premium paid on such policies. Brown, of course, finds it necessary to employ Jones and others as subagents, and he ordinarily pays them the 25 per cent. commission allowed him by the company on first year premiums. Brown relies upon his renewal commissions for his own compensation, but while he continues in active service he is frequently allowed

To Draw a Fixed Amount

Against commissions for his living expenses, such being regulated by the circumstances of the case. As competition increased, Brown finds that in order to retain Sub-agent Jones he will be obliged to pay more than 25 per cent. commission. To do this Brown is obliged to make a new arrangement with the company. Instead of increasing Brown's first year's commission, the company agrees to advance to him a sum equal to two renewals, or 10 per cent. on business secured by Jones, and to hold all of Brown's future renewal commissions under the contract as security for the advance. Brown is now able to pay Jones 35 per cent. commission, and so retain his services. But at the end of the year Brown is apparently in debt to the company in an amount equal to 10 per cent. of all first year's premiums secured by Jones, and the larger the business the larger the apparent debt. This will continue until such time as the old business kept on the books greatly exceeds the amount of the new business annually done. In a rapidly increasing business this result will not be reached for several years, but the total amount paid to Brown has not exceeded what the business was actually worth. The time will come when the commission accruing under his contract will exceed the total cost of the year's business. Brown's business from this time forth will require a less expenditure on the part of the company in proportion to its volume than heretofore, and his so-called indebtedness, as it appears under his contract, will

Disappear More Rapidly Than It Accumulated.

At which time Brown will realize the profit for which he has worked. The company having already paid for this business in large part, will have a low expense ratio to this extent in the future, and its surplus will be correspondingly increased. You will notice that this debt does not represent money which Brown has squandered or retained for his own use. He has simply used the money to carry on the company's business. If it should ever happen that Brown's renewal commissions fail to cancel the debt, the business has simply cost the company what it cost Brown, and the company has taken good care that the total amount of commissions and advance received by Brown should never be a sum greater than the new business secured by him was worth.

L. C. Vanuxem & Co.

The superintendent criticises the agency of Messrs. L. C. Vanuxem & Co., at Philadelphia, Pa., and alleges a debt to the company on account of what he terms "extravagant allowances" of several hundred thousand dollars. Referring to the illustration above of the method in which a general agent's business is conducted, and the manner in which an apparent debt might be contracted, when I state that from 1887 to 1891, inclusive, this firm wrote business aggregating $132,000,000, a clear explanation is afforded you of how, under the above practice, a large debt might appear to exist.

In this particular agency the advance contemplated in our establishment took on various forms under various contracts, "which, however," were always to our approval. Against the commission earned and to be earned, the members of this firm drew advances for living expenses, as before referred to, and advances on account were made to some sub-agents, but at no time has the amount of money advanced to L. C. Vanuxem & Co. exceeded the value of their entire business. Under this system of organization it has been possible for a single firm to handle a large territory, and by creating a renewal interest, in this case of very large proportions, we have avoided frequent changes in general agents, and have largely escaped the danger of having our business carried to other companies by an agent whose interest in any given policy ceased with the first year of its existence.

In this way Messrs. L. C. Vanuxem & Co.

Have Done for Years a Larger Business,

than the entire new business of several of the smaller life insurance companies and the largest business of any single agency in the United States. It has been done at a not unreasonable expense, and the cost of its procurement has been included each year in the disbursements of the company. The whole theory of this organization and the purpose of the advance is, first, to produce a large business, and secondly, to create an incentive for the general agent or manager to procure business at the lowest possible cost, in order that, after a period of years, he may begin to realize a return commensurate with the work done. As the cost of the business is charged off each year, it becomes necessary to keep with the manager a blotter or sub-ledger, and the items are all brought forward from time to time. Of course this, under the illustration, would show for an office doing $20,000,000 of new business in a year and for a series of years a large apparent debt, and the superintendent of insurance, instead of viewing the business as we have done, as simply business paid for, decided to go into this sub-ledger and spread before you the apparent debt. It is of first importance that you understand clearly that this money is not due from L. C. Vanuxem & Co. In the ordinary acceptance of the word (debt) it is due, under the terms of their contract, at such times as the commissions earned on the business done will liquidate the money advanced from time to time for the conduct of the business. It has not been squandered by them, nor retained by them. It has not benefited them personally, and never can until, as stated, the earnings of their business have liquidated all moneys drawn for every purpose under the contract, including advances and agency expenses of every kind; and here let me call your attention to an extremely important fact which applies to all discussion of agency matters by the superintendent, and which he forgot to mention, namely, that these advances in every case were charged to expenses in the company's books when the advances were made, and that the company had

Never Counted Them as a Part of its Assets

or surplus. The superintendent, therefore, instead of unearthing with great difficulty something the company desired to conceal, as he states, practically set up an arbitrary standard of what he thought our business ought to cost in any given year, and charged up as a debt the differences between his opinion and ours. It would scarcely be less unjust to the company had he alleged in any given year that the aggregate amount paid for the procurement of the business of that year was one or two millions too large, and in his report had set this up as a sum due from the men to whom it was paid.

Right here I desire to state, and I state it with all due respect for the opinion of the official with whose conclusions I differ, that in matters of this character, the conclusions of men who have had thirty years' experience in this business as to the propriety of paying a given sum for a given volume of business (they alone being conversant with all the surrounding circumstances and contingencies) are as likely to be correct and in the interests of policy-holders as the opinion of a gentleman who, while eminently qualified for the duties of his office, can not be credited with special knowledge in the particular interests now under discussion.

Two—Spanish American Department.

The superintendent naturally treats at some length the affairs of the Spanish American department. The invitation extended to him by our board of trustees to examine the condition of this company was called out chiefly by an incorrect and misleading statement relative to an alleged defalcation by one of its managers, by which the company, it was stated, alone must suffer. I shall refer principally in the matters discussed by the superintendent under this head to this central, and, to you, most important question. It is a fact that Mr. J. Merzbacher, one of the managers at the time of the Spanish American department, became a defaulter for a large amount. The statement, as originally published, that Mr. Merzbacher defaulted direct to the company was an error. Under the contract which we had with the two managers of the Spanish American department, each was responsible for the actions of both, and Mr. Sanchez of the other, general manager at that time, and the manager of the Spanish American department at the present time, accepted under the terms of his contract, full responsibility for the Merzbacher shortage. This shortage consists of two parts, a direct theft by Mr. Merzbacher from Mr. Sanchez of $419,822.92, and $119,059.10, which was an overpayment by Mr. Merzbacher to the former general manager of the Spanish American department. Since the date on which the accounts were made up and the shortage definitely determined the item of $119,059.10 has been considerably reduced on the books of the company by accrued renewal commissions retained by Mr. Sanchez and by him turned over to the company in cash. The larger item, representing the money appropriated for his personal use by Mr. Merzbacher, has been reduced since December 31, 1890, by $166,671.89, leaving a balance due January 1, 1892, of $253,151.03.

The Actual Net Profits

For the year 1891 to this department have not yet been fully determined, but its balance sheets show that they will not fall short of $100,000. This leaves the balance due the company on this account on this date a sum but little in excess of $150,000 for which the company also holds abundant security. The superintendent closes his review of the Spanish-American department with these words: "From the foregoing facts we must conclude that Sanchez and Merzbacher were treated with a degree of liberality inconsistent with the best interests of the company." That conclusion is not correct. The department has always been eminently successful, and its business has been obtained at a normal cost.

Three.—S. L. Dinkelspiel.

The superintendent expresses the opinion that S. L. Dinkelspiel was retained too long as an agent of the company. Mr. Dinkelspiel secured for us a large amount of desirable business. The men whom he insured were among the wealthiest and most influential in the cities where he worked. It came to my knowledge, however, after a time, that his business methods were objectionable, and for that reason in the year 1889 his agency terminated. Mr. Dinkelspiel's contract comes under the general illustration cited above, except that he was a personal solicitor only, and many modifications were made to enable him to handle the peculiar class of business which he wrote. Advances were made for the same purpose. It is probable, however, that while there is today on our books a large volume of business of the best quality written by Mr. Dinkelspiel, a reasonable renewal interest will not finally liquidate the advances made, and that this business will ultimately cost us more than it should. For any error in judgment in employing this man, as well as for any ultimate loss, I do not desire to escape from any proper responsibility.

Mr. Loomis L. White.

The superintendent of insurance discussed at some length the relations which have existed for about sixteen years between the Nw York Life Insurance company and Mr. Loomis L. White, a member of its board of trustees, and of its finance committee, and two questions are raised: First, as to whether or not a firm, a member of which was a member of the company's board of trustees and of its finance committee, could act for it as brokers without having the opinions of such trustee as to the value of securities colored by the probable commission which the firm would receive on such transactions; second, whether or not the company had the right to purchase securities through such a firm of brokers. The first question may be briefly disposed of without discussion by a simple statement of the results. In the years covered by Mr. White's connection with the New York Life Insurance company about $65,000,000 of securities have been purchased by the company's finance committee, and a considerable proportion of these through the firm of which Mr. White is a member—Messrs. Loomis L. White & Co.—and on the 30th of June last the superintendent, after valuing these securities at a time of depression, found them worth to the company something more than $3,000,000

Above the Cash Value

At which they are carried on the company's books. Such a result is the best answer to all questions as to the wisdom of the finance committee's action, and in so far as Mr. White's action influences it, is an evidence of the value to the company of the connection. The second question is one which opinions of counsel differ.

I have reviewed now with you the graver criticism of the superintendent's report. I shall stop here. I realize that there are other criticisms which I have not referred to, and I do not deem it necessary to do so. I have tried to present to you fairly the facts concerning those of most importance, and I believe I have shown you that, while there have been errors in the management of this company, there has been no betrayal of trust. A full criticism of errors with an equally full statement of management deserving commedation would have been only fair to you and perfectly satisfactory to me, however severe their criticisms might have been; but the superintendent of insurance, who was invited to examine the condition of this company, while properly criticising whatever he deemed criticisable, omitted to state the other side of the case, and, in addition, unfortunately so stated his criticisms as to make it probable that you may have misunderstood and overrated their importance.

I desire to reiterate my disclaimer of infallibility, and repeat the message sent from Europe last summer, that "in business of our magnitude mistake the inevitable, and we compare favorably with others; but my integrity of purpose cannot be shaken. General net results are the touch-stones in every business." We need not go far to find confirmation of this. Errors have been made perhaps in the management of every company doing business, but as there are some of common notoriety I may refer to them without seeming to attack the companies themselves. In addition I will say that to the best of my knowledge and belief all of these cases are natural experiences incident to the fact that

No One is Infallible.

The Connecticut Mutal lost outright $440,000 through the defalcation of its financial correspondent at Indianapolis in 1888; the Mutal Benefit Life Insurance company of Newark, N. J., a company eminently conservative in all things, lost about the same amount on Elizabeth (N. J.) bonds. It is a well known fact that the Equitable Life Assurance Society marked off in 1889 and 1890 almost $1,000,000 on real estate, and that it carried nearly $2,000,000 in its published statement of assets and surplus as "commuted commissions," "agency balances," &c., which is practically another form of expressing what the superintendent calls a "debt" in the case of L. C. Vanuxem & Co.

In the report of the department examination of the Mutual Life Insurance company made in 1880 it was stated that $989,701.43 had been charged to profit and loss on account of its office buildings. After naming these cases (and others may be referred to), we have simply recited a list of average errors, which,

THE GARBAGE QUESTION

Once More Before the People of Toledo.

Mr. Dan O'Hara Gives His Views in a Concise and Intelligent Manner — A Subject Which Will Invoke Thought.

To the Editor: The cremation of night-soil and garbage, if possible, does not, thus far, seem to have been practicable. The crematories and crematory boomers, have been placed upon the top shelves, among the other back numbers. They have not succeeded in maintaining their positive and extravagant claims. They are not now in business, never have been, and never will be, unless newer inventions and cheaper and better methods of doing the work shall prevail. From what I know, I am willing to risk my reputation for truth and veracity in asserting that, the crematories of this country are not burning up as much garbage and night-soil as is made by the city of Toledo alone.

I have in my possession, letters from the health officers and mayors of many of the large cities of the country, informing me that no garbage or night-soil is being burned at these places.

New York, Boston, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington, Chicago, San Francisco and the other large cities have no garbage and night-soil crematories. These people seem to know just what they don't want.

It occurs to me that our literary Irish friend parallels and accurately sizes up this business, just as it is, in his famous book entitled, "All about the snakes in Ireland," the contents of which read, "There are no snakes in Ireland."

When men express a willingness and a desire to do something, and affirm, in large and strong words, their ability to do it, it is assumed that they have already done something that has fitted and equipped them for such work. Something equal, or nearly equal, in size and strength to their expressions and affirmations. But in this alleged business of burning night-soil and garbage, there has been nothing but words. The disproportion between talk and cider is unsubtractable; in fact it has been all talk and no cider." This failure to show results or inability to succeed, is, in my opinion, mainly due to the fact that the business does not contain, within itself, the element of success. It is overweighted by the great expense that attaches to its construction, operation and maintenance, together with its general impracticability.

I am a crematory man myself. I own and operate a crematory. I have burned as high as fifteen horses and twice as many dogs and cats in a single day. I would not be without a crematory for this purpose. I believe in burning up all carrion and refuse of fish and slaughter-houses, etc., but not in burning garbage or night soil. The cremation of garbage and night soil is impracticable. I do not claim that it is impossible, but it is too far from the line of the practicable to become a success, and the borderland of the impossible is too near by.

It is the business, or a part of the business of health officers and boards of health, to abate nuisances. Now, let me say to these gentlemen, that when they have constructed a crematory, and put it in operation, for the purpose of burning garbage and night soil—unless they have built it in a neighborhood where the neighbors are all out of sight—they have created a nuisance compared with which the nuisance they have sought to abate sinks and dwindles into dwarfish insignificance.

The only object that may be urged in favor of a crematory, with any degree of plausibility, is that it will shorten the haul of the stuff, making it possible for one team to do the work of two. If it fails to do this, its failure is signal and complete.

In order to accomplish this purpose it will be necessary that your crematory shall be built somewhere in the center of your city. Now when you have built the thing—located as above—and put it in operation, it will be claimed by the families of those around who sicken and die, and by those who sicken, and do not die, that the crematory and the stuff that went into it did the business. People within the radius of a mile will kick on it, and the nearer neighbors will claim that they have not only suffered much, in health, because of the unbearable nuisance, but that their property has shrunk in value, and that no one will purchase property in their vicinity, because of such nuisance. These people will demand its abatement, and it will be abated.

Let us assume that a crematory is being constructed in the central part of this city, and that it begins operations August 1, 1892.

On the morning of that day, 12 garbage and 18 night soil wagons (about the number that will be worked) set out to collect their loads. They all start out at about the same time, are loaded at about the same time, and arrive at the crematory at about the same time—with at least 20 tons of garbage and 30 tons of night soil. Now here you are. Which wagon will unload first? When! Where; will the last wagon unload?

Remember that it is August, that the sun is hot and everything is ripe, even the "logs." What will the neighbors, who have stood on their door steps and watched this funny funeral, and enjoyed this feast of aromatic odors say and da? Who will answer the phone at the health office and who will keep the mob from eating up the mayor?

One Aeolus once rebelled against the authority of Jove and did the bidding of erratic Juno, because she had made it possible for him to lunch with the gods. Now if this mountain-stabber had but— — but it is better first to chop this off and speak of other things. If people would just confine themselves to the strict truth, how oppressive the stillness would soon become, and oh! what funny little newspapers we would have. We all like to have the other fellow make his story short: The candid person, who got up the badge motto, "I am something of a liar myself," understood the situation as it is. He was "in it" with the others,—all,—but the crematory contingent. They have surveyed the field of imagination and inaccuracy, which was supposed to be boundless, found the edges all 'round it, and pre-empted the whole patch. There is one poor dead sinner who was exempted from the benefit of the nil nisi bonum that was bespoken for all the rest. His front name was Ananias, and it is understood that he favored the crematory business. If he hadn't he never would have got to where he did. He was a poor man, and could not afford to keep a large stock of facts on hand, and so just filled out the necessary checks and drew on his imagination for whatever he happened to be short, at the time.

Levity aside, this is just what the other crematory advocates are doing.

Before I pass this subject of cremation, I wish to speak a word as to its cost. Excuse me, please, for stating again that I have a crematory, just outside the city limits, which has been in operation for about fifteen months. It answers, in a perfect and satisfactory manner, the purpose for which it was constructed: viz., —the burning up of dead horses and cows, hogs, dogs, cats, &c.

It is a perfect smoke and scent consumer and has every advantage that can be given to it, by fuel flues and draughts under perfect regulation and control, for burning anything that can be burned, and doing it as promptly and economically, as it can be done. I am quite confident that its service is not equaled by the best of the others, I am positively certain that is not bettered.

I have made several tests in the burning of night soil and garbage with a view of making the construction and operation of these machines a business. Hence, I speak not as a theorist or guesser, but from actual experience. I regret to state that my tests or experiments resulted in failure and bitter disappointment.

The fuel burned well. You should have seen how well the fuel burned, and how hot the crematory was; and the night soil and garbage, you should have seen how they didn't burn at all, but just remained there in statu quo, like the soul of Mickey Free's father.

I am fixed in the belief that no ton and a half of the best bituminous coal will burn a ton of garbage, and that no three tons of such coal will burn up a ton of night soil. Your coal will burn up all right and so will your crematory, but I cannot say as much for the other stuff. The burning up of this stuff, if it were a good thing to do, is completely barred by the cost of doing it.

Such being the case, I will venture a statement, and I appeal to the practical common sense and great intelligence that lives and abides in your pocket books, to bear me out in it. It is this: that no sane man would put his hand in his own pocket and pay for burning this stuff, if it were possible for him to dispose of it as it is being disposed of now.

How is it being disposed of now? Just as it always has been by the greatest and best sanitarians the world has ever known —the earth and the air and the sunshine and the rain, and the other—I must not forget the other fellow—the fellow who never neglects his own business, and takes care of anything in his line that we may happen to neglect; the fellow who watches over us through life, and when we neglect to cleanse our wounds undertakes the job for us; and finally, when this poor life is ended takes care of what remains of us, for the public good and his own sake. Amen! Ah there, ye maggot! This brave fellow is worthy of an epic poem, with the full measure of dactyls and spondees, and the musical Caesura. And right here I will suggest this subject as a theme for the spring poet.

Let me say to the good people, who let other people do their thinking for them, do not be misled or imposed upon, by these sanitary quacks and imposters. It's your pocketbook they are after, and they are not in the business. The old agents who have taken care of these things since long before there was a quill-scratch on the first book of Genesis, will continue to take care of them until twilight casts its shadows on the face of the earth, at the close of the evening of Doomsday.

Then, says the party, whose pocketbook is in the business, what are you going to do with this stuff? What stuff? The parings and rinds of fruit and vegetables, the refuse of your table? I would say to him, it is cleaner by far, than you are, and sweeter than your breath. It is harmless and also valuable as a fertilizer. It came from the soil, and by the eternal law belongs to the soil. If you burn it you rob the soil. Not only do you rob the soil, but you also rob the poor innocent taxpayer to pay the cost and expense of the robbery. It would be both wasteful and wrong.

Reckless, wasteful and extravagant men, do not thrive. This is surely the rule. Nor can a city hope to thrive, the management of whose affairs is conducted in a reckless, wasteful and extravagant manner.

It is conceded that when your tax duplicate and rates of taxation are too high, outsiders will not come into your city to invest money, or do business. Not only this, but those already inside will neither buy nor build. They will "shin" along awhile the best way they can or get out.

Let me say to you, and I know by experience, just what I am talking about, that 40 acres of land, properly cared for, will take up and assimilate all the night soil and garbage of the city of Toledo for the next 50 years, and no nuisance or offense whatever need be created.

I shall be pleased to answer any honorable man, who wishes to ask honest questions on this subject, but I waste no ink on any one who is ashamed to sign his name.

Such a man is always a coward and a sneak, and he may be also a dead-beat and a vagrant.

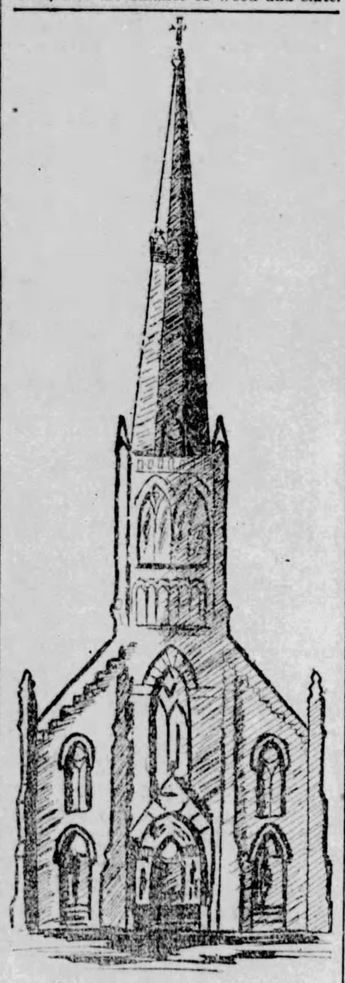
D. J. O'HARA.

ST. HEDWIG'S CHURCH.

An Imposing Edifice—Brief Description of the Building.

The illustration gives a splendid front view of the beautiful new St. Hedwig's Polish church, at the corner of Lagrange and Dexter streets, which the Poles of the Seventh ward erected at a cost of $43,000, without any furnishing inside, and windows, furniture, etc., excluded.

The church measures a length of 160 feet, the width being 60 feet. The wall of stone is 40 feet high. The tower measures a height of 192 feet, 102 being of stone, and the balance of wood and slate.



St. Hedwig's Polish Church.

Five large bells will be placed in the tower. Thirteen hundred people can be comfortably seated in the pews of the church. When the church is finished throughout, everything included, the cost will reach over $60,000. The Poles of St. Hedwig's parish are proud of their new church, and are doing all that is in their power to make it look as beautiful as can be. The dedication of the new St. Hedwig's church will probably take place next July.

I used Simmons Liver Regulator for indigestion, with immediate relief.—O. G. Sparks, ex-mayor, Macon, Ga.

RUNAWAY FREIGHT TRAIN.

Piedmont, W. Va., Feb. 4.—A Baltimore & Ohio freight train ran away on the 17-mile grade last night, and 18 cars went over the Bloomington bridge into the Potomac river.

Michael O'Donnell, of Keyser, the fireman, is beneath the wreck. Two brakemen went down with the train, but escaped with slight bruises.

KIRK'S

STANDARD OF THE WORLD

AMERICAN FAMILY

SOAP

A LAUNDRY SOAP, PURE AND SANITARY.

BEST FOR

General Household Use.

BUCKEYE HAPPENINGS.

A grand military ball is on the tapis at Van Wert.

There are 19 gas and oil wells drilling in Sandusky county.

Joseph Kizle dropped dead on the streets of Springfield.

A new butter and cheese factory is in operation at Bellefontaine.

A new coal field is very prospective in Mahoming county and vicinity.

The store and postoffice at Thornville, Perry county, was robbed of $100.

The Alliance police force has been strengthened to enforce prohibition.

John Armstrong, one of the wealthiest citizens of Martin's Ferry, is dead.

The Ballaire Nail and Steel company will establish a plant at Steubenville.

Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Little, of Norwalk, celebrated their golden wedding.

Mansfield is after the Meyles Bros.' tobacco manufactory of Upper Sandusky.

A receiver has been appointed for the United States Rolling Stock company at Urbana.

The Youngstown Steel company is again operating its plant after being closed down several weeks.

The Woman's Christian association at Dayton celebrated its twenty1-fifth anniversary in its new room.

Prof. J. C. Hartzler, of Lancaster, has been appointed a member of the state board of school examiners.

A youth at East Liverpool ate a large amount of gum camphor, and a physician's skill was all that saved his life.

It is said that a shower of snow balls occurred at Wilmington, but nothing is said as to the whereabouts of the boys.

The American Foundry and Machine works, which were destroyed by fire at Bowling Green, will be rebuilt with improvements.

MICHIGAN NEWS NOTES.

Cedar Springs has a lady jeweler.

Diphtheria is raging at Manistique.

A fine Episcopal church is to be erected at Adrian.

Calvin Dillon, a carpenter, has disappeared from Grand Rapids.

Ann Arbor will vote on issuing $25,000 bonds for a sewage system.

Montcalm county will erect a $1,000 insane asylum on its poor farm.

A new $20,000 French Catholic church has been dedicated at Menominee.

Rev. Frank McAlpine, of Charlotte, has accepted a call to Munson, Mass.

Another effort will be madeto raise the wreck of the Pewabic, near Alpena.

There are 100 convicts afflicted with the grip in the penitentiary at Jackson.

The new organ factory at Port Huron will be ready for business in two weeks.

The American hotel at Manistique has been sold to Barnes & Miller for $12,000.

The Michigan Central Railway company has a crew of 75 men cutting ice at Ann Arbor.

The Superior

remedy for all diseases originating in impure blood; the

MEDICINE

which may always be relied upon to give the best satisfaction, is

AYER'S Sarsaparilla

Cures others, will cure you

MAGEE'S EMULSION OF PURE COD LIVER OIL IN COMBINATION WITH EXTRACT OF MALT AND COMPOUND SYRUP OF HYPOPHOSPHITES

Cures Consumption, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds, Scrofula, and all Wasting Diseases.

It is pleasant and palatable to take as honey. Does not produce Nausea, and is easily assimilated.

Its strengthening effects are almost immediate.

It does not come up to assert itself semi-occasionally after being swallowed, as other Emulsions certainly do.

It is a Great Producer of BONE and MUSCLE, it purifies the Blood, and patients gain rapidly in weight while taking it.

It is a true Emulsion, the only one that is always ready, always alike, and that never has a thick, gummy, and greasy blob at the top to upset the patient's stomach.

It is used in all the leading hospitals.

It is prescribed by the most eminent physicians in the United States and Canada, and many assert that it is

THE BEST EMULSION IN THE MARKET.

Ask your Druggist for it, AND TAKE NO OTHER.

MAGEE EMULSION CO., Manufacturers, Lawrence Mass. Toronto, Canada.

STEEL CEILING.

SEND FOR CATALOGUE

KINNEAR'S PATENT

ARTISTIC, ECONOMICAL, PERMANENT.

Will not crack or fall off. Furnished in various designs. Patterns of Ceiling may be seen New Bee Building and in Boody House.

THE KINNEAR & GAGER CO COLUMBUS OHIO.

To our ten cent Clear Havana cigar smokers we recommend

La Profeta

(KEY WEST CIGAR).

Made from the best new crop Vuelta Abago Tobacco, by skilled Cuban workmen, it represents the best smoke that can be had for the mone.

BERDAN & CO., TOLEDO, OHIO.

BAD SYMPTOMS.

Look Out for Paralysis.

The first symptoms of Paralysis are weak, tired feelings, exhausted sensation, trembling, nervousness, restlessness; exertion is followed by fatigue, the person wakes mornings feeling tired; has coldness and bad circulation in feet and limbs, numbness or prickling. If these symptoms are neglected a shock of paralysis will surely follow. Take Dr. Greene's Nervura, the great Nerve and Paralysis Cure. It costs but $1 of druggists, is purely vegetable and harmless, and no one should hesitate an instant to use this wonderful cure when perfect restoration to health is within reach. Paralysis can always be warded off by this remedy. THEREFORE DO NOT NEGLECT THE FIRST SYMPTOMS. SAVE YOURSELVES WHILE THERE IS YET TIME, and so prevent Paralysis, Prostration, Death.

"I had a stroke of Paralysis. The suffering I endured was unbearable, my speech was impaired, my mouth drawn to one side, and the pains in my head were maddening. I used Dr. Greene's Nervura, and before I had used a bottle I felt a marked improvement and now I FEEL MYSELF AGAIN.

PAULINE ROE,
806 Seventh ave., New York City."

"I had a stroke of Paralysis. My whole right side was almost useless. I got so very weak and numb could hardly stand on my feet; at times could not raise my foot from the floor. Then I saw an advertisement in the papers of Dr. Greene's Nervura. I sent for a bottle and before I had taken half of it I WAS CERTAIN IT WAS HELPING ME. Have taken five bottles and can truly say that the good wonderful medicine, Dr. Greene's Nervura, has cured me and I owe my life to it.

MRS. JAMES J. GUERNSEY,
41 Myrtle ave., Albany, N. Y."

Dr. Greene, the successful specialist, in curing all forms of nervous and chronic diseases, 35 W. 14th Street, New York, can be consulted Free, personally or by letter. Call or write him about the case, or send for symptom blank to fill out, and a letter fully explaining the disease, giving advice, etc., will be returned free.

BRINKERHOFF SYSTEM

Of Rectal Treatment and Medication Cures PILES WITHOUT PAIN, LIGATURE, KNIFE, CAUTERY, OR DETENTION FROM BUSINESS.

Also cures Rectal Ulceration, the cause of Fistula, Fissure, "Itching Piles" and Consumption, Soreness across the back, low down, constipation or diarrhea, dull, heavy pains or burning in the rectum, blood or pus on stool, pain in stomach or abdomen and bloating and general prostration warn you.

Send for 56-page book, free, to Dr. Kiskadden, 253 Woodward avenue, Detroit, Mich.

DR. H. S. KISKADDEN

At Toledo, Hotel Madison, on Wednesday of Each Week.

The Mormon Elders' Book on Sexual Strength, mailed free to married men. address F. B. Crouch, 202 G-and St., New York.

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GRANGER THE IMPORTING TAILOR! AND Fine Woolen DRAPER

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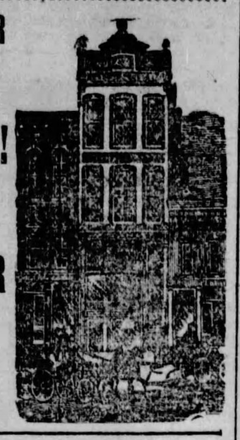

OVERCOATS! OVERCOATS!

We are leaders in this line and there is no tailor in this state that can compete with us in style, quality, fit and price. Our price for a nice all wool Cheviot OVERCOAT TO ORDER, only $10; a fine Milton or Beaver OVERCOAT TOORDER, only $15; a fine imported Kersey OVERCOAT TO ORDER lined with silk or satin, only $20. We will make it up exactly as you wish.

FIT GUARANTEED.

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Is the place to get a good fit in

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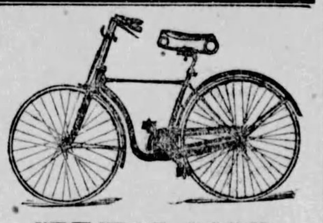

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To Close Out Solid Tires

REGULAR $100 SAFETY $55.

ALL STEEL BALL-BEARING THROUGHOUT.

You will never get a chance again like this. At the factory

518 SUPERIOR ST

Cook's Cotton Root COMPOUND.

A recent discovery by an old physician. Successfully used monthly by thousands of LADIES. Is the only perfectly safe and reliable medicine discovered. Beware of unprincipled druggists who offer inferior medicines in place of this. Ask for COOK'S COTTON ROOT COMPOUND, take no substitute, or inclose $1 in letter, and we will send, sealed by return mail. Full sealed particulars in plain envelope, to ladies only, 2 stamps. Address POND LILY COMPANY, No. 3 Fisher Block, Detroit, Mich.

DR. MINGOS!

Corner Oak and Summit street, cures all private diseases. Catarrh, Scrofula, Ulcers, Eruption on Skin, Syphilis, and all disorders arising from its effects cured forever. No hindrance to business. Use no mercury. All medicines prepared by myself. Have never failed in curing a case. No experiments are made—but a sure cure. On account of treating so many cases charges are kept low. A sure and positive cure for all cases of Gonorrhoea or Gleet in a week or no charges. Patients treated at home. Medicines sent to any town. Also a sure and positive cure for all female complaints, Leucorrhoea or Whites. A private home secured for ladies pending and during confinement. Ladies in need call or write. Consultation free and private. Hours 10 to 12 a. m., 2 to 4 and 7 to 8 p. m.

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Alfred Ford

Manufacturer of and dealer in

Silk and Stiff

HATS!

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Altering and repairing Silk, Stiff and Soft Hats a specialty.

Liquor and Opium Habit Cured.

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Consultation by letter. Medicines sent to all parts of the United States.

Write for particulars,

CUYLER INSTITUTE,

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REGO SOLD BY YOUR DRUGGIST CURES INDIGESTION and DYSPEPSIA

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Gas and Steam Fitters!

Have removed from 323 Adams St., to

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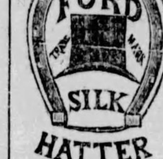


We send the marvelous French Remedy CALTHOS free, and a legal guarantee that CALTHOS will STOP Discharges & Emissions, CURE Spermatorrhea, Varicocele and RESTORE Lost Vigor.

Use it and pay if satisfied.

Address, VON MOHL CO., Sole American Agents, Cincinnati, Ohio.

WEAK MEN CURED.

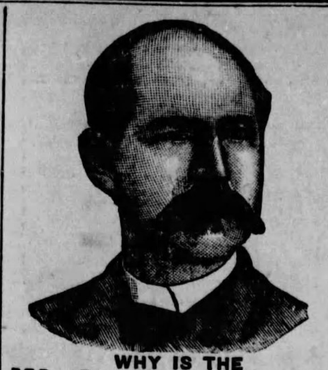
NO ELECTRIC NONSENSE.

NO STOMACH DRUGGING.

Send at once for sealed directions FREE of The Common Sense Home Cure, for all weakness of men. A certain permanent cure for nervous debility, lost manhood, emissions and varicocele; WEAK ORGANS ENLARGED and complete cure guaranteed. We furnish the best of references. Address ALBION PHARMACY CO., Lock Box 69, ALBION, MICH.

Weak Men INSTANT RELIEF. Cure in 15 days; never returns. I will send (sealed) FREE to my fellow-sufferers a prescription to enlarge small weak organs. A sure cure for Emissions, Lost Manhood, Nervous Debility, Varicocele, etc. Address, with stamp, L. S. Franklin, Music Dealer, Marshall, Mich.

PILES INSTANT RELIEF. Final cure in 10 days, and never returns. No purge, no salve, no suppository. Sufferers will learn of a simple remedy Free, by addressing TUTTLE & CO., 78 Nassau St., N. Y. City.



WHY IS THE W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE FOR GENTLEMEN THE BEST SHOE IN THE WORLD FOR THE MONEY?

It is a seamless shoe, with no tacks or wax thread to hurt the feet; made of the best fine calf, stylish and easy, and *because we make more shoes of this grade than any other manufacturer*, it equals hand-sewed shoes costing from $4.00 to $5.00.

$5.00 Genuine Hand-sewed, the finest calf shoe ever offered for $5.00; equals French imported shoes which cost from $8.00 to $12.00.

$4.00 Hand-Sewed Welt Shoe, fine calf, stylish, comfortable and durable. The best shoe ever offered at this price; same grade as custom-made shoes costing from $6.00 to $9.00.

$3.50 Police Shoe; Farmers, Railroad Men and Letter Carriers all wear them; fine calf, seamless, smooth inside, heavy three soles, extension edge. One pair will wear a year.

$2.50 fine calf; no better shoe ever offered at this price; one trial will convince those who want a shoe for comfort and service.

$2.25 and $2.00 Workingman's shoes are very strong and durable. Those who have given them a trial will wear no other make.

Boys' $2.00 and $1.75 school shoes are worn by the boys everywhere; they sell on their merits, as the increasing sales show.

Ladies $3.00 Hand-sewed shoe, best Dongola, very stylish; equals French imported shoes costing from $4.00 to $6.00.

Ladies' $2.50, $2.00 and $1.75 shoe for Misses are the best fine Dongola. Stylish and durable.

Caution.—See that W. L. Douglas' name and price are stamped on the bottom of each shoe.

TAKE NO SUBSTITUTE.

Insist on local advertised dealers supplying you. W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass. Sold by

S. W. Nettleton, 221 Summit street.
L. Neander, No. 1211 Cherry street.
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GOLD MEDAL, PARIS, 1878.

W. BAKER & CO.'S Breakfast Cocoa

from which the excess of oil has been removed, is

Absolutely Pure and it is Soluble.

No Chemicals

are used in its preparation. It has *more than three times the strength* of Cocoa mixed with Starch, Arrowroot or Sugar, and is therefore far more economical, *costing less than one cent a cup.* It is delicious, nourishing, strengthening, EASILY DIGESTED, and admirably adapted for invalids as well as for persons in health.

Sold by Grocers everywhere.

W. BAKER & CO., Dorchester, Mass.

DR. S. E. McCREARY

PERMANENTLY LOCATED.

SPECIALTIES:

Female, Lung, Private and Chronic Diseases.

CATARRH, so very common in this climate, is not a local disease as is generally supposed, but is constitutional, showing itself locally in some of the mucous membranes of the body, and to remove it permanently you have to remove the cause. In fact the only way of treating any disease is by removing the cause that produces it, and nature will do the rest. This is the manner in which we treat all diseases under our specialties and the secret of our success is in the ability to determine the starting point or cause of your trouble.

SEMINAL WEAKNESS OR LOSS OF MANHOOD, AND ERRORS OF YOUTH, POSITIVELY CURED.

PILES permanently cured without the use of a knife or any surgical operation whatever. POSITIVELY NO CASE TAKEN THAT CANNOT BE CURED.

Correspondence accompanied by 4 cents in stamps will be held with the strictest secrecy and will be promptly answered.

Consultation free. Private parlors for ladies.

OFFICE AND LABORATORY,

607 Madison Street, Toledo, O.

PHONES 119. 289 285.

BOYNTON'S FURNACES

WITH LATEST PATENT IMPROVEMENTS ARE MANUFACTURED ONLY BY

The Boynton Furnace Co.

N. A. BOYNTON, Prest. 207 & 209 WATER ST., N. Y.

Be careful to specify goods manufactured by THE BOYNTON FURNACE CO. to secure the genuine. Beware of misrepresentations by competitors.

WORTSMITH & MARQUARDT, Successors to Showell & Co.

SOLE AGENTS, TOLEDO, OHIO.

MEN ONLY REMEDY FREE

Prompt Relief—Lasting Cure. I will send (sealed) free to any sufferer, prescription to enlarge small, weak parts and speedily cure Lost Manhood, Emissions, Varicocele and Impotency.

New, Active Remedy. CHAS. J. CAVE, Box 2, Marshall, Mich.

TRAVELERS' REGISTER

Corrected by William Gates, Boody House Ticket Office.

All trains run on Central Standard time, which is 28 minutes slower than City time.

Trains marked * (star) daily except Sunday.

The Pennsylvania Station.

Pennsylvania Lines.

Summit, Chestnut & Mulberry Sts.

TICKET OFFICES at Station and on Madison Street, under Boody House.

THROUGH TRAINS RUN AS FOLLOWS BY CENTRAL TIME

* Daily. † Daily, except Sunday.

FROM TOLEDO TO	LEAVE	ARRIVE
Phila. & New York..	†7:20 a m	†9:40 a m
Balto. & Wash't'n...	†7:20 a m	†9:40 a m
Mansfield & Pittsb'gh	†7:20 a m	†9:40 a m
Phila. & New York..	†2:25 p m	†5:10 p m
Balto. & Wash't'n....	†2:25 p m	†5:10 p m
Mansfield & Pittsb'gh	†2:25 p m	†5:10 p m
Phila. & New York..	*9:00 p m	*11:25 p m
Balto. & Wash't'n...	*9:00 p m	*11:25 p m
Mansfield & Pittsb'gh	*9:00 p m	*11:25 p m

THE LAKE SHORE ROUTE

UNION DEPOT.

	Arrive.	Depart.
Norwalk Division—East.		
Bos. and Chi. Accom.	9:45 a m	*5:05 p m
Bos. and Chi. special.	*7:35 a m	
New York Express..	*10:55 p m	*9:50 a m
Chicago Mail.....	*3:00 a m	
Buffalo Accom.....	7:35 p m	8:10 a m
Norwalk Accom.....	1:30 p m	3:40 p m
Sandusky Division East.		
Bos. and N. Y. Spe..		5:00 p m
N. Y. and Chi. lim..	*3:25 a m	*11:55 p m
Chi. and N. Y. Ex..	*1:55 p m	*10:30 p m
Ruff. and Chi. Accom.	9:35 a m	5:12 p m
Atlantic Express.....		*4:05 a m
Accommodation.....	7:45 p m	5:50 a m
Fast Mail.....		*2:55 p m
Old Road—West.		
Chicago Accom.....	*9:15 a m	*7:50 p m
Bos. and Chi. Spe....		*7:40 a m
Fast N.Y. and Bos. Ex.	*10:28 p m	
Fast Mail.....	*2:50 p m	
Michigan Accom.....	4:40 p m	9:50 a m
Air Line Division—West.		
Chi. and Bos. Spe....	4:58 p m	
Atlantic Express.....	3:55 a m	
N. Y. and Chi. lim..	11:50 p m	*3:30 a m
Chicago Fast Mail....		*3:10 a m
Chicago Express.....		*2:00 p m
Pacific Express.....		*11:10 p m
Ruff. and Chi. Accom	4:48 p m	10:05 a m
Kendallville Accom..	9:20 a m	6:00 p m
Jackson Branch.		
Express	9:15 a m	9:50 a m
Express	6:40 p m	7:50 p m
Lansing Branch.		
Express	2:50 p m	9:50 a m
Express	10:25 p m	
Kalamazoo and Grand Rapids Branch.		
Express.....	2:50 p m	11:10 p m
Express	10:25 p m	9:50 a m
Detroit Branch.		
Express	9:40 a m	7:37 a m
Express	3:48 p m	10:10 a m
Express	8:20 p m	4:05 p m

CINCINNATI, HAMILTON and DAYTON.

Union Depot.

Cin. and Ind. Express	*5:25 a m	10:15 a m
Cin. and Ind. Express	4:00 p m	*3:30 p m
Cin. and Ind. Express	9:00 p m	*11:40 p m
Cincinnati Express...	11:20 a m	6:45 a m
Cin. Ex., Sun. only.	9:40 a m	
Find. and R. G. Ex..	8:00 a m	6:45 a m
Find. and R. G. Ex..	4:00 p m	3:30 p m
Find. and R. G. Ex.	9:00 p m	6:05 p m
Find. and R. G. Ex.	11:20 a m	10:15 a m

Through solid trains between Toledo and Findlay. Through cars between Toledo, Bowling Green and North Baltimore.

WABASH RAILWAY.

Union Depot.

Pacific Express.....	*8:55 p m	*12:10 a m
Kansas City Express.	4:15 p m	10:20 a m
St. Louis Express....	*7:40 a m	*8:20 p m
Defiance Accom.....	8:00 a m	4:45 p m

MICHIGAN CENTRAL.

Mackinac and Det. E.	9:10 p m	4:20 p m
N. Y. and Bos. Ex...	*10:05 a m	*7:45 a m
New York Express..	*11:20 p m	*9:05 p m
Detroit Express.....	*3:20 p m	*5:30 a m

WHEELING & LAKE ERIE RAILWAY.

(Depot, Cherry street.)

Wheeling & Steub. Ex	6:25 p m	7:45 a m
Washt n. & Balto. Ex	2:00 p m	1:00 p m
Cleve. & N. Y. Ex..	*9:45 a m	*4:50 p m
Local Freight.....	4:30 p m	6:35 a m

*Daily.

CINCINNATI, JACKSON and MACKINAW.

Chicago and Tol. Ex.	12:10 p m	6:30 p m
Mail and Express....	8:35 p m	7:25 a m
Local.....	3:50 p m	6:10 a m

TOLEDO, ANN ARBOR and NORTH MICHIGAN.

Cadillac Mail.....	10:20 p m	8:45 a m
Clare Express.....	12:55 p m	2:40 p m
Ann Arbor Accom....	8:55 a m	10:20 a m

TOLEDO, ST. LOUIS and KANSAS CITY.

Union Depot.

St. Louis Day Ex....	10:20 p m	6:25 a m
St. Louis Night Ex..	*9:20 a m	*5:25 p m
Delphos Pass.....	8:30 a m	4:20 p m

COLUMBUS, HOCKING VALLEY and TOLEDO.

Buckeye Route.

Columbus Express...	*9:15 a m	*6:30 a m
O. R. Mail and Ex...	2:20 p m	10:35 a m
Columbus Express...	*8:20 p m	*5:20 p m

TOLEDO, COLUMBUS and CINCINNATI.

Depot, Bridge street, East Toledo.

Find. and Ken. Ex...	*9:05 a m	7:40 a m
Find. and R. G. Ex..	3:15 p m	10:20 a m
Find and Ken. Ex...	6:35 p m	*4:20 p m

TOLEDO and OHIO CENTRAL.

Depot, Bridge street, East Toledo.

Col. and Corning Ex.	3:25 p m	10:15 a m
Bucyrus Express.....	9:00 a m	5:30 p m

FLINT & PERE MARQUETTE R. R.

Passengers going via the above line leave from Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Railway Depot, as follows:

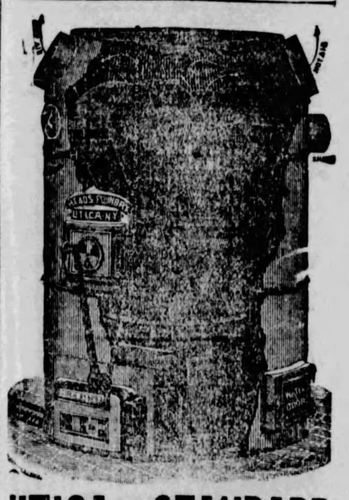
Depart via M. C. R. R.....	5:30 a m
Depart via L. S. R'y.....	10:10 a m
Depart via M. C. R. R.....	4:20 p m
Depart via M. C. R. R.....	*9:05 p m

HOTELS.

HOTEL VENDOME

Centrally Located. All the Latest Improvements.

Broadway & 41st St., New York. AMERICAN AND EUROPEAN PLAN.



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ESTIMATES carefully furnished.
CONTRACTS promptly executed.
RESULTS positively guaranteed.

R. G. BACON & CO,

Hardware and Stove Dealers.

504—MONROE ST—506

Dr. C. G. Clark, The Celebrated Specialis

In all chronic diseases and special private diseases, who was suddenly called to attend a very sick patient at San Francisco, Cal., on the 7th of last October, since getting through with said patient he has been traveling through Southern California, Arizona and New Mexico, studying the climate and conditions of the country and is now capable of giving health seekers advice free. Dr. Clark returns much invigorated and can be consulted on all Chronic Diseases. Remember he can cure you without a particle of calomel or poison.

He will be at his office next to Hotel Hamilton, 419 Madison Street, Toledo, O., Tuesday, January 19, and thereafter as formally.

Chichester's English Diamond Brand.

PENNYROYAL PILLS

Original and Only Genuine.

SAFE, always reliable. LADIES ask Druggist for Chichester's English Diamond Brand in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations. At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Name Paper. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square, Philada., Pa.

Sold by all Local Druggists.

BURDEN-BEARING.

What strange moods possess us sometimes when we rise
From our beds, with the mist of sleep still in our eyes
And our brain,
And we seek for a reason, but seek it in vain.

Perhaps all in peace we had gone to our sleep,
Little thinking the morning would make us to weep
Or to sigh,
Still finding no answer to self's question, "Why?"

Does the spirit of sleep gather up as he goes
From each grief-laden heart some small part of its woes
And its care,
To place in some breast better able to bear?

Is uneasy grief but a stranger—a guest,
Who, bereft of his dwelling, has paused but to rest
By the way,
And will leave us, perhaps, ere the close of the day?

—Ida M. Cameron.

SWEDISH WEDDING MARCH.

In American homes throughout the land the "Swedish Wedding March," by Soderman, is played with more or less skill on the piano; it rings through churches in mighty waves of solemn sound from the many-voiced organ; even noisy orchestrions render it with automatic precision. So familiar has the "Wedding March" become that it seems almost hackneyed. Yet few people know the pretty love story of historical interest connected with the quaint, old-fashioned tune. If they knew, the first bars of the music would conjure up before their mind's eye a delightful picture of mediaeval pageantry, such as any American traveler who is a student of Scandinavian languages and literature might enjoy in the Royal Dramatic theater in Stockholm, Sweden, when the Wedding at Ulfasa is on the play list.

In a beautiful versified drama the Swedish poet Frans Hedberg revives the true love story of a noble couple who lived, loved and died 600 years ago. At the close of the drama the wedding procession is invariably ushered in to the tune of Soderman's march, with fife and drum and horns, and the gorgeous display of mediaeval costumes.

The old mansion of Ulfasa, where the wedding took place so many hundred years ago, still stands erect, and is pointed out to tourists passing through the Gota canal in Sweden. In those dark ages unprotected maidens were often captured and carried off by highwaymen and unprincipled rovers, who considered women at large their legitimate prey, to be hunted down and appropriated like squirrels and wild rabbits.

Thus it happened once that a gallant young nobleman on a ride across country overtook a highwayman who had just seized a maiden on her way from mass. The scoundrel was defeated, and the hero escorted the lady home to her parents.

No wonder the timid, blue-eyed, yellow-haired girl, first half scared to death by a ruthless robber, and then providentially rescued by a gallant knight, looked at her escort with great devotion, akin to worship. No wonder the young knight with the strong arm lost his heart during the ride through the snowy woods on that Sabbath day in the far-off ages. All the elements of a romance were there, and the result was the old, old, and ever-new story.

Who were they? His name was Bengt, and he was a judge, with the power of a governor, appointed by his elder brother, at the helm of the Swedish government, the wise Earl Birger of mediaeval fame in the North, because he protected the Church, and enforced respect for Swedish homes and Swedish women. For this reason all womankind in northern Europe cherishes the memory of good Birger Yarl who gave the law that daughters should inherit as well as sons. Their portion was to be half as large as the brothers' share, which was an improvement on the former state of affairs, when girls were excluded from all inheritance, while the boys in a family took all the property when the parents died.

And who was the maiden rescued by Birger Yarl's brother Bengt? Her name was Sigrid, and she was fair, so fair that history treasures her name as "Sigrid the Fair." Partiality in a judge is a grave fault; yet it is recorded that Judge Bengt gave evidence of being partial in the case of a young lady. After a happy time of courtship the wedding day was fixed, and messengers were dispatched to the mighty earl to invite him cordially to the wedding. Sigrid and her parents were anxious to learn if the earl received the news of the engagement favorably, while the happy lover had no doubt whatever that everything would run smoothly, and that his brother and the rest of the world considered his choice most creditable.

Old Birger Yarl received the news cautiously, and found out that the bride, though fair of face and name, was poor, and of a family far below his own rank. The proud mand frowned. "Ill-mated match; disgraceful union!" he muttered. How dared his brother offer him the insult of an invitation to such a beggarly wedding? "If he neglects his dignity so far as to marry below his station, he shall feel my displeasure. And as for the wench who ensnared him, my gift to her shall tell what is in my mind."

The heralds returned crestfallen, carrying a carved casket, with Birger Yarl's mysterious wedding present for Sigrid. Solemnly she received the casket, not knowing how to interpret the messengers' gloomy faces. The lid was opened. Inside lay the folds of a garment of costly purple cloth trimmed with snow-white ermine, fit for the drapery of a queen. With a cry of delight Sigrid drew the mantel out of the casket, and with a cry of disappointment, she dropped it to the ground. She turned pale, staggered to a seat, leaned her head on the oak table, and wept the bitterest tears of her young life. What was it she had seen? Simply this: Birger Yarl's gift was a mantle of peculiar make; one-half of it was of real purple, and the other half was of coarest yellow homespun wool. The intended meaning had instantly flashed upon Sigrid's mind. Birger Yarl, in his wounded pride, wanted her to understand that there was as offensive a contrast between her low station and her lover's rank as between the two halves of the mantle. It was a bitter slight, a cruel insult, from a high and mighty man. He, the friend of every defenceless woman in the country, the man of noble purpose and feeling heart, showed himself resentful and narrow-minded within the small circle of his kin when his vanity was hurt. He despised her; he reproached her lover that this union was degradation to himself.

Poor girl! she was broken-hearted for a while. She resolved to give up her claim, to set him free, not to stand in his way, but to hide her love for him from the wicked world behind the convent walls.

No, not yet! She would not give him up without a struggle. Her proud spirit awoke, she brushed away her tears, and all of a sudden an arch smile dimpled her cheeks. She looked like one inspired with new life. There was fire in her blue eye. What had she done to be insulted? Nothing. Her father was poor, but there was no stain on his shield. If the noble Yarl chose to slight a maiden of good name who had done him no harm, she, in her turn, would send him a reply.

"Help me, girls," she called out to her former playmates. "Come, all of you, and let us give the great Yarl a lesson with our nimble fingers. Here are silks and yarns, gold cord and gaudy beads. Here, too, is my necklace of gleaming pearls, my only jewel, an heirloom. We will brighten up this homely homespun web until it outshines the purple and ermine."

Before the curfew of Sabbath eve rang in a day's rest the work was done. Behold! the mantle was transformed. The coarse homespun was no longer visible. It was hidden under the most delicate design in skilful embroidery, ablaze with gorgeous colors, sparkling with jewels, gleaming with a golden sheen. Plain and commonplace did the purple and ermine look beside this marvel of patient maidens' work.

The mantle was folded and laid in the carved casket, and with a smile of proud satisfaction fair Sigrid confided it to the messenger.

"Deliver this casket to the Yarl."

"What shall the message be?"

"None. The Yarl will know. The Yarl will understand.

The Yarl did understand the meaning of the adorned homespun web. Did he wax wroth? Not at all. He looked surprised, of course, when he unpacked the mantle, but presently he smiled and stroked his iron-gray beard.

"Sigrid the Fair! Poor, yes, but of good repute. What more? Wise, very wise, and spirited. Ah, brother Bengt, I might have known you would not choose merely a pretty fool. Hm! I like her answer. I think I will go and see my kinswoman that is to be. Sigrid the Fair, the Proud!"

And without delay the old earl commanded his followers to get ready for the journey with the pomp due to his rank and wealth, and provided with magnificent gifts for the bride.

They journeyed on horseback, and came just in time for the wedding at Ulfasa mansion.

Fair indeed was the bride issuing from her maiden bower, with the silver crown on her yellow hair. When she saw the venerable figure of the earl approach, her heart sank within her; her color came and went like the play of northern light on the frost-bound earth; her blue eyes met his with the timid gaze of a helpless child, suddenly changing to the dignified steady look of a woman with a clear conscience. At first sight the Yarl's heart softened towards her as a snow-drift melts in the warm spring sun. Hark! the faint strains of the wedding march are heard, like a far-off echo.

"All hail, sister!" he said, with his right hand extended to grasp hers.

"Did you say—sister?" she whispered, with tear-dimmed eyes raised to the stern bearded face of the mighty earl.

"Yes, God bless you, sister! Brother Bengt, take care of her," exclaimed Birger Yarl, with his deep ringing voice.

Nearer and nearer flits the merry wedding march, and Sigrid the Fair turns from her kinsman to her faithful lover, who never had wavered, leaned her crowned head on his shoulder, and wept for joy.

Only one moment, for now the drummer-boy and the fifers appear on the scene, playing noisily, merrily. Followed by the stately wedding procession, the bridal couple and the mighty earl wend their way to church, and pass out of sight. The melody grows fainter, and finally dies away in the distance, sounding merely like the whistle of the wind in the Swedish pines.

History drops Sigrid the Fair and her husband, Bengt, the judge, at the threshold of wedded life. Married couples, like nations, are happiest when history or the world forgets to keep a record of their doings. Thus there is reason to believe the noble Swedish lovers remained happy to their dying day.—Harper's Bazar.

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WHITMAN'S WORK AND GENIUS.

"Walt Whitman was a modern prophet of real optimism," says Walter Blackburn Harte in the February New England Magazine. "He would not sing pastorals for popularity. His eyes were not shut to the evil in the world, but he saw the good in the evil—he asked himself Omar-Khayyam's question, 'Does the potter make pots to destroy them?'—and answered it. He emphasized his belief that everything in the world is good, but his optimism was not of the kind that bawls, 'There is no misery, no oppression, no iniquity in the world?' His religion was the religion of humanity. "Whitman's work needs the careful revision of a good editor—preferably one who is himself a poet, and independent of all the little white-neckcloth schools at that. A good pagan poet would bring the right spirit to his task. "Walt Whitman will always be a picturesque figure in the history of literature, whether his books are read or unread. I think he just missed, by some twist of the intellect, being a great poet. He could have been a great prose writer—a writer of poetic prose; all poets need not use the metrical form—but he apparently lacked energy, concentration, and the faculty of expressing himself with perfect logical continuity. 'Leaves of Grass' is a garret in which there are jewels and dish cloths, clock-faces without works and works without faces—a hodge podge of things startlingly good and irritatingly bad. He produced a very small quantity of work, good and bad,—really nothing to what most poets of ordinary application produce in a much shorter life time and it is to be hoped that the good will survive the bad, for there is not too much to forget."

A woman who is weak, nervous and sleepless, and who has cold hands and feet, cannot feel and act like a well person. Carter's Iron Pills equalize the circulation, remove nervousness, give strength and rest.

BENJAMIN'S STOCKINGS.

I know it is wrong to smile at funerals, but how can you help it sometimes? Quite recently in a house of bereavement I chanced to be near two of the mourners who were evidently nearly enough related to the deceased to speak of the corpse most familiarly. One said, "Benjamin looks natteral." "Yes, he does; these undertakers nowadays makes very handsome bodies. Poor Benjamin! Last fall I give 'im a pair of red stockings, what I bought in Paterson, and he said, 'Why, Sarah, I'll be like Solomon in all his glory when I get these 'on;' and he is poor fellow, for he's got 'em on now and he's in glory, too!" Now was it my fault if occasionally during the funeral I pictured Benjamin in red stockings at heaven's gate and found my mouth twitching in consequence?—New York Recorder.

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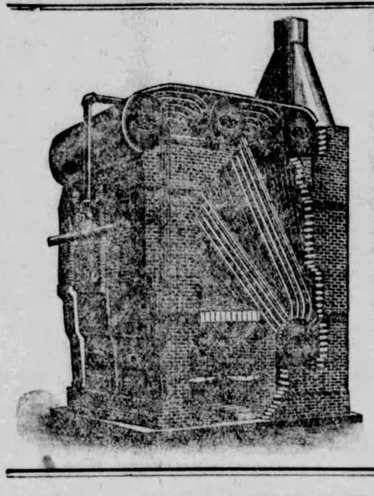

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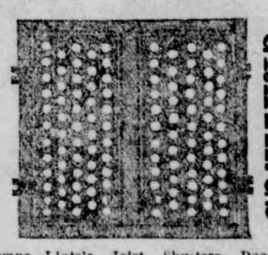

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MALE HELP WANTED.

BOY WANTED—BRIGHT BOY ABOUT 15 years old. Enquire Southwest Despatch, 45 St. Clair Building. 33

TRAVELING SALESMEN TO SELL baking powder to the retail grocery trade. Men acquainted with different sections of the country. A good side line, also good opportunity for clerks or any live men who want to go on the road; experience not absolutely necessary. We mean business. To the right men liberal contracts will be made and steady work given; we pay not less than $75 month salary and expenses or 20 per cent. commission. Address, with stamp, U. S. Chemical Works, 840 and 842 Van Buren Street, Chicago, Ills. 2feb12

WANTED—PORTER—YOUNG MAN WHO understands the cleaning of windows and offices. Address F. 77, with reference and salary expected, Bee office.

I WANT AN ENERGETIC MAN OR woman immediately, in every county in Ohio and Michigan to sell the Best Basting and Roasting pan on earth; sample pan free. Address H. Minnis, Monroe, Michigan. 30jan6p

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED—SERVANT GIRL, FAMILY of three; references required. Enquire 612 Magnolia street. 3feb2

WANTED—GIRL COMPETENT TO DO general housework for small family; must be well recommended. Mrs. Geo. C. Pepper, 3137 Huron street. 2feb3

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 1463 Huron street. Apply at once. 30

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; German preferred. Call at 325 32d street. 23

WANTED—A DISHWASHER AND LAUNdress at Oliver House. 29

WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL for general housework. Mrs. R. H. Baker, 2116 Madison st.

COOK—WANTED, A COOK AT 717 Huron street; small family; good wages. Mrs. Thos. Daniels. 23

HOUSEWORK—WANTED—A GIRL FOR general housework. 1449 Huron street. 22

WANTED—SECOND GIRL—ONE WILLing to assist in care of children three and six years old. Apply to Mrs. Olivia Rodgers, 2136 Madison street. 30

HOUSEWORK—WANTED, GIRL FOR general housework at 324 22nd street, between Madison and Adams. 23

WANTED—FOUR LADIES TO WORK IN stock in show; must mean business. Address No. 67, Bee office. 26

WANTED — LADY STENOGRAPHER— None but experienced person need apply; preference given to person having typewriter. Address F. 71, Bee office. 25

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework in small family; good wages paid to a competent girl. Apply at once to Mrs. E. W. Baumgardner, 2015 Parkwood ave. 32

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; good wages to right girl. 506 Walbridge ave. 25

WANTED—A GOOD GIRL, GERMAN preferred; must come recommended; good wages. Apply 1045 Grand ave. 30

HOUSEWORK—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; must be a good cook; no washing. 1409 Monroe street. 26

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework at 1919 Lawrence ave., on Belt Line; small family and all conveniences. 31

A GOOD SALARY GUARANTEED TO any lady who will do writing for me at home. Address in own handwriting with addressed and stamped envelope, Miss Edna L. Smythe, South Bend, Ind. Proprietor of the Famous Gloria Water. 21jan26

MISCELLANEOUS.

WANTED—A HOME WITH A FARMER or grocer for a boy 11 years old. Address J. F., 708 Bartlett street. 3feb2p

FOR EXCHANGE—A PLAT OF TWO acres divided up in 4 lots in Wauseon, O.; good site for building or manufactory or gardening; will exchange for a lot in Toledo. C. C. & H. H. Dawson, 2 New Bee Building. Phone 1288. 30jan12p

THE WHITE INDIAN IS AT HIS office, No. 607 Monroe street, upstairs, where patients can consult him free of charge. He treats Catarrh for $3 a month, and all chronic diseases from $4 to $8 per month, and venerial diseases, and he makes a cure of them when others fail. He has walking testimonials for it in this city. J. H. Andrews, M. D. 30jan6p

THE WORLD'S FAIR IS NEAR AT hand and we have the fairest Coal in the world at A. H. Schoen's, 839 Erie street. Phone 598. 30jan6

PROFESSOR MORRIS, CELEBRATED clairvoyant and magnetic healer, reads future life without a mistake; future plainly revealed; lovers united; troubles healed; reunites the separated; causes happy marriages; gives names of friends and enemies; also the one you will marry. Tells what to do and where to go to be lucky. The professor can be found at 26 Michigan street, between Monroe and Washington, from 9 a. m. to 10 p. m. 29jan1m

ARCHITECT AND SUPERINTENDENT— W. T. States, 611 Cherry street. Rooms 13 and 14 Eppstein Block. Plans, Specifications and details furnished on short notice. 15decly

FIRE, ACCIDENT AND PLATE GLASS insurance and real estate. Phone 1288. C. C. & H. H. ("Bert") Dawson, 2 New Bee Building, first floor. 8dec-tf

WANTED—A PLACE AS NURSE BY A middle-aged lady. Address Mrs. A. E. Knox, East Toledo, Smith Bridge Works, care of R. R. Complie. 29

ANY ONE HAVING MONEY TO LOAN on improved city or farm property at good rates will find it to their interest to call on T. S. Merrell, 512 Madison st. No charge for investment. 17augly r

DO YOU WANT A PENSION? IF YOU do, and have doubts as to your claim, consult J. H. Spain, corner Monroe and Market Space. Advice given free. 7aprlyr

WANTED—THE PEOPLE TO KNOW that they can get anything they want in the line of stationary, art goods, cigars and tobacco, at Geo. T. Frey's, 611 Cherry street. 31janlyr

GEORGE W. MERRILL, JUSTICE OF the Peace and Notary Public; deeds, leases, mortgages and all legal papers executed; special attention paid to collection of commercial paper. Office hours, 8 a. m. to 9 p. m. Room 26 Law Building, corner Superior and Madison streets. jan12tf

INSURANCE—WANTED, EVERYBODY to insure in the old and tried Ohio Farmers' Insurance Company, with its 44 years experience and nearly $2,000,000 capital. Geo. C. Stahl, 420 Adams street. 7jan12w

DON'T HEAT YOUR BLOOD.—PUT AN ad. in the Bee to-day for one week, and let it do your hustling for you. 4jan-tf

WANTED—SITUATIONS.

WANTED—A POSITION AS LADY'S maid or companion, by a young lady who desires a good home more than a salary. Address F. 81, Bee office. 1feb3

WANTED—A POSITION AS BILL CLERK or any kind of office work, by a young lady of experience. Address F. 80, Bee office. 1feb3

WANTED—A YOUNG MAN ATTENDING school wishes to wait on tables for board; have had six months experience. Address F. 79, care Bee. 32

BOY OF 17 WOULD LIKE A SITUATION of some kind; knows the city well. Address F. 78, Bee office. 32

WANTED—SITUATION BY YOUNG MAN 21 years of age as coachman, deliverer or work in any store; have had several years experience in grocery business; can give best of references. Address F. 73, Bee office. 26

WANTED—A PLACE TO DO HOUSEwork. Address Mrs. A. E. Knox, East Toledo, Smith Bridge Works, care of R. R. Complie. 29

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—A GOOD WORKING HORSE and a good phaeton. Wm. Heath, No. 905 Washington street. Phone 1017. 3feb12

SALOON FOR SALE—GOOD LOCATION; all new furniture; will sell very cheap. Call at No. 611 South St. Clair street. 3feb6

FOR SALE—A SMALL CIGAR AND candy stand very cheap for cash. Address F. 88, Bee office. 3feb2p

FOR SALE—40 ACRES LAND IN ADAMS township, east half of the southeast fourth-quarter of section 1; two-story brick house and two barns; for sale cheap on long time. Enquire 374 Indiana avenue. N. W. Halpin. 2feb1m-p

FOR SALE—CHEAP FOR CASH, FURniture and fixtures to run bar and hotel; a paying business; good reasons for selling. Enquire at Wabash House, 530 Sumner st., near Wabash railroad. 2feb2p

FOR SALE OR TRADE FOR A STOCK of boots and shoes, 160 acres of all smooth land three miles from county seat, Thomas county, Kansas. Address S. A. Brown, Deshler, Ohio. 30jan6

FOR SALE CHEAP—A SPAN OF DARK brown mules, 16 1-2 hands high; weight, 2,400 pounds. Call on William Patterson, Liveryman, Front street, near Berdotha St., East Toledo. 30jan7

FOR SALE—FIVE JERSEY COWS; ONE 6 years old; one 4 years; one 3 years; one heifer 15 months; one 3 months old. The above stock can be seen at Air Line Junction, No. 138 Gibbons street. Cyrus M. Locke. 30jan6p

FOR SALE—FARM OF 28 ACRES, WITH large 2-story brick house; 2 good cellars, barns and out-buildings; 2 wells, cistern, 2 orchards; 1 mile from corporation line and about three miles from court house; best of land, and can be bought cheap. Chas. J. Kirschner & Co., 512 Madison st. 30jan12

FOR SALE—AT AIR LINE JUNCTION, vacant lots well located on Western avenue, with frontage to suit. Our prices are right. If you want property for speculation get our figures. Irving B. Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—A FEW OF THE MOST desirable lots on Robinwood avenue, at reasonable prices. They are scarce. See us soon. Irving B. Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—ON GORDON ST., NEAR the M. C. Ry., lot 30 feet front for $300; additional frontage if desired. Irving B. Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—$275 WILL BUY A WELL located lot on Boyd street, near Hiett avenue, 30x120; convenient to street cars and railroad grounds. Irving B. Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—$250 WILL BUY A GOOD lot 30x145 on Prouty avenue, near M. C. Ry. See us soon. Irving B. Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—IN WEBSTER PLACE, beautiful lots with frontage to suit; good neighborhood; everything first-class; special inducements to those who will build. Irving B. Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—ON BANCROFT ST., NEAR Locust street, lots 30x139, with 16-foot alley and paved street. Get our figures; we are prepared to make generous offers. Irving B. Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—$500 WILL BUY A LOT ON Utica street, near Lagrange street, 30 feet front and good depth. Let us show you the property. Irving B. Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—IN THE NEW ADDITION beyond Ewing street, on Missouri street, frontage to suit, at reasonable price; good neighborhood and beautiful surroundings. Irving B. Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—A "DOWN TOWN" CHERRY street corner; suitable for business or flats; lot 50x100; price reasonable; good investment property. Irving B. Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—ON MONROE ST., NEAR 23rd street, residence or business property, 40x134. Irving B. Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—LOT ON STARR AVENUE, corner Fifth street, East Toledo, 38x120; look at the property. If you want East Toledo real estate see Irving B. Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—WELL LOCATED LOTS ON South street, near Sumner street, all lying high and dry; will sell at $500 per lot, terms to suit; special inducements to those desiring to build. Irving B. Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—ON BARTLETT STREET for $450, well located lots on terms that are sure to please. We will gladly show the property. Irving B. Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—ONLY TWO LOTS LEFT on west side Scottwood avenue, between Bancroft and Virginia streets. These will soon be sold. Get our prices and let us show them. Irving B. Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—A BRICK AND TILE YARD at Liberty Center, O., all in good running order and a good trade. Address A. R. Morgan, Liberty Center, Ohio. 11jan1m-p

FOR SALE—RESIDENCE—2040 FRANKlin avenue; lot 75 feet front; house contains modern improvements, and is, without doubt, one of the most desirable locations in the city. Will be sold at reasonable price and terms to desirable purchaser. Apply to W. C. Crabbs, Boody House block. 4dec-tf

FOR SALE—$1,000 PROFIT—SIX LOTS just off Collingwood avenue, near Robinwood. We will sell the six for $4,000. There is $1,000 quick profit in it. Geo. E. Pomeroy & Son. 27jan4

FOR SALE—FINE GARDEN FARM 12 1-2 acres, and 11 adjoining lots, all kinds of fruit and necessary buildings, good well and cistern, worth $3,500, will sell for $3,000; long time and no down payment if security is given. This property all lies in the First ward of Maumee. Also 14 acres near upper paper mill, 500 grape and quince trees, new brick house, good well and cistern, worth $2,500, will sell for $2,000, on same terms. If not sold will be for rent for five or ten years. Address Paul Wise, Maumee, Ohio. 27jan9

SALOON FOR SALE—I HAVE A GOOD saloon, well located, only one in town; will be sold cheap; good dwelling house, barn, saloon fixtures and ice house with 60 tons of ice; reason for selling, poor health. Enquire of John S. Weigand, Millbury, Wood County, Ohio. 29jan6p

BARBER SHOP FOR SALE—BARBER shop at 628 Western avenue. 29jan3p

FOR SALE—FURNITURE—BY WILLIAM Heath, No. 905 Washington street. Owing to ill health I will sell out my place of business, cheap for cash, or take a good horse in part payment. Phone 1017. 28jan12

FOR SALE—LOT NO. 90 IN Robinwood extension, on west side of the street; high and dry; beautiful homes on each side; best location on the street, at a bargain. Irving B. Hiett & Co. 25jan10

ROOMS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—A DESIRABLE FRONT room, with home comforts and modern conveniences, to gentlemen only. 327 Tenth street, near Madison. 2feb3p

FOR RENT—A NICELY FURNISHED front room with board. Inquire at 322 Huron street, between Madison and Adams. References required. 2feb6p

ROOM FOR RENT—A LARGE, LIGHT and airy east room on Michigan street, between Adams and Madison, in private family and no other roomers; rent to gentlemen only; references exchanged. Address F. 85, Bee office. 2feb6p

FOR RENT—ONE FLOOR, OAK AND Eleventh streets. Enquire next door. 30jan3p

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS, ALSO rooms for light housekeeping, with use of bath. Apply at 28 Ontario street, between Monroe and Washington. 30jan6p

FOR RENT — NICELY FURNISHED front rooms, heated, suitable for one or two gentlemen; also single sleeping rooms. Call at 116 Erie street. 30jan6p

FOR RENT—SEVERAL SUITES OF rooms for offices or light housekeeping; also corner store and cellar 75x20, with shelving and counters, in the Eppstein Block, Cherry street. Enquire of H. Weitzel, Room 10, Secor Block, Monroe street. 21dec4w

FOR RENT—TWO NICE ROOMS, FURnished or unfurnished, with gas; 10 minutes walk from postoffice. Call 1117 Washington street. 21nov-tf

MONEY TO LOAN.

MONEY TO LOAN—IF YOU WANT $25 to $500 on chattel mortgage, I will negotiate such loans on fair terms. M. O. Waggoner, office and residence, 613 Madison street. 24octlyr

MONEY—TO LOAN ON REAL ESTATE in large or small amounts at low rate of interest. T. S. Merrell, 512 Madison street. 17augly r

MONEY TO LOAN ON HOUSEHOLD goods, pianos, horses, wagons, etc., without removal; partial payments received reducing cost pro rata; all business strictly confidential. Croft, Room 14, Worthington Block, Adams and Superior streets. 16may-tf

EARTHQUAKE SHOCK.

The People of Oregon Shaken Up Last Night.

Portland, Ore., Feb. 4.—A severe earthquake shock occurred here at 8:30 o'clock last night.

Brick buildings shook and windows rattled, terrifying the inmates.

The shock lasted about 30 seconds, and is probably the most severe ever felt in this city.

At Astoria.

Astoria, Ore., Feb. 4.—A distinct earthquake shock, lasting about three seconds, was felt here at 8:27 o'clock last night. The vibrations were from southwest to northeast.

NEW YORK REPUBLICANS.

New York, Feb. 4.—The republican state executive committee has been called by Chairman Husted to meet in this city on February 13. The early calling to-day of February 13 the only call to consider, and also the time for holding the republican state convention to elect delegates at large to the national convention at Minneapolis. It is thought that the meeting of the state convention will be held in April.

NORTH CAROLINA REPUBLICANS.

Raleigh, N. C., Feb. 4.—The republican state committee met here yesterday, and called a state convention to meet in this city on April 14 to elect delegates to the national republican convention. It was decided not to nominate a republican ticket at the convention.

DRAWBACK ALLOWED.

Washington, Feb. 4.—The treasury department decided that a drawback is allowed on imported refined sugar used in the manufacture of sweet chocolate.

PRISONERS PAROLED.

Columbus, Feb. 4.—Fred Roth, the Wooster wife murderer, and Dick Hurley, of Cincinnati, have been paroled.

WANTED—SITUATIONS.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A PRACtical vegetable, floral and fruit gardener of 20 years' experience, both in the southern and northern states; can manage a private or commercial business; propagation of all kind of plants a special business; can give the best of reference as to business and character. Address J. A. Sellar, California P. O., Branch Co., Michigan. Box 86. 34

WANTED—BY A QUIET, MIDDLE-AGED lady, who understands all kinds of work, a position as housekeeper for old people, or middle-aged widower; no objection to going out of city. Address F. 87, Bee office. 33

WANTED — SITUATION AS NIGHT watchman, or in hotel; am sober and reliable; city reference. Address F. 75, Bee office. 28

WANTED — CHILDREN'S SEWING, plain sewing and mending; can also do any kind of crochet work. Address Mademoiselle C., cor. Locust and Champlain streets. 31

WANTED—A PLACE IN SMALL FAMily to do general housework, by a good steady and honest girl. Address F. 76, Bee office. 28

WANTED—TO WORK FOR SOME BUSIness man by the year, or to oversee work; I am a carpenter by trade; can give references. Address or call J. F. J., 708 Bartlett street. 26

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG man of 17 to do office work, or any kind of work whereby he can earn enough to attend night school. Call or address 202 Illinois street. 22

WANTED—SEWING, WASHING AND ironing to do. Address F. 66, care of Bee office. 24

FOR RENT—HOUSES.

FOR RENT—HOUSES ON BROADWAY, Oakwood avenue and Marion street, $8 to $25 per month. C. C. & H. H. Dawson, insurance and real estate, 2 New Bee Building. Phone 1288. 30jan6

FOR RENT—HOUSE 334 OLIVER ST.; five rooms, well, cistern, natural gas, all in good repair; rent, $11 per month. Enquire at 719 Michigan street. 1feb6p

FOR RENT—HOUSE NO. 130 INDIANA avenue; good water, sewer connections, etc., $15 per month. Sam T. Fisk, 311 Madison street. 13jan-tf

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST — CARD CASE — I LOST MY leather card case in a Robison car, on Huron street, or at the Club Saturday, containing nothing but visiting cards. Will finder kindly leave it at 414 Madison street? Mrs. Geo. E. Pomeroy. 2feb3

LOST—DOG—A WHITE, BLACK AND tan setter bitch; a liberal reward offered for her return or whereabouts. H. Philipps, 115 and 117 St. Clair street. 1feb6p

CITY NEWS.

Ask for Seyfang's "New Process" bread.

Oil is likely to go up in price.

Committee grind at the council chamber to-night.

Workhouse trustees are in session at the works this afternoon.

Hoofland's Bitters give strength.

Arrangements will soon begin to properly celebrate St. Patrick's day.

Sandusky county teachers hold their quarterly institue at Fremont on Saturday.

Send the family washing to the Toledo Laundry Co., phone 438.

The projectors of the Catholic Knights of Ohio are meeting with good success in Toledo.

Tile and brick men of the state meet in Columbus next week. Of course Toledo will be on hand.

Allie Manahan is having his trial in the Wood county common pleas court at Bowling Green this week.

For fine steel plate work call on G. W. C. Hadley, Bee Job Rooms, 136 St. Clair street.

An elegant lamp has been hung in front of the city natural gas department headquarters.

The Ladies Aid society of the Third Presbyterian church cleared $75 at the annual entertainment recently.

Col. Theodore Cox, a brother to ex-Congressman Cox, well known in Toledo, died this week at Cincinnati.

Wales & Thorspeck sued Ella F. Kaney, et al., in common pleas court today to recover $70 on an account.

Rev. Dr. Fish will open a series of revival meetings at St. John's M. E. church on Sunday to continue for some weeks.

Joseph Dilger sued the Toledo Consolidated Street Railway company in common pleas court to-day to recover $10,000 damages for personal injury.

Regular monthly business meeting of the Eleventh Street Church of Christ will be held this evening. Several matters of importance will be brought up.

Primary Sunday school teachers meet at the Washington Street Congregational church on Saturday afternoon at 3 o'clock, and a large attendance is expected.

Rev. C. D. Mitchell, known as Findlay's Talmage, now of Toledo, is engaged in revival work at Blissfield, Mich. Hundreds are flocking out to hear the boy preacher.

In common pleas court to-day the city for use of Frank E. Cole began action against Abram K. Detwiler et al, to collect assessments for the construction of a sewer in Ontario street.

For office stationery 'phone or call on The Bee Job Rooms (old Bee building), 136 St. Clair street.

There is a bad hole in the pavement at the corner of Summit and Jefferson streets, into which some horse's leg will drop some of these days and leave a bill for the city to settle.

A committee of the board of park commissioners will meet the county commissioners with regard to the care of the court house park for the coming year, as soon as a date can be agreed on.

Last evening the ladies of Willard Union, W. C. T. U., met with Mrs. Duden, West Broadway, to count the pennies collected the past year to aid in building the temperance temple in Chicago, and had a good time generally. The collections were highly satisfactory, and will be forwarded to Chicago immediately by special messenger—a railroad man who offered to see them safely delivered.

At the session of Volunteer Post, G. A. R., last night arrangements were made for the trip to the National encampment. Lucius Brown was appointed chairman of the committee on arrangements, and Hudson Fitch on that of transportation. Mr. A. R. Seagrave gave his paper on "The Blockade," which was an entertaining and thoughtful one.

Chilblains are cured by Salvation Oil, the wonderful liniment. Price 25 cents a bottle.

No one ever regretfully invested 25 cents in a bottle of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup.

Messrs. Wright, Kay & Co.

Offer a Desirable Assortment of Clocks, Lamps, Vases and Onyx Goods at Greatly Reduced Prices to Make Room for Changes Now Being Made in Their Building.

Wright, Kay & Co.

Importers of Clocks, Porcelains and Fancy Goods.

140 Woodward Ave. DETROIT.

New Muslin Underwear.
New Dress Ginghams.
NEUHAUSEL BROS.

OPENING WHEELING & LAKE ERIE TO WHEELING.

Monday, February 1, the Wheeling & Lake Erie railway will change its time schedule, opening its new line through to the city of Wheeling, W. Va., and crossing the new Terminal company's bridge between Martin's Ferry and Wheeling. Train No. 5, leaving Toledo at 7:45 a. m., will run through, arriving in Wheeling at 5:10 p. m., and train No. 6, leaving Wheeling at 8:45 a. m., will reach Toledo at 6:25 p. m.

In addition to this service there will be three trains each way between Wheeling and Steubenville.

The only change in time of trains out of Toledo is No. 9, which will leave Toledo at 4:50 p. m., Sundays, instead of 5:20 p. m.

MORE TREES THAN EVER BEFORE.

A Massachusetts paper is astonished by the discovery that wood sells for a less price per cord in the town where the paper is published than it did 40 years ago, and that more acres in that vicinity are now covered with trees than there were before the war, but there is scarcely a locality in New England of which the same statement can not truthfully be made.—Manchester (N. H.) Mirror.

Why suffer with dyspepsia when you can be cured by Simmons Liver Regulator?

"Black Goods."
"Black Goods"—the newest.
NEUHAUSEL BROS.

WANTED—Everybody using Fish and Oysters to go to Fulton Market, foot of Monroe street. Satisfaction guaranteed. We want your trade.
MAUMEE OYSTER & FISH CO.

We are "headquarters" for Black Goods
NEUHAUSEL BROS.

Sheridan's Objection.

The late Gen. Meigs was responsible for the architectural monstrosity, as some people designate it, known as the pension bureau. The story goes, as Kate Field tells it, that Gen. Meigs once took Gen. Phil Sheridan to see the building and asked him what he thought of it. "Well, Meigs," replied Sheridan, "there is only one objection so far as I can see." "What's that?" "I'm told the d—d thing is fire-proof."

My friend, look here! You know how weak and nervous your wife is, and you know that Carter's Iron Pills will relieve her, now why not be fair about it and buy her a box?

A TRUTH FROM "TRUTH."

The New York Central is really first-class in all its appointments. Think of it, it has four tracks laid with the heaviest of steel rails in the most substantial manner, and when you are sleeping or lounging around in one of their superb Wagner cars, and flying along at the rate of nearly a mile a minute, as some of their fast expresses do, you will hardly realize that you are moving, so excellent is the permanent way. A short time ago a special train made the run from New York to Buffalo at the rate of a mile a minute the entire distance.

Linen bargains—Table Linens—Towels.
NEUHAUSEL BROS.

LAND EXCURSION TO DELHI, LA.

The C., H. & D. will sell excursion tickets February 17, from all points on the line between Lima and Toledo, inclusive, to Delhi, La., at one fare for the round trip. Tickets will be good going only on February 17, and good returning for 30 days from date of sale.

Entire new lines of "Dress Trimmings."
NEUHAUSEL BROS.

OUR AMBULANCE SERVICE

Is being appreciated in Toledo. The business is not as profitable and pleasant as some lines, but we are satisfied to be doing some good for our fellow-men in time of need. Always 'phone 1035 for McGlynn's ambulance.

There are quite a few Cloaks left over that must go at a price.
NEUHAUSEL BROS.

See our magnificent line of new Embroideries. NEUHAUSEL BROS.

BUSINESS LOCAL.

Ice cream and fine confectionery for parties and socials, at
L. H. MEINERT'S.

P. J. Murphy, 1403 Cherry street, is open now for business. Give him a call.

McGlynn's livery is noted for its fine rigs and horses. When in need of a moving van, phaeton, hack, ambulance or buggy, be sure and order from them.

AMUSEMENTS.

PEOPLE'S ALL THIS WEEK.
Matinees Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.
THE ORIGINAL BOSTON HOWARD ATHENÆUM STAR SPECIALTY COMPANY!
"A way up above the average."—Blade.
"Best of its kind ever in Toledo."—Bee.
"It's a dandy."—News.
Next week, Oliver Byron in The Plunger.

WHEELER OPERA HOUSE.
Wednesday, Feb. 3rd—One Night.
LAST SEASON'S GREAT SUCCESS HERE!
Belasco and DeMille's Most Enjoyable Play,
THE CHARITY BALL!
Daniel Frohman's Greatest Success at the New York Lyceum Theater. Fine Company and production. Prices—25c, 50c, 75c and $1. Seats at Holmes'. Feb. 11, "Margaret Mather."

BATTLE OF GETTYSBURG
CYCLORAMA!
New and Wonderful Attractions just added A Sham Battle with cannon and musketry firing, operated by electrical and mechanical devices. THE GREAT STORM SCENE! Thunder, lightning and rain. The grandest and most realistic storm effects ever produced. Building now warm and comfortable. An experienced lecturer always in attendance. ADMISSION, 25c Open day and evening.

Dr. S. S. Lungren. Dr. Owen C. Rees
Drs. Lungren & Rees,
Homeopathic Physicians and Surgeons.
324 Erie Street, Near Madison.
Office Hours: 8:30 to 10 A. M. & to 6 P. M.

"AS BUSY AS WE CAN BE."

This is usually the dull period of the year, but we are just as busy as we can be. There must be a cause for it, and the people have found it out. It is because we are

SELLING EVERYTHING ONE-THIRD OFF!

Say, for instance, that you want a pair of Pants. Well you can buy during this sale, a $7 Pant for $4.67, a $6 Pant for $4. You can select a $5 Pant for $3.35, or a $3 Pant for $2. We offer you the same reduction on our entire stock of Men's and Boys' Suits and Overcoats. Everything, even including

Hats, Caps and Underwear One-Third Off!

"A NIMBLE QUARTER'S BETTER THAN A SLOW DOLLAR."

We do not believe in carrying goods over from one season to another. We sell out the old and every season fill in with a new stock.

The Business Men on Summit Street, and the army of Clerks and Salesmen employed on the Street, have nearly all bought a Suit or Overcoat from us during this sale.

DURING THIS SALE our TERMS are STRICTLY CASH

WE WILL NOT CHARGE ANYTHING AT THESE PRICES.

NOTE THE REDUCTION ONE-THIRD MAKES

$5.00	SUIT OR OVERCOAT....$3.35	12.00	SUIT OR OVERCOAT....$8.00	22.00	SUIT OR OVERCOAT...$14.67
6.00	SUIT OR OVERCOAT.... 4.00	14.00	SUIT OR OVERCOAT.... 9.35	24.00	SUIT OR OVERCOAT... 16.00
7.00	SUIT OR OVERCOAT.... 4.67	15.00	SUIT OR OVERCOAT....10.00	25.00	SUIT OR OVERCOAT... 16.66
8.00	SUIT OR OVERCOAT.... 5.35	16.00	SUIT OR OVERCOAT....10.67	28.00	SUIT OR OVERCOAT... 18.67
9.00	SUIT OR OVERCOAT.... 6.00	18.00	SUIT OR OVERCOAT....12.00	30.00	SUIT OR OVERCOAT... 20.00
10.00	SUIT OR OVERCOAT.... 6.67	20.00	SUIT OR OVERCOAT....13.35	35.00	SUIT OR OVERCOAT... 23.35

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